

Supermassive Black Holes & Mechanical Feedback

Brian McNamara

University of Waterloo

Perimeter Institute for Theoretical Physics

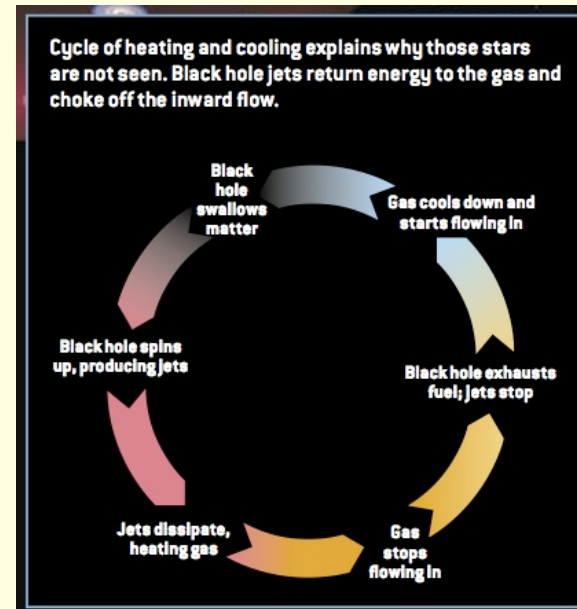
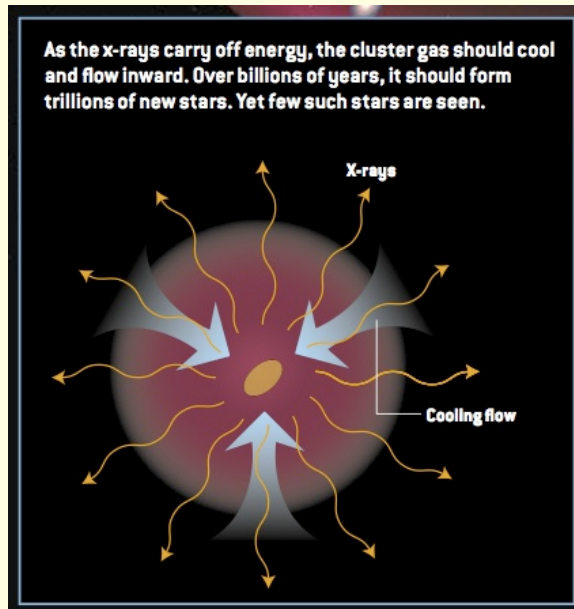
Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics



Durham, July 20, 2011

- **Senior Collaborators:** P. Nulsen (CfA), M. Wise (ASTRON), A. Edge (Durham)
- **Junior Collaborators:** C.J. Ma (UW/CfA), H. Russell (UW), M. Rohanizadegan (UW),
- C. Kirkpatrick (UW), K. Cavagnolo (UW, Nice), R. Samuele (NGST), R. Schaffer (UW),
- M. Gitti (CfA/INAF)

Mechanical Feedback in Radio AGN



Tucker, Tananbaum, Fabian 07, *Scientific American*

Physical basis for “radio mode” (mechanical) feedback **hot X-ray atmospheres**

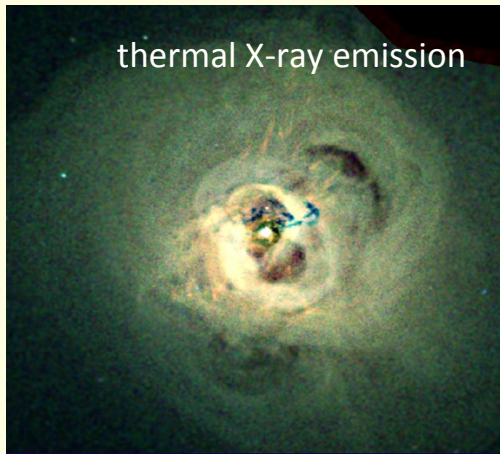
Evidence for self-regulating feedback: **cooling, star formation, AGN**

Consequences: quenching of cooling flows (Birzan), large scale structure (Schaye)
recovery of galaxy properties in Λ CDM (Benson + , Croton +, Bower+, Springel+)

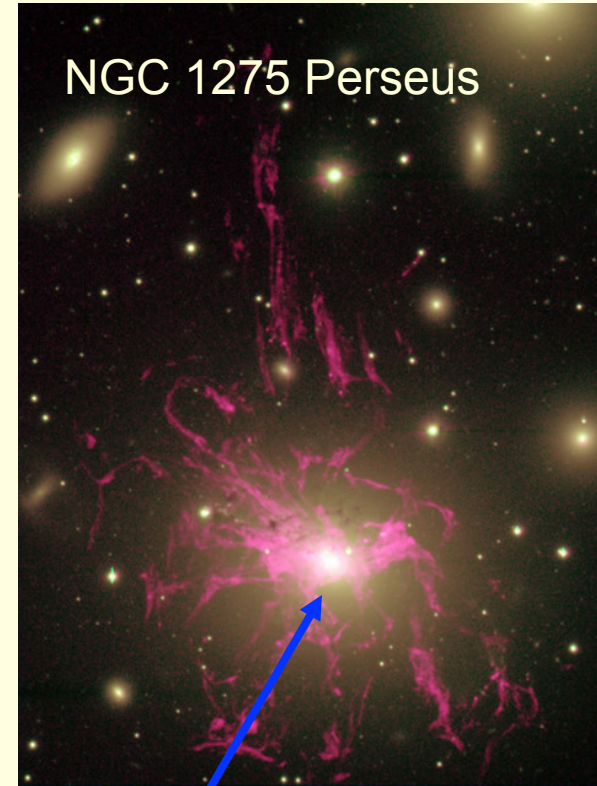
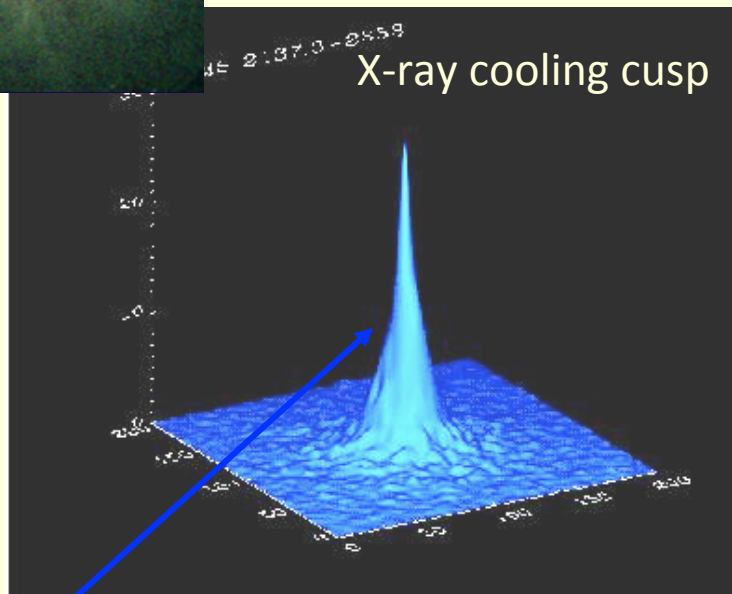
New development: metal-enriched, **large-scale outflows** in clusters

Issues: what powers radio AGN? How does feedback work?

Cooling flows (cores) in most clusters and all gEs



$T \approx 10^8$ K



X-ray luminosity 10^{44-45} erg s⁻¹ exceeds radio synchrotron power 10^{40-42} erg s⁻¹

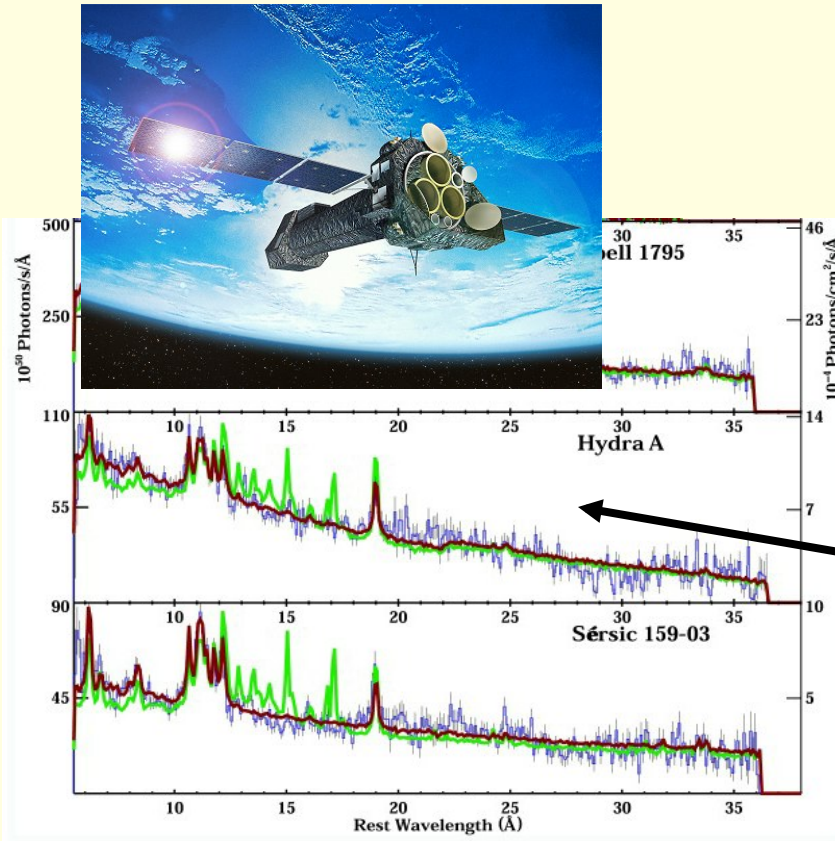
implies cooling flow: $n_e \sim 10^{-1}$ cm⁻³ $\dot{M} = 10-1000 M_{\odot}$ yr⁻¹

Cooling flow problem: star formation $\sim 1\%$ \dot{M}

Key X-ray observations of cooling flows

reduced cooling

XMM-Newton 1999 -



Peterson, Kaastra, Paerels + 03

Sanders + 08, Peterson & Fabian 06

AGN interactions

Chandra 1999 -



Mc+00, Fabian +00

Implication: Heating, feedback by SMBHs

Mechanical Feedback in Cooling X-ray Halos

“radio mode” feedback

Even weak radio sources are mechanically powerful

Radiative cooling - AGN heating of hot gas
thermostatically controlled accretion

==> *feedback loop*

Key evidence:

-AGN mechanical power matched to cooling rates

Birzan+04, Rafferty+06, Dunn Fabian 06

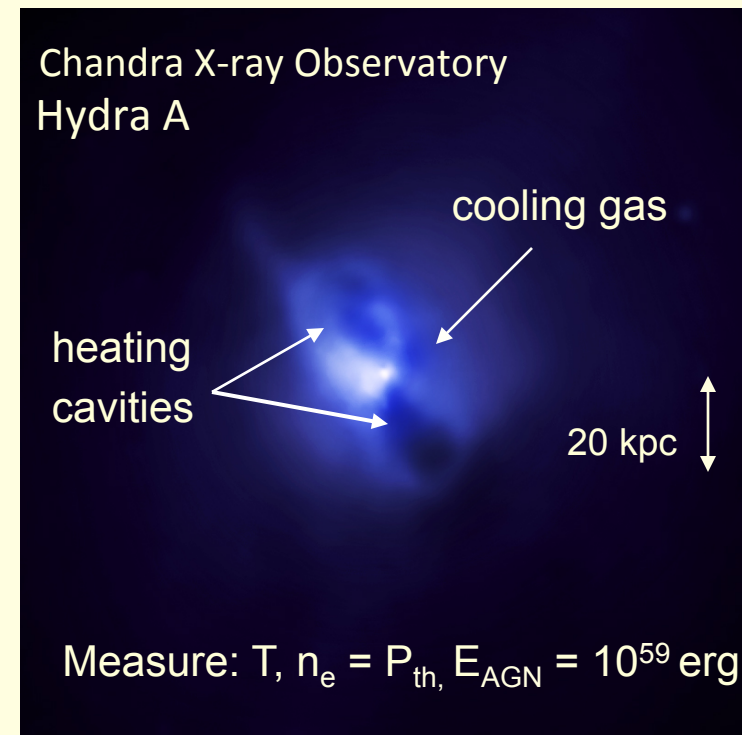
-Short ($<10^9$ yr) cooling times in *all* systems

Voigt & Fabian 04

consequences

- heat hot halos; regulates growth of galaxies & SMBHs

See McNamara & Nulsen 07 ARAA



McN+00

X-ray

Abell 2052

Chandra 500 ksec unsmoothed

Blanton + 11

$E \sim 10^{59}$ erg

2nd shock

1st shock

N filament

NW loop

N bubble

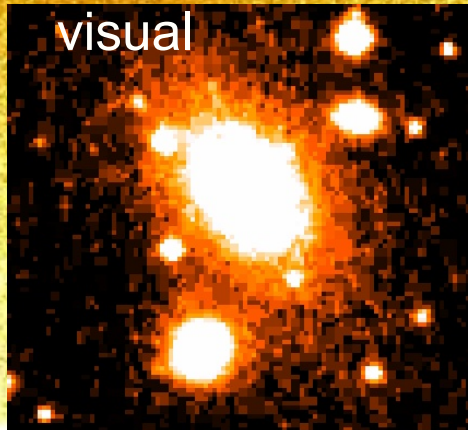
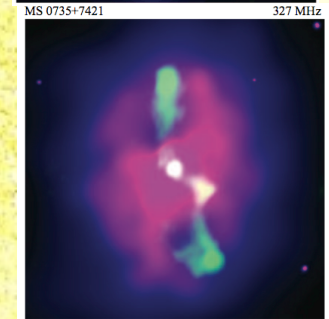
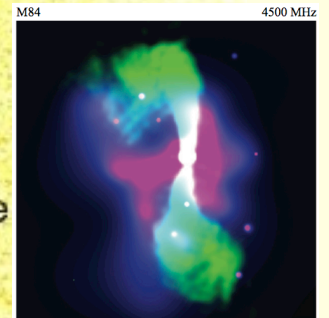
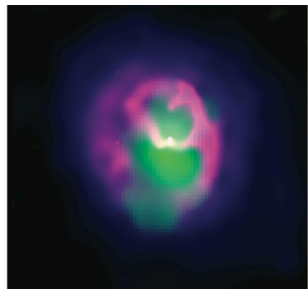
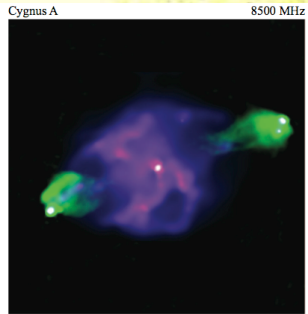
NW bubble

S bubble

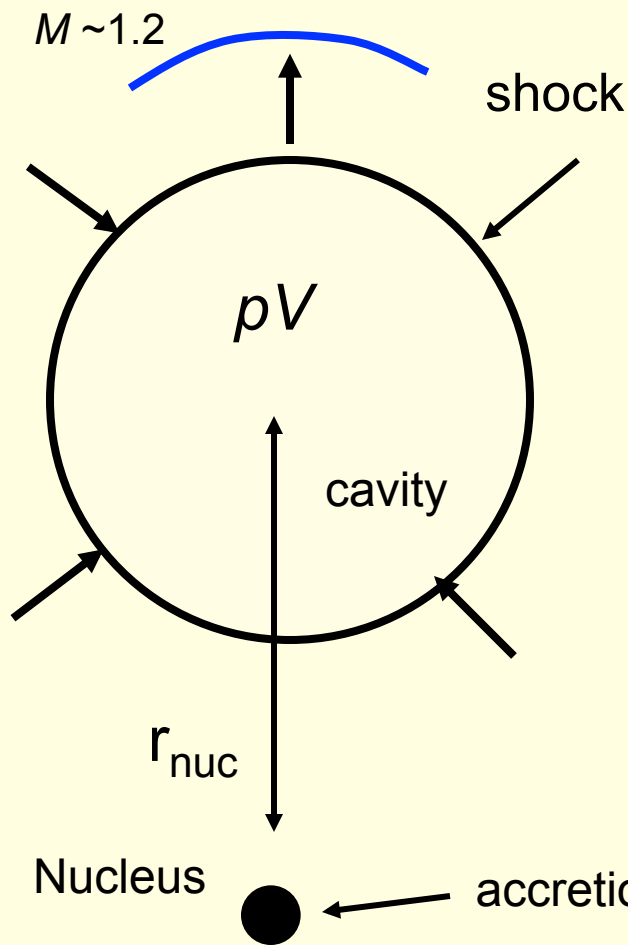
SE outer bubble

visual

30 kpc



Measuring Jet Power using X-ray Cavities



- energy & age measured directly
- measure mechanical (not synchrotron) power

1) Cavity enthalpy (pV work + internal energy)

$$E_{cav} = \frac{\gamma pV}{\gamma - 1} = 2.5 pV - 4 pV \quad t_{cav} = r_{nuc} / v_{buoy}$$

2) Shock energy

$$E_{shock} \approx \Delta pV \quad t_{shock} \approx r_{shock} / c_s$$

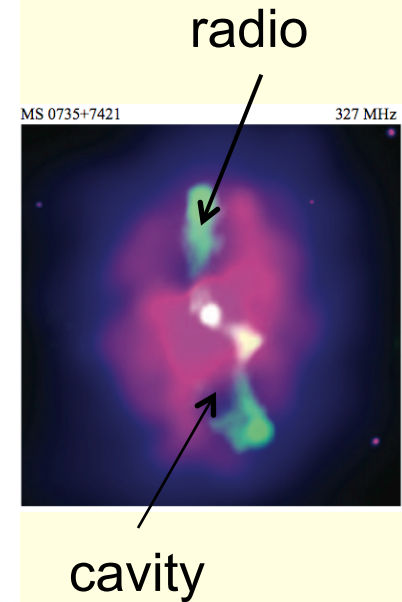
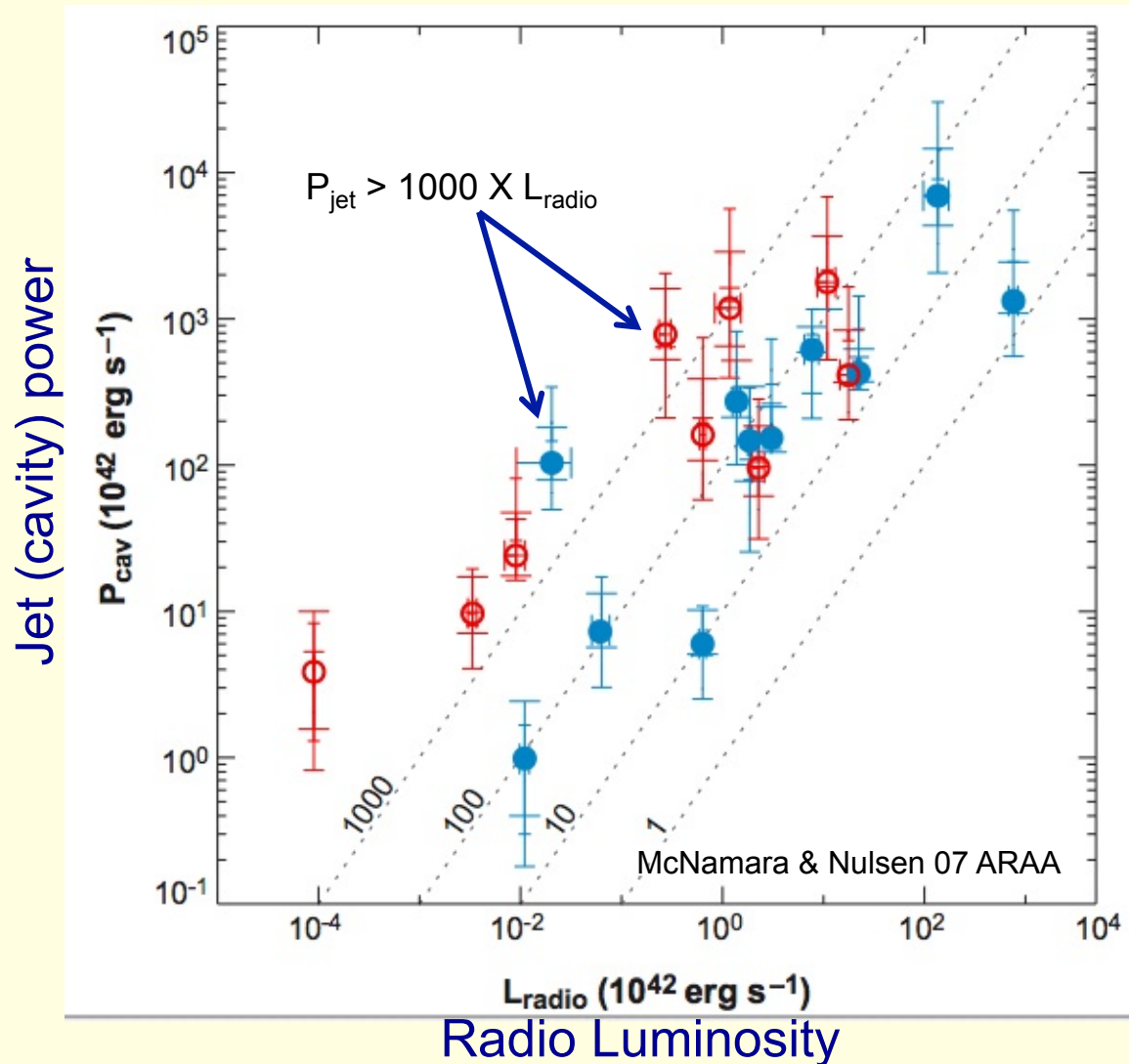
$$E_{tot} = E_{cav} + E_{shock} + (E_{photon}) = 10^{55} - 10^{62} \text{ erg}$$

McNamara + 00,01; Birzan + 04

Theory: Ruszkowski, Heinz, Bruggen, Begelman, Voit, Churazov, T. Jones, etc.

slow gas motions < c_s , gentle heating

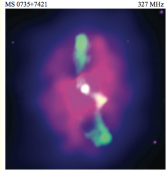
Jet (cavity) power vs radio power



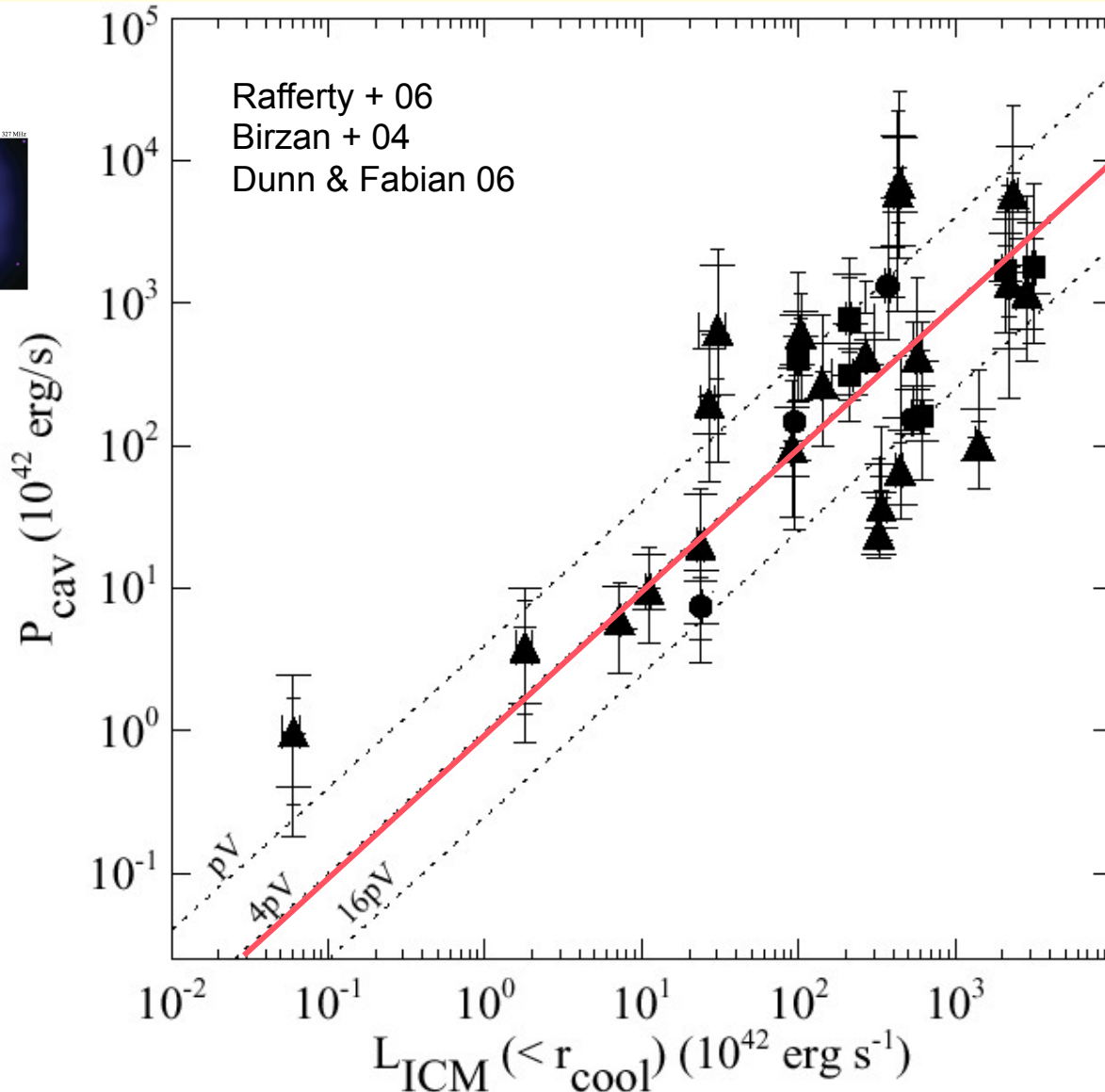
Birzan + 04

Key breakthrough: even weak radio sources mechanically powerful enough power to regulate or quench cooling, X-ray atmospheres

AGN heating balances cooling in gE's & Clusters



jet power

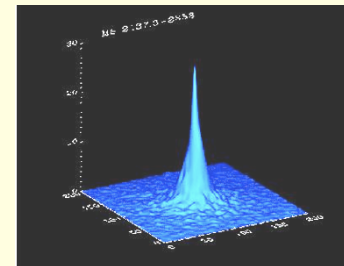


$\langle \text{heating} \rangle \approx \text{cooling}$

trend shows:
cooling, jet power
are correlated

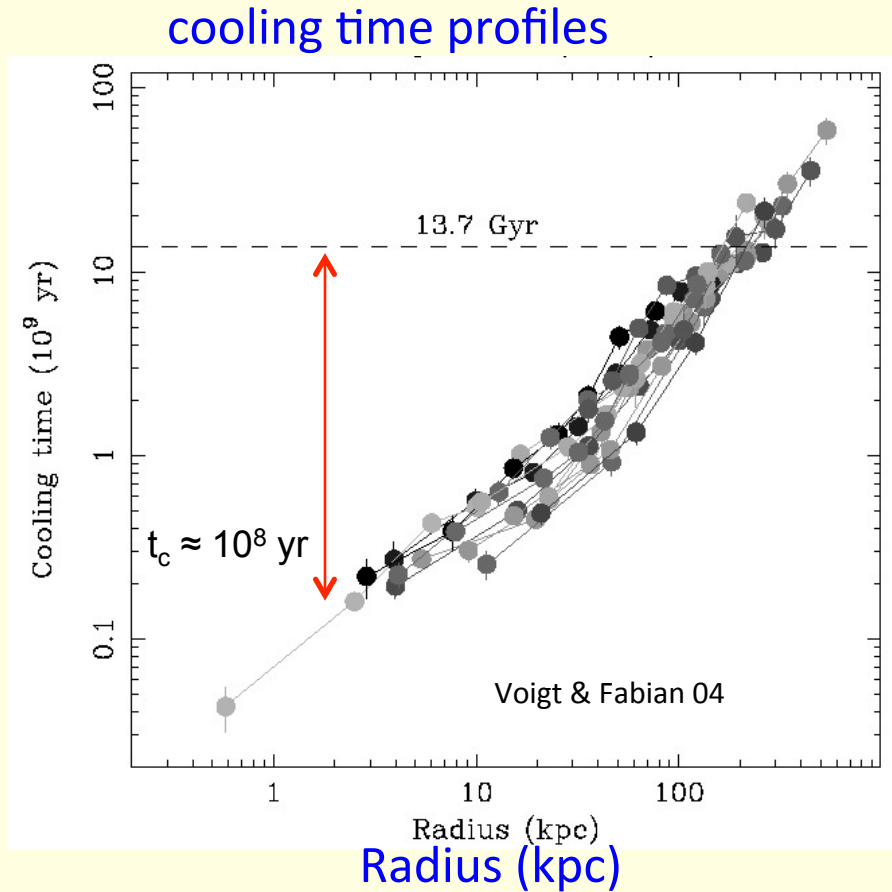
cooling, heating know
about each other!

X-ray cooling luminosity

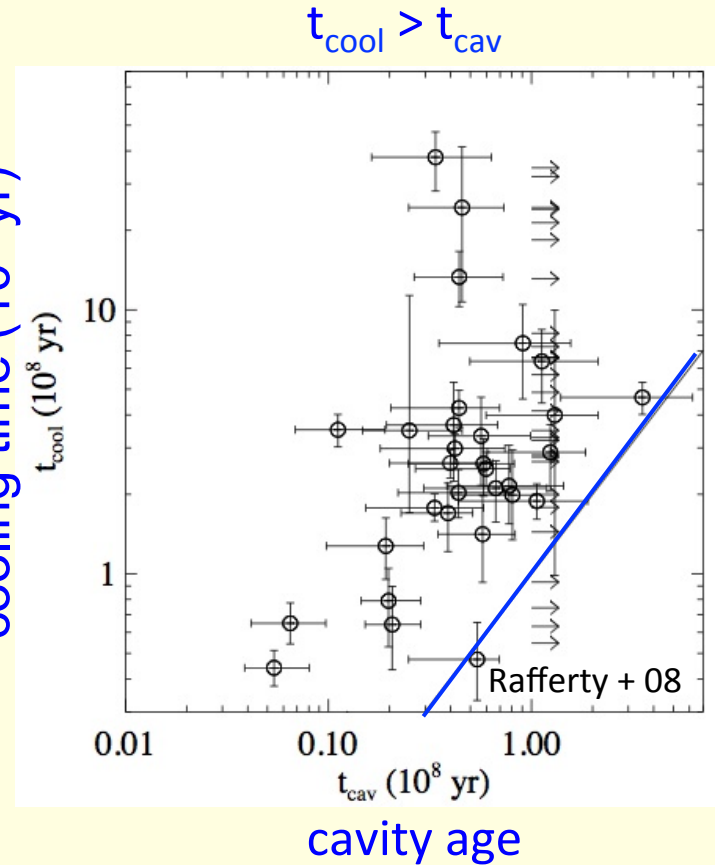


Conditions for AGN Feedback Loop

cooling time (10^9 yr)



cooling time (10^8 yr)

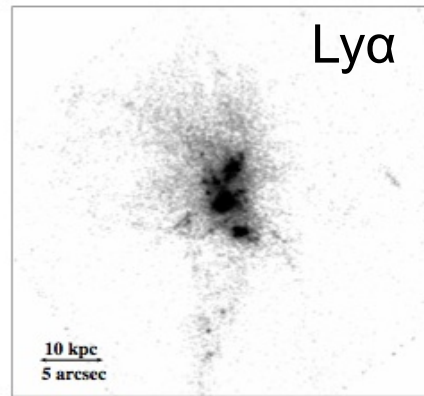
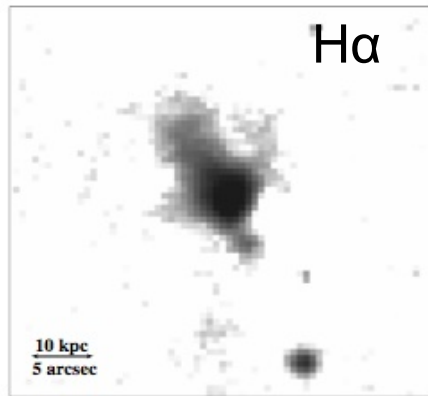
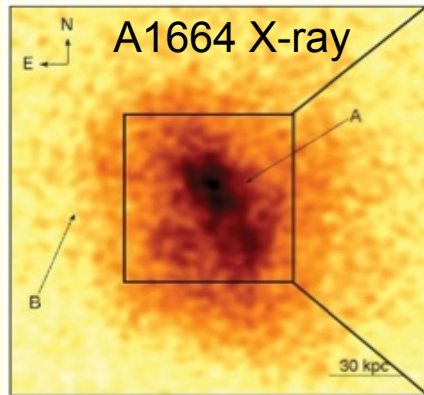


Despite large AGN heating rates, central cooling times are short $<$ Gyr
 AGN outbursts & cooling on comparable timescales

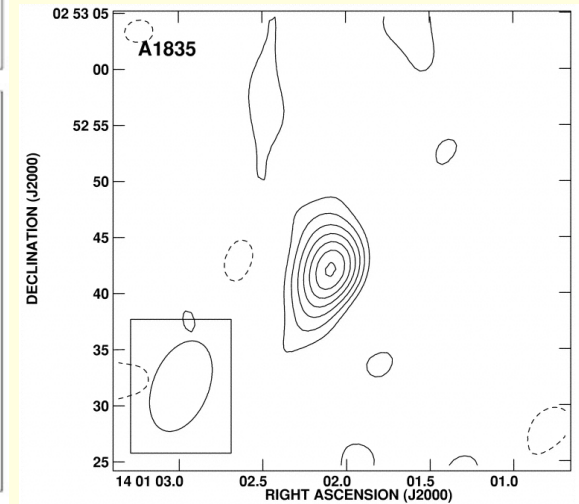
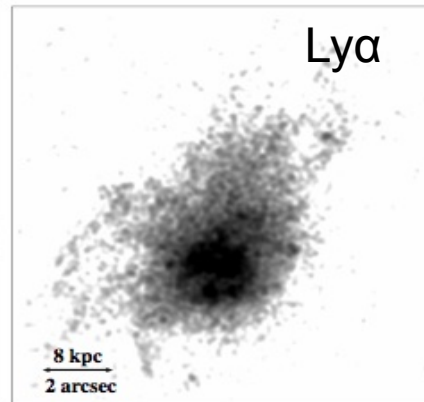
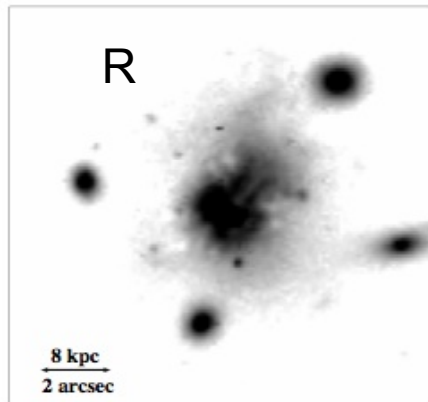
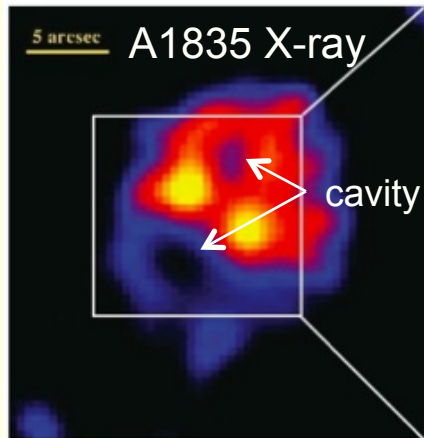
Conditions for feedback

H

UV emission from star formation in molecular-gas-rich BCGs



$\sim 10^{10} - 10^{11} M_{\odot}$ of gas
Edge & Frayer 02



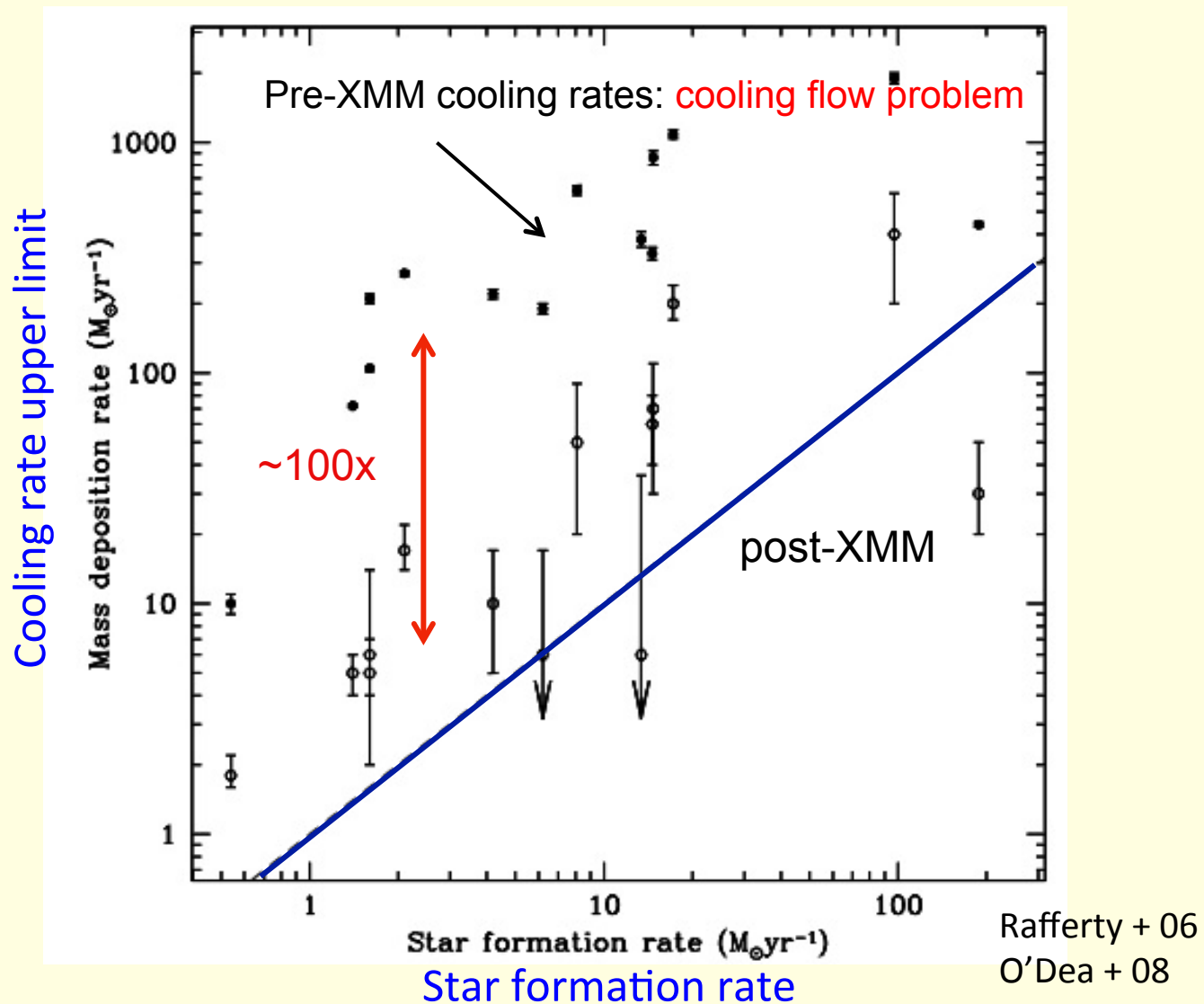
O' Dea + 10

A1664 SFR $\sim 20 M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$ A1835 SFR $> 100 M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$ $P_{\text{cav}} \sim 10^{45} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$

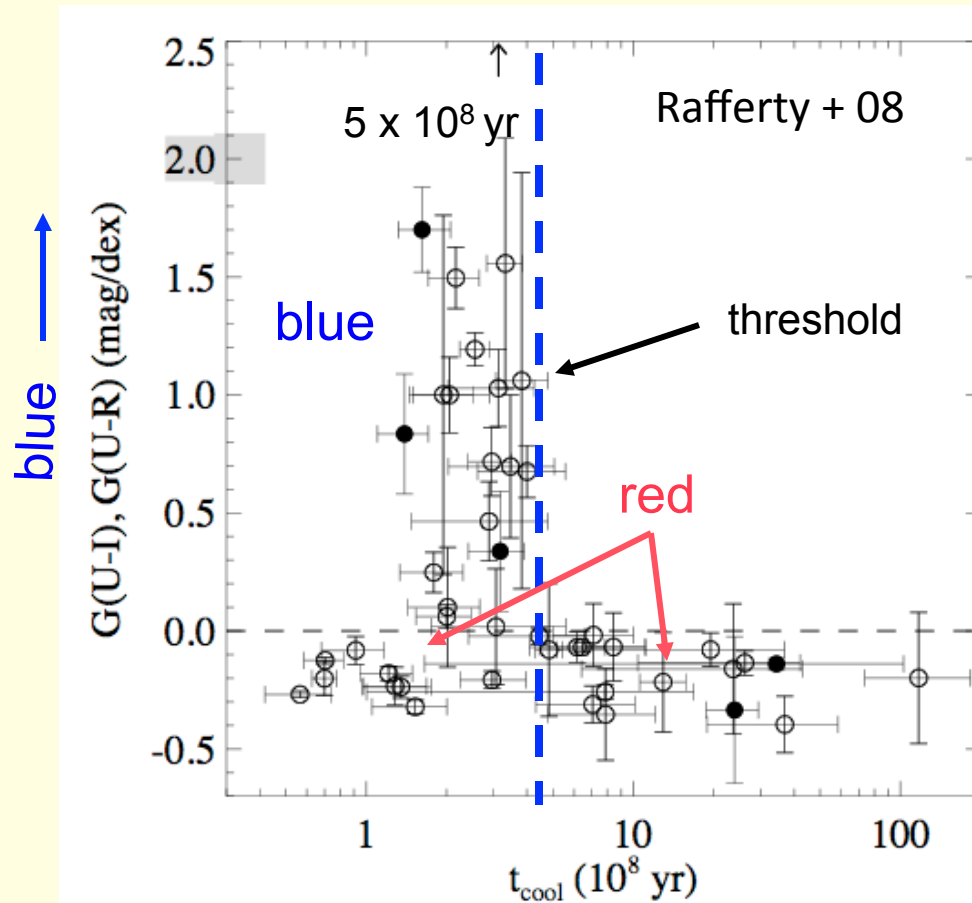
- Fuel *directly linked* to cooling hot halo (not mergers)

Rafferty+08, Cavagnolo+08, Kirkpatrick + 08

Star formation rates comparable to X-ray cooling Rates



star formation cooling time threshold: $t_{\text{cool}} \sim 500 \text{ Myr}$



Not a property of mass!

X-ray cooling time

Cavagnolo + 08 H α threshold
Voit + 09

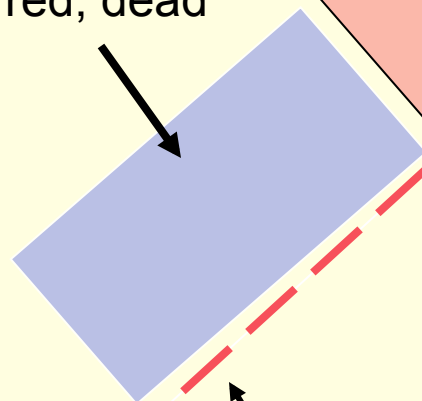
Cool gas & Star formation linked to cooling, X-ray atmospheres

“Leaky” Mechanical Feedback

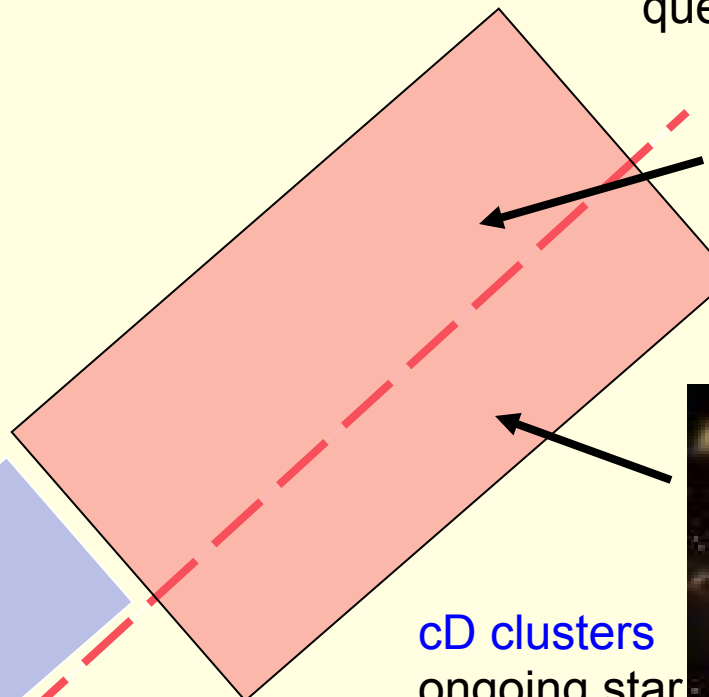
Jet Power



gE & groups
quenched
“red, dead”



quenching $\sim 4pV$



cD clusters
quenched



cD clusters
ongoing star
formation



- $t_{\text{cool}} < 5 \times 10^8 \text{ yr}$
- $\text{sfr} \sim \text{cooling rate}$
- $L_{\text{AGN}} \sim L_{\text{cool}}$

X-ray cooling luminosity

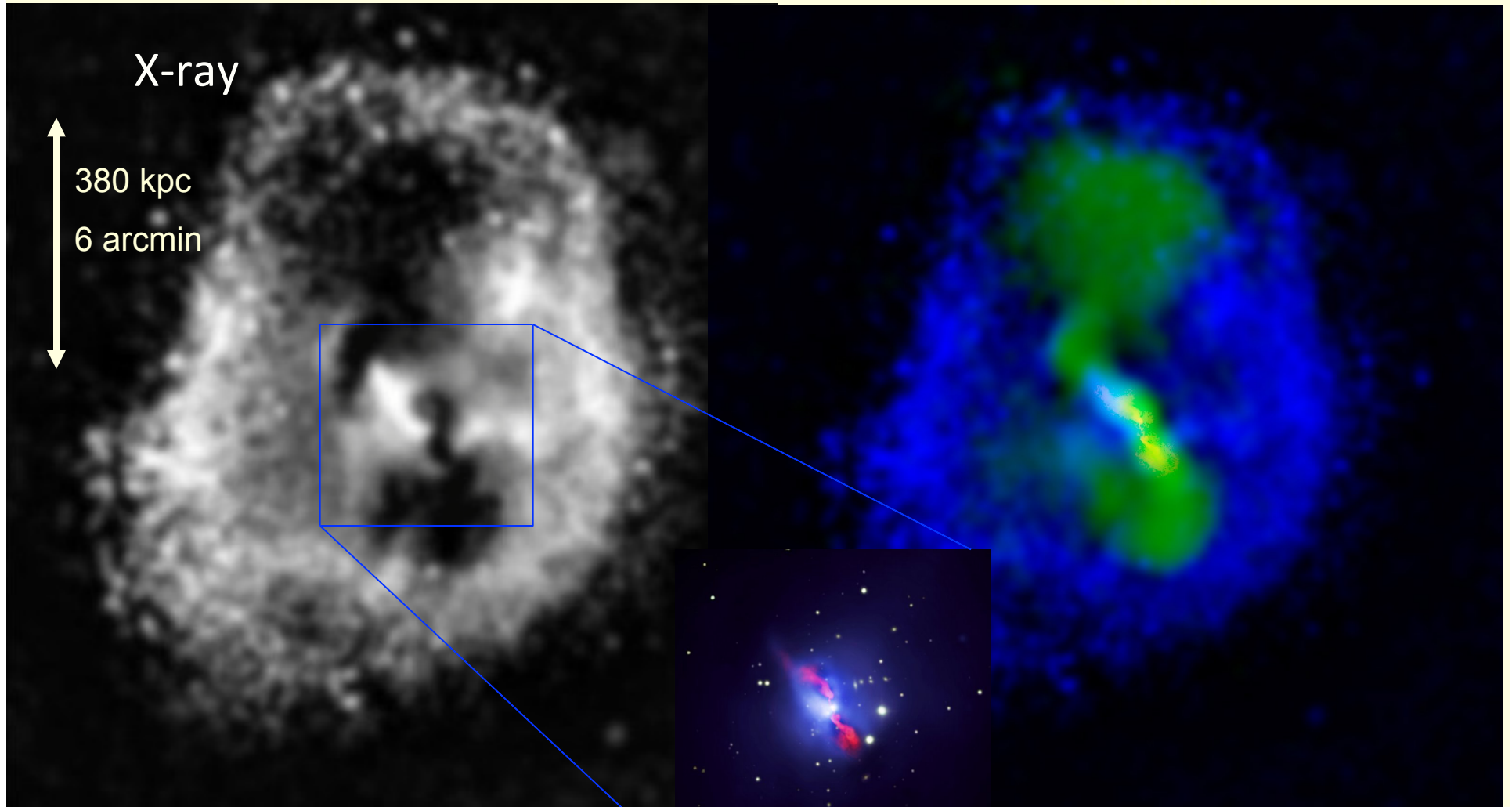
AGN Feedback on Cluster Scales

re. J. Shaye's review

New stuff...

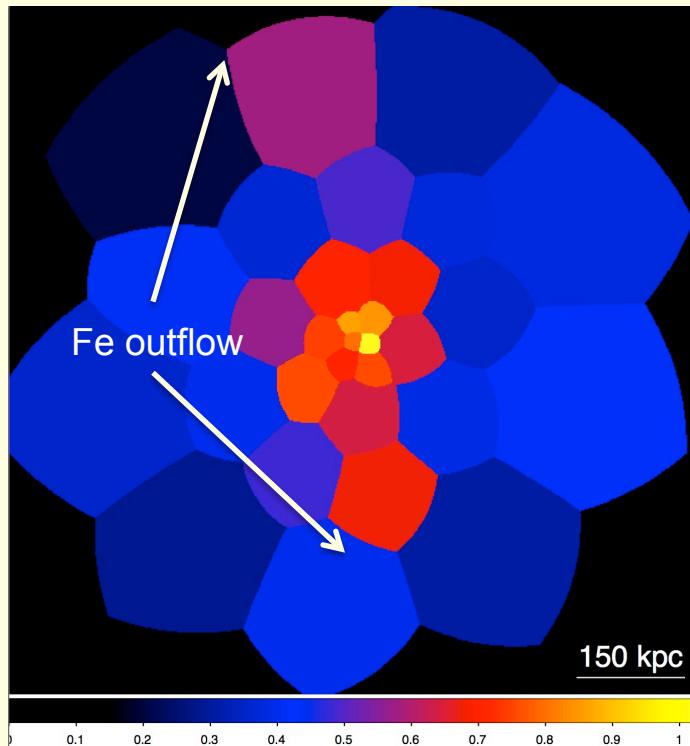
Hydra A Cluster $z=0.05$

$E_{\text{jet}} > 10^{61}$ erg AGN outburst: swiss cheese morphology to hot atmosphere

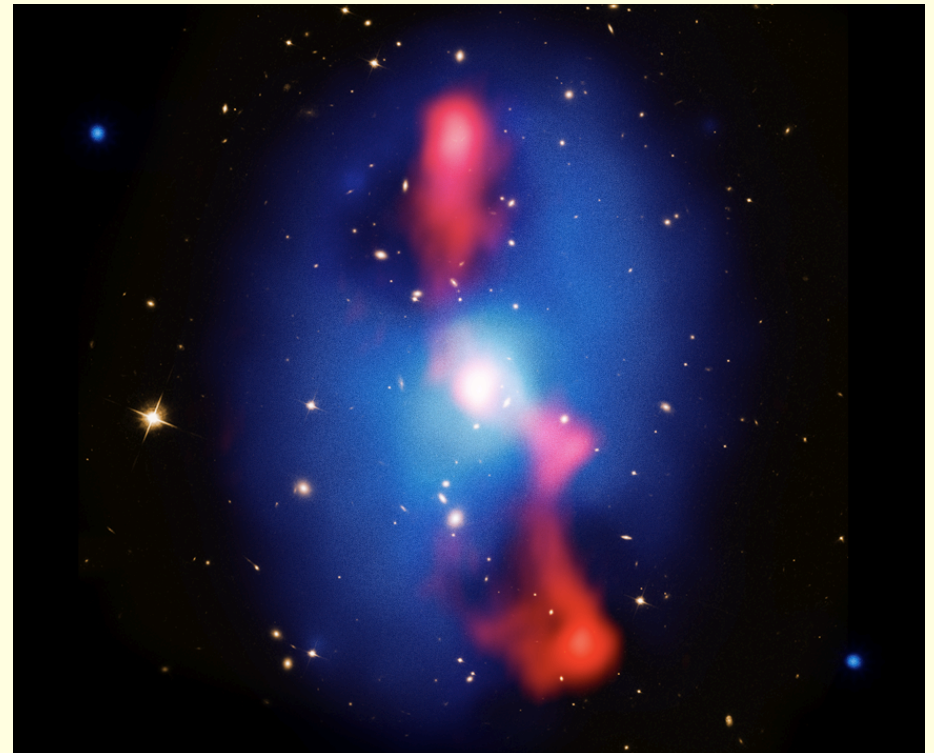


Wise + 07
Nulsen + 05
McN + 00

MS0735 Cool, metal-enriched outflow



$$R_{\text{Fe}} \sim 300 \text{ kpc}$$



McN+11

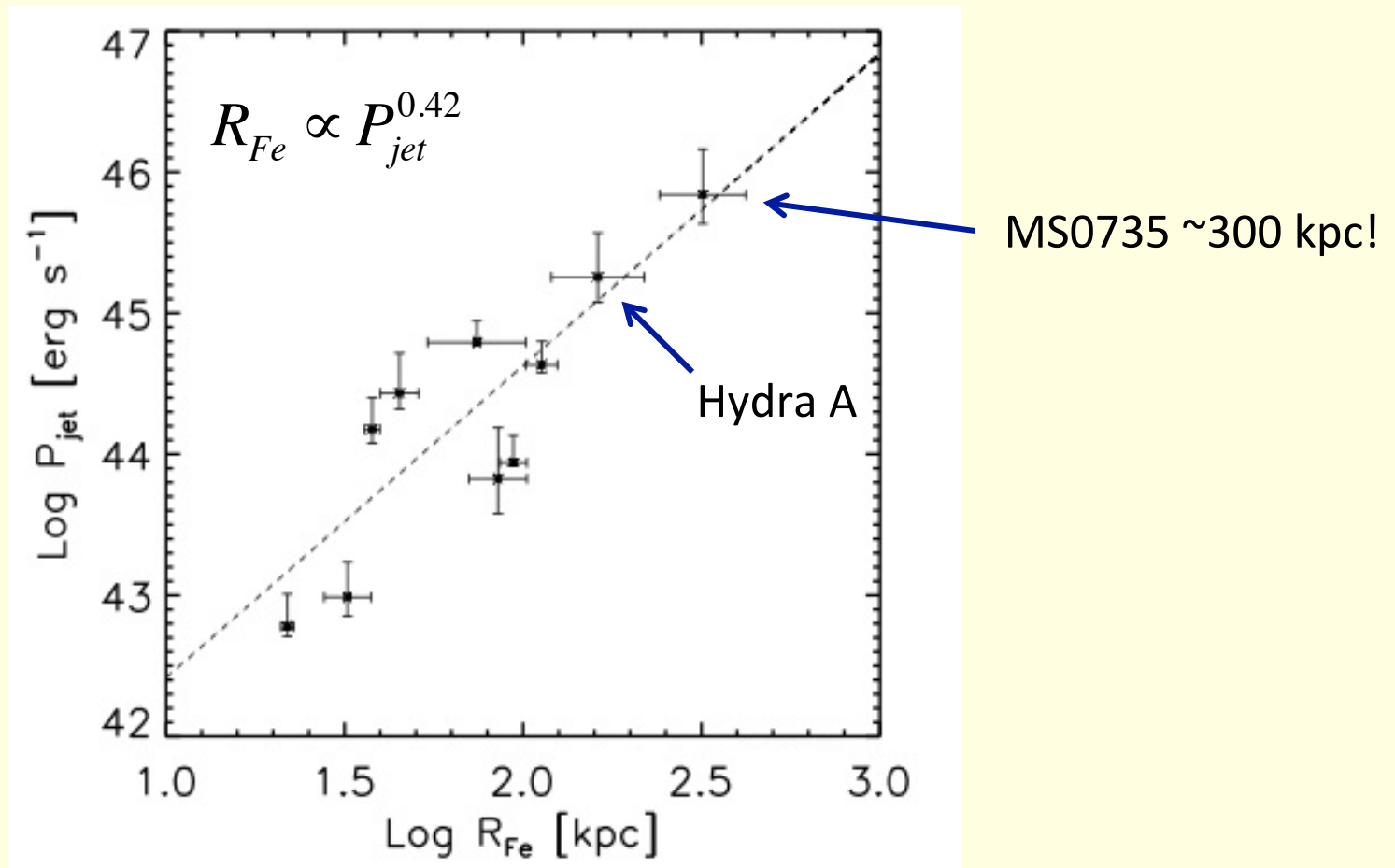
500 ks Chandra image

VLA, HST

$$P_{\text{jet}} \sim 3 \times 10^{46} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$$

$$E_{\text{jet}} \sim 10^{62} \text{ erg}$$

iron outflow limiting radius correlates with Jet power



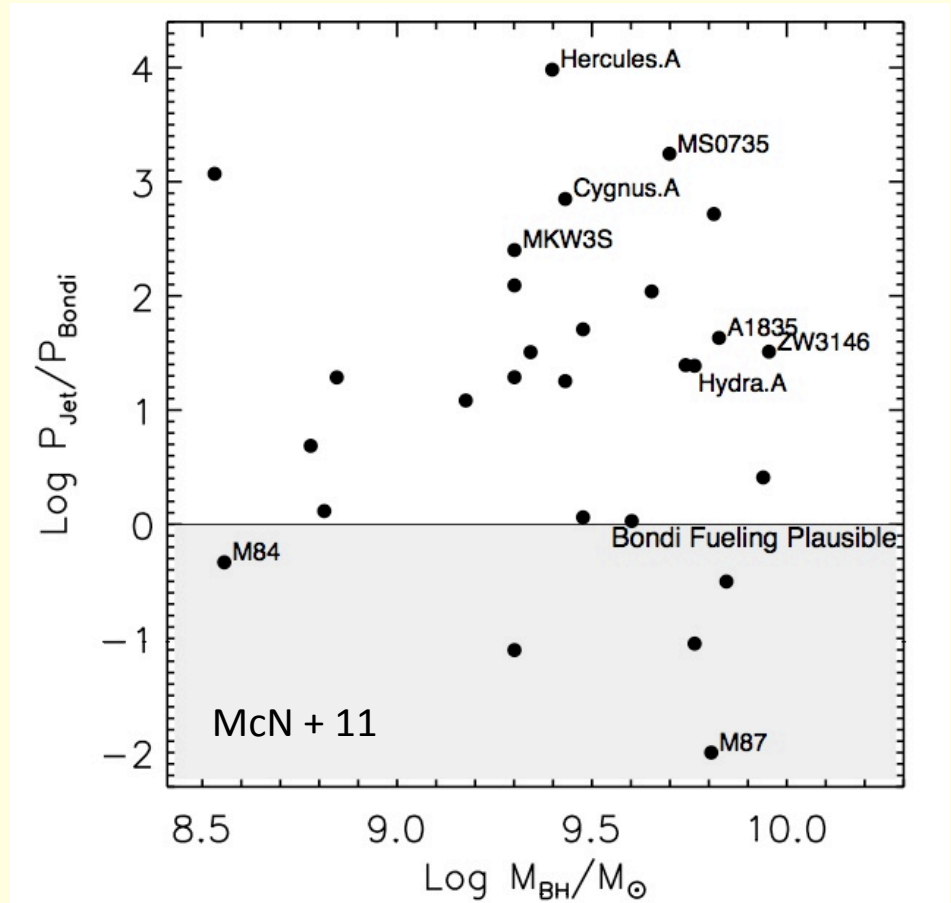
Kirkpatrick + 11

Orientation of outflow correlates with radio and cavity orientation: [jet driven outflows](#)

Problem: How are AGN outbursts powered?

Powering Mechanisms

- Hot gas Bondi Accretion –
ok for low power systems
(Churazov + 02, Allen 06, Narayan & Fabian 11);
won't work in high power systems
(McN+11, Rafferty +06)
- Cold Gas Accretion
likely, short supply in some systems
- Black Hole Spin- potentially important
(McN+11)
ALMA will lead to great progress



Other issues:

Must understand heating, microphysics: conduction, transport processes

AGN Heating of hot atmospheres *significant* in distant clusters (Ma + 11)

$$\frac{\dot{M}_{\text{Bondi}}}{M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}} = 0.012 \times \left(\frac{n_e}{\text{cm}^{-3}} \right) \left(\frac{kT}{\text{keV}} \right)^{-3/2} \left(\frac{M_{\text{BH}}}{10^9 M_{\odot}} \right)^2$$

Summary

Relatively weak radio AGN can be mechanically powerful

Powerful enough to suppress cooling hot halos

Strong evidence for a self-regulating feedback loop

Star formation, jets linked to central X-ray cooling time

Suppress star formation, disperse metals throughout LSS

Questions:

Why do powerful AGN live in gas-poor hosts?

What powers AGN: cold accretion, hot accretion, spin?

How does AGN feedback work and heat the gas?