New insights on nuclei of nearby galaxies from high angular resolution mid-IR observations



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Unified AGN schematic picture

Dusty torus clouds heated by intrinsic AGN emission => infrared ∞ Intrinsic emission (e.g. X-rays)



Mid-IR difference between obscured/unobscured AGN





$$L_{\rm IR} \propto L_{\rm X}$$

/SO studies found **no difference** between AGN types,

Cause: - Intrinsic? - Selection effect due to low resolution?







VLT Imager & Spectrograph for the mid IR (VISIR)

- 8-13 µm (N band)
- VLT is diffraction-limited in N band



VISIR under the Cassegrain Focus of the 8.2-m VLT Melipal Telescope









Target selection : Sources with published intrinsic L_X , N_H .IR : VLT in ChileX-rays : variety of missions





VISIR under the Cassegrain Focus of the 8.2-m VLT Melipal Telescope ESO PR Photo 16a/04 (12 May 2004) © European Southern Observatory

VLT Imager & Spectrograph for the mid IR (VISIR) 8-13 µm (N band)







Swift





XMM-Newton





VISIR/VLT: Gandhi+09, Horst+2008



Results:

• $L_{\rm IR} \propto L_{\rm X}$

(as expected in Unification)





Mid-IR difference between obscured/unobscured AGN



VISIR/VLT: Gandhi+09



Results:

- Small dispersion in L_X/L_{IR} relation
- Type 1 and Type 2 follow same relation



Estimating intrinsic powers of Compton-thick AGN



1. [OIII] forbidden emission line as an isotropic indicator

2. Fe K α line equivalent width depends on intrinsic continuum and column density



3. Broad-band SED modelling if not severely Compton-thick



VISIR/VLT: Gandhi+09



Results:

- Small dispersion in L_X/L_{IR} relation
- Type 1 and Type 2 follow same relation







⁽Gandhi+09)





Theoretically, constrain dusty tori properties (see Hoenig+09, +10...).

Observationally very useful.

1. Mid-IR (especially resolved) : excellent isotropic probe of the intrinsic AGN power



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- 2. Cleanly measure intrinsic AGN powers for first time.





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- 1. Mid-IR (especially resolved) : excellent isotropic probe of the intrinsic AGN power
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 => decontaminate small aperture infrared data

Correcting small aperture data



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Complete sample of Swift/BAT AGN $\lambda = L_{bol} / L_{Eddington}$



Low Eddington fractions => local AGN accreting inefficiently (Vasudevan+10)

Observationally very useful.

- 1. Mid-IR (especially resolved) : excellent isotropic probe of the intrinsic AGN power
- 2. Cleanly measure intrinsic AGN powers for first time => dust covering factors decrease with *L*.
- 3. New easy way to measure Compton-thick AGN powers.



Mid-IR spectroscopy: 0".75 slits





0.0

8

9

10

restframe wavelength (micron)

11

13

È 0.3 0. 0.0 13 8 9 10 11 12 restframe wavelength (micron) NGC4507 0.8 3 density 0.6 0.4 0.2 0.0 8 9 10 12 13 11 restframe wavelength (micron) NGC5643 3 0.1 0.3 0.

12

13

(Hoenig+10)

1. Resolve out extended emission

2. PAHs drastically reduced on small scales

(Sy 2s)



Residual Spitzer – VLT spectra = star formation





Summary

1. Mid-IR (especially resolved) : isotropic probe of the intrinsic AGN power of Seyferts and quasars.

2. Good estimator of Compton-thick AGN powers.

3. Tight correlation may be explained by clumpy tori.

4. Cleanly measure intrinsic AGN powers for first time => $\frac{\bar{a}}{2}$ dust covering factors decrease with *L*.



5. High resolution observations are resolving out nuclear star formation.

