

PHYS2581 Foundations2A: QM 9 solution

- (a) $J^2 = (\underline{L} + \underline{S}) \cdot (\underline{L} + \underline{S}) = L^2 + S^2 + 2\underline{L} \cdot \underline{S}$ (S and L commute so order does not matter)

$$\text{hence } \underline{L} \cdot \underline{S} = \frac{1}{2}(J^2 - L^2 - S^2) \quad [\text{S: 1 mark}]$$

- (b) $L_+ S_- = (L_x + iL_y)(S_x - iS_y) = L_x S_x - iL_x S_y + iL_y S_x + L_y S_y$
 $L_- S_+ = (L_x - iL_y)(S_x + iS_y) = L_x S_x + iL_x S_y - iL_y S_x + L_y S_y$ [U: 1 mark]

$$\frac{1}{2}(L_+ S_- + L_- S_+) + L_z S_z = \frac{1}{2}(2L_x S_x + 2L_y S_y) + L_z S_z = L_x S_x + L_y S_y + L_z S_z$$

as required [U: 1 mark]

- (c) $\underline{L} \cdot \underline{S} \psi_{2,1,-1,1/2}^0 = [\frac{1}{2}(L_+ S_- + L_- S_+) + L_z S_z] R_{21} Y_{1,-1} X_+$
 $= R_{21} [\frac{1}{2}(L_+ S_- + L_- S_+) + L_z S_z] Y_{1,-1} X_+$ as none of these operators affect n, l (they commute) [U: 1 mark]

take each operator in turn - all S commute with all L so order doesn't matter. all S operators only affect X while L operators only affect Y

$$L_z S_z Y_{1,-1} X_+ = (L_z Y_{1,-1})(S_z X_+) = (L_z Y_{1,-1}) \frac{\hbar}{2} X_+ = \frac{\hbar}{2} \cdot (-\hbar) Y_{1,-1} X_+$$

$$= -\frac{\hbar^2}{2} Y_{1,-1} X_+ \quad [\text{U: 1 mark}]$$

$L_- S_+ Y_{1,-1} X_+ = (L_- Y_{1,-1})(S_+ X_+) = 0$ as can't raise m_s above $1/2$ (and can't lower m below -1 for $l=1$)

$$L_+ S_- Y_{1,-1} X_+ = (L_+ Y_{1,-1})(S_- X_+) = (L_+ Y_{1,-1}) \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} X_-$$

$$A_{1,-1} = \hbar \sqrt{2 - 1(-1 + 1)} = \hbar \sqrt{2} \quad [\text{U: 1 mark}]$$

so $\frac{1}{2}(L_+ S_- + L_- S_+) Y_{1,-1} X_+$ is

$$\frac{1}{2}(L_+ Y_{1,-1}) \left(\frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} X_- \right) = \frac{1}{2} \hbar \sqrt{2} \frac{\hbar}{\sqrt{2}} Y_{1,0} X_- = \frac{\hbar^2}{2} Y_{1,0} X_-$$

$$\text{total} = R_{21} \frac{\hbar^2}{2} (Y_{1,0} X_- - Y_{1,-1} X_+) = \frac{\hbar^2}{2} (\psi_{2,1,0,-1/2}^0 - \psi_{2,1,-1,1/2}^0)$$

the operator does not return the same function that we gave it, hence the unperturbed energy eigenfunctions are not eigenfunctions of $\underline{L} \cdot \underline{S}$ [U: 1 marks]

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{(d)} \quad [L_x S_x + L_y S_y + L_z S_z, L_z] &= [L_x S_x, L_z] + [L_y S_y, L_z] + [L_z S_z, L_z] \\
&= S_x [L_x, L_z] + S_y [L_y, L_z] + S_z [L_z, L_z] \text{ as } S, L \text{ commute} \quad [\text{U: 1 mark}] \\
&= S_x (-i\hbar L_y) + S_y i\hbar L_x = i\hbar (S_y L_x - S_x L_y) \neq 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
[L_x S_x + L_y S_y + L_z S_z, S_z] &= [L_x S_x, S_z] + [L_y S_y, S_z] + [L_z S_z, S_z] \\
&= L_x [S_x, S_z] + L_y [S_y, S_z] + L_z [S_z, S_z] = L_x (-i\hbar S_y) + L_y i\hbar S_x = i\hbar (L_y S_x - L_x S_y) \neq 0 \quad [\text{U: 1 mark}]
\end{aligned}$$

$$[L_x S_x + L_y S_y + L_z S_z, J_z] = [L_x S_x + L_y S_y + L_z S_z, L_z] + [L_x S_x + L_y S_y + L_z S_z, S_z] \text{ so } i\hbar (S_y L_x - S_x L_y + L_y S_x - L_x S_y) = 0$$

So J_z commutes with the perturbation whereas L_z and S_z do not. so we should use n, l, j, m_j rather than n, l, m, m_s [S: 1 mark]