



Improving AGN feedback for the next generation of cosmological simulations

David Barnes

Mark Vogelsberger, Rahul Kannan,
& IllustrisTNG team



MIT KAVLI
INSTITUTE

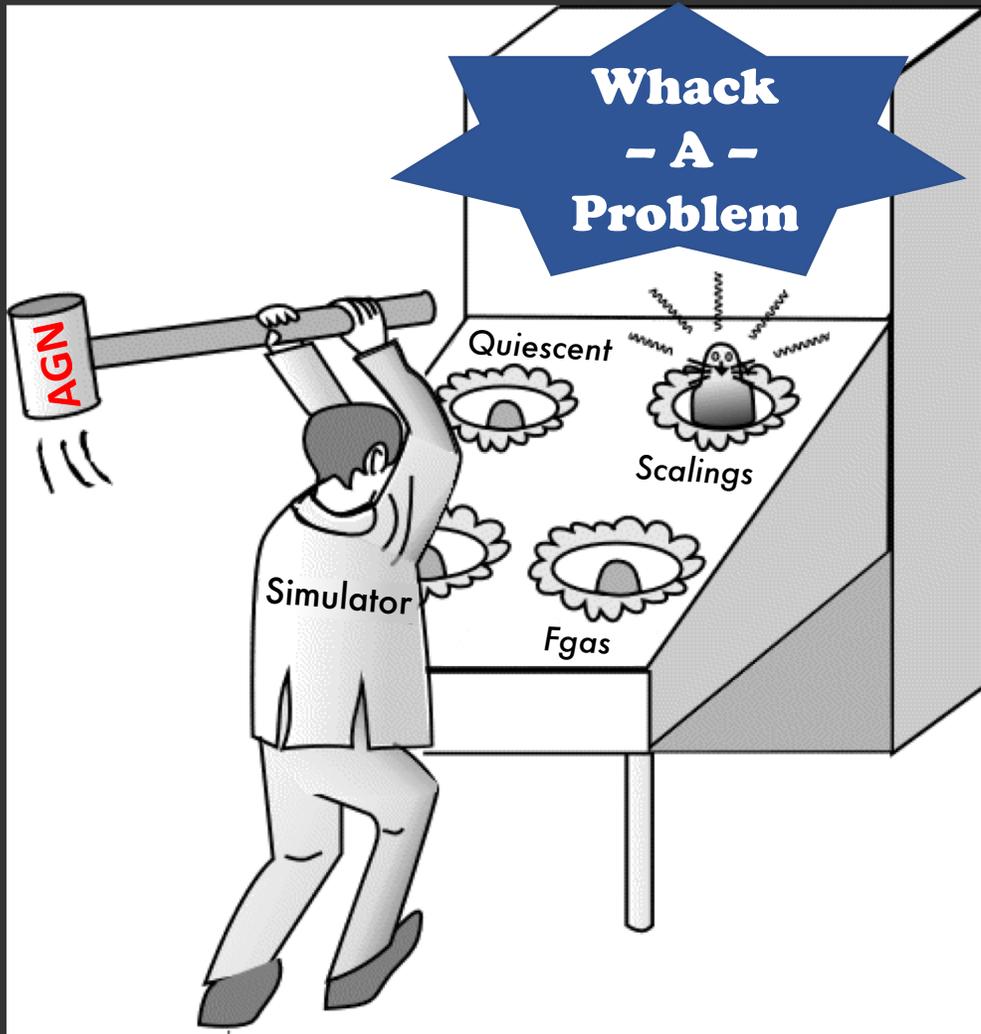
Are AGN special? - 08/03/18

Outline

- Are AGN special?
- Convergence
- Are we missing physics?
- Quasar feedback preview

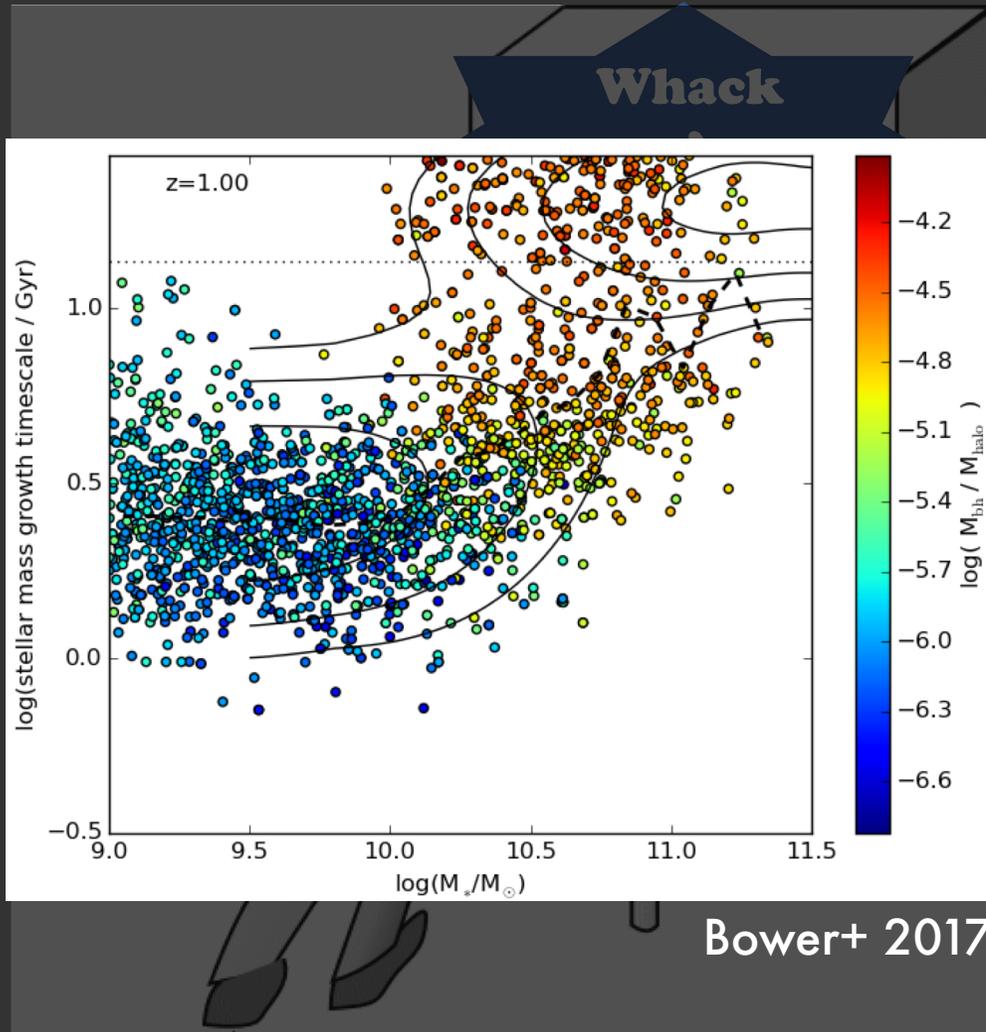
Are AGN special?

. . . in simulations their feedback is



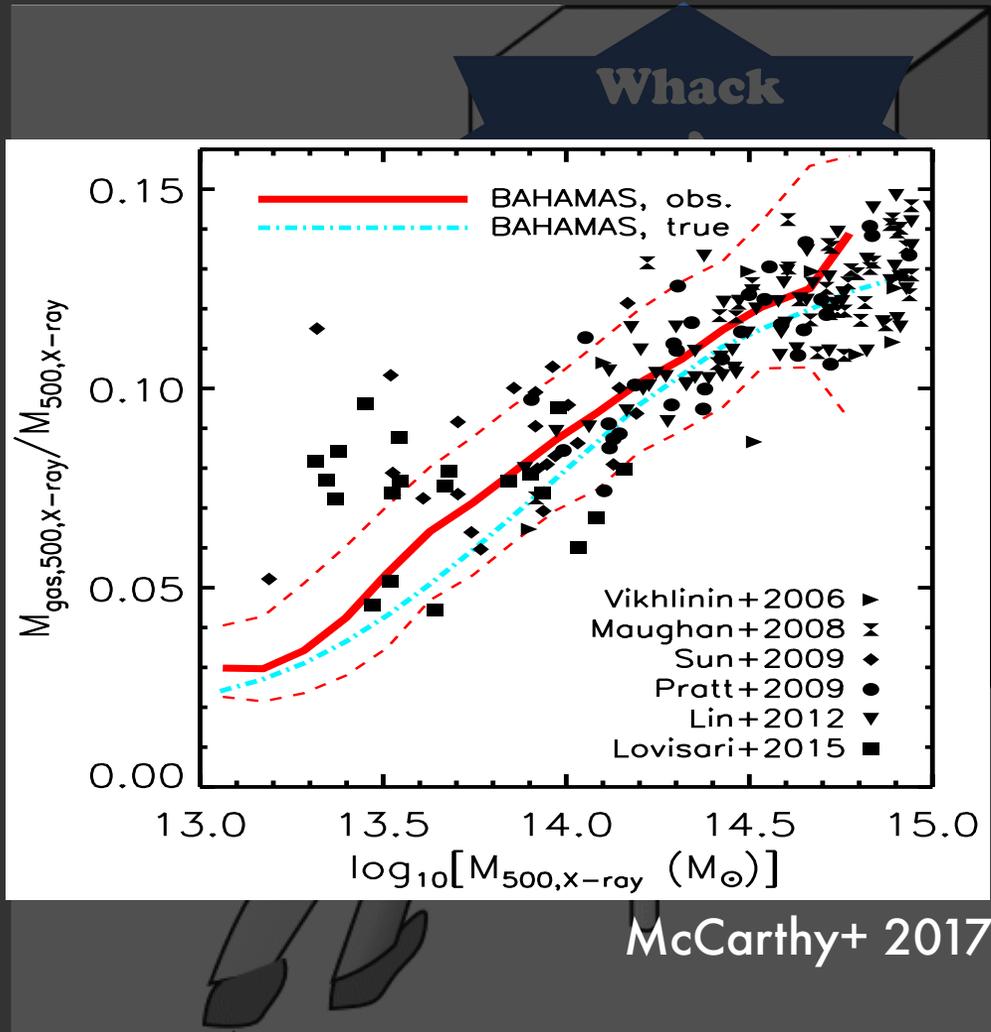
- Recent advances in numerical simulations are driven by **calibrated** AGN feedback

... their feedback is in simulations



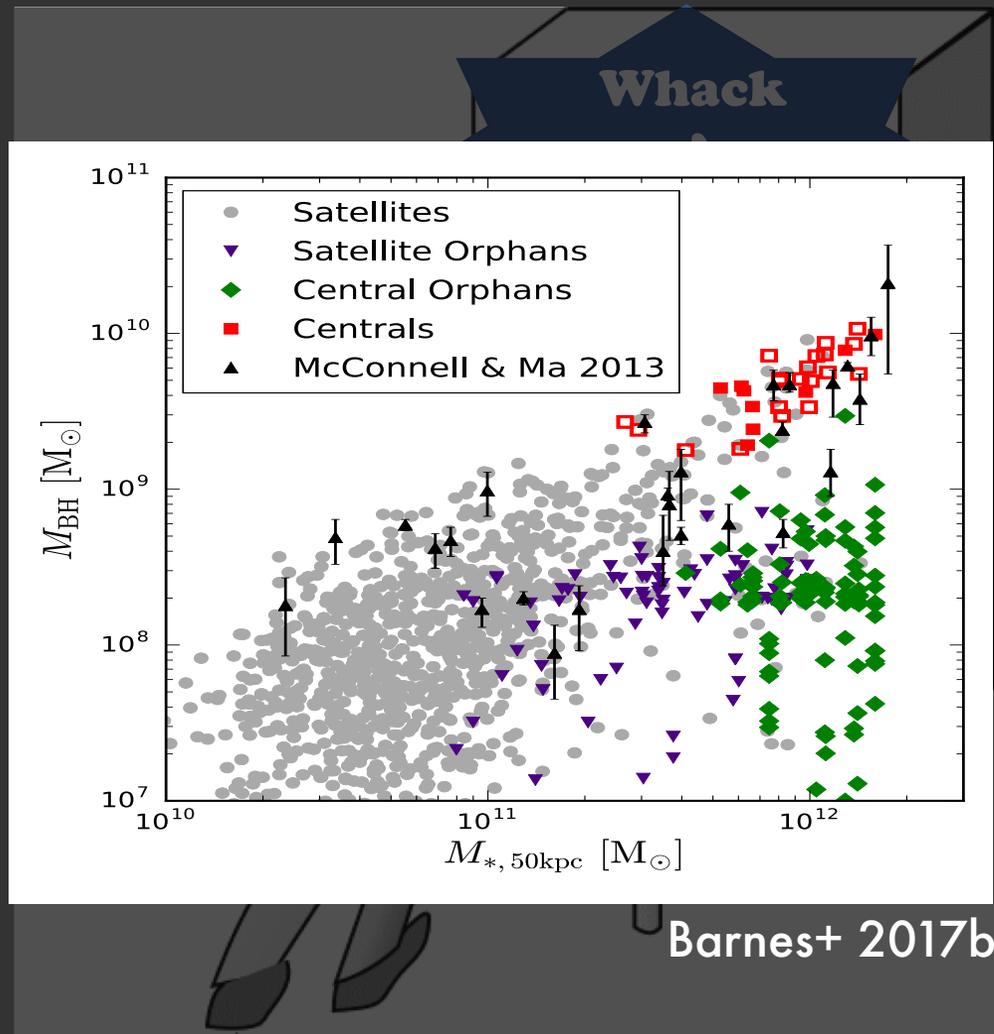
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- Feedback ejects gas from shallower potentials producing the observed gas fraction

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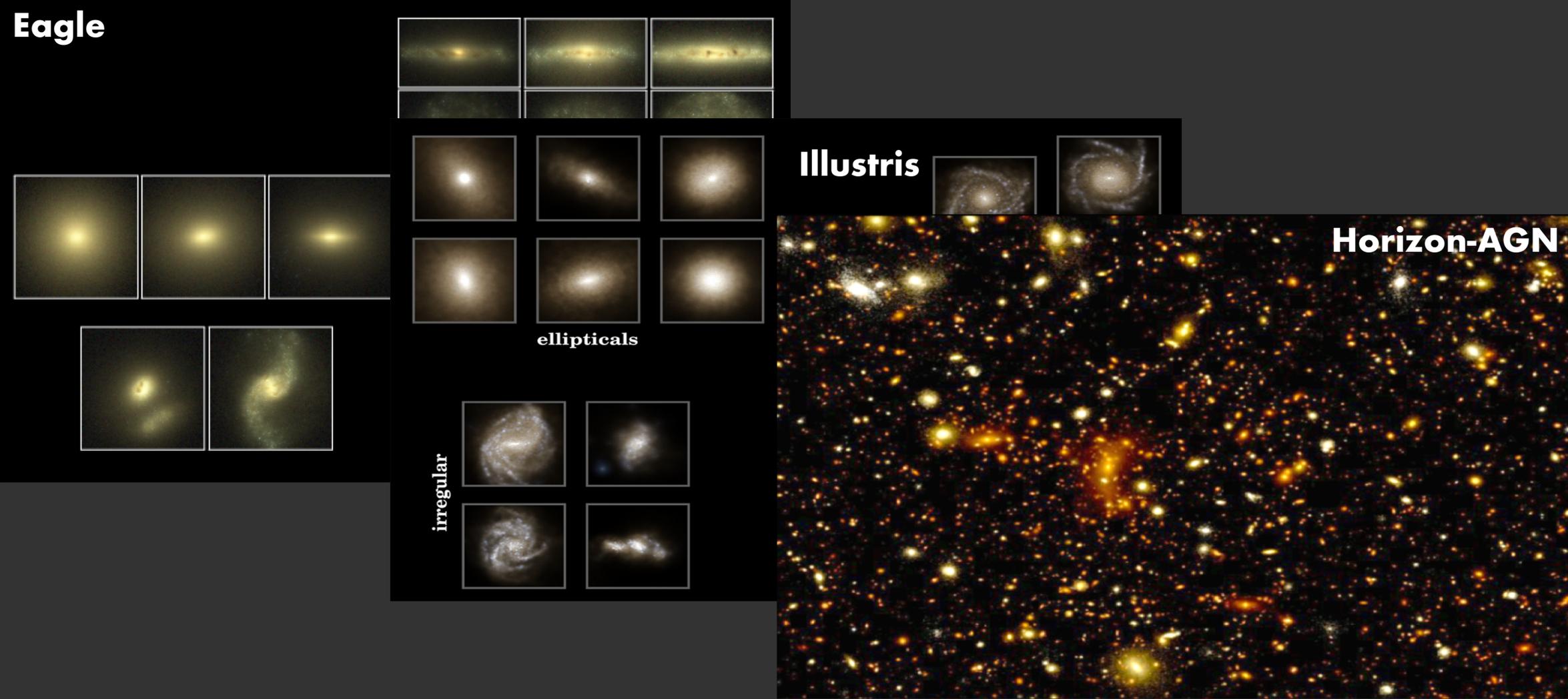


- Recent advances in numerical simulations are driven by **calibrated** AGN feedback
- Feedback leads to the formation of the quiescent galaxy population
- Feedback ejects gas from shallower potentials producing the observed gas fraction
- Feedback establishes the BH-galaxy scaling relations

AGN recipe

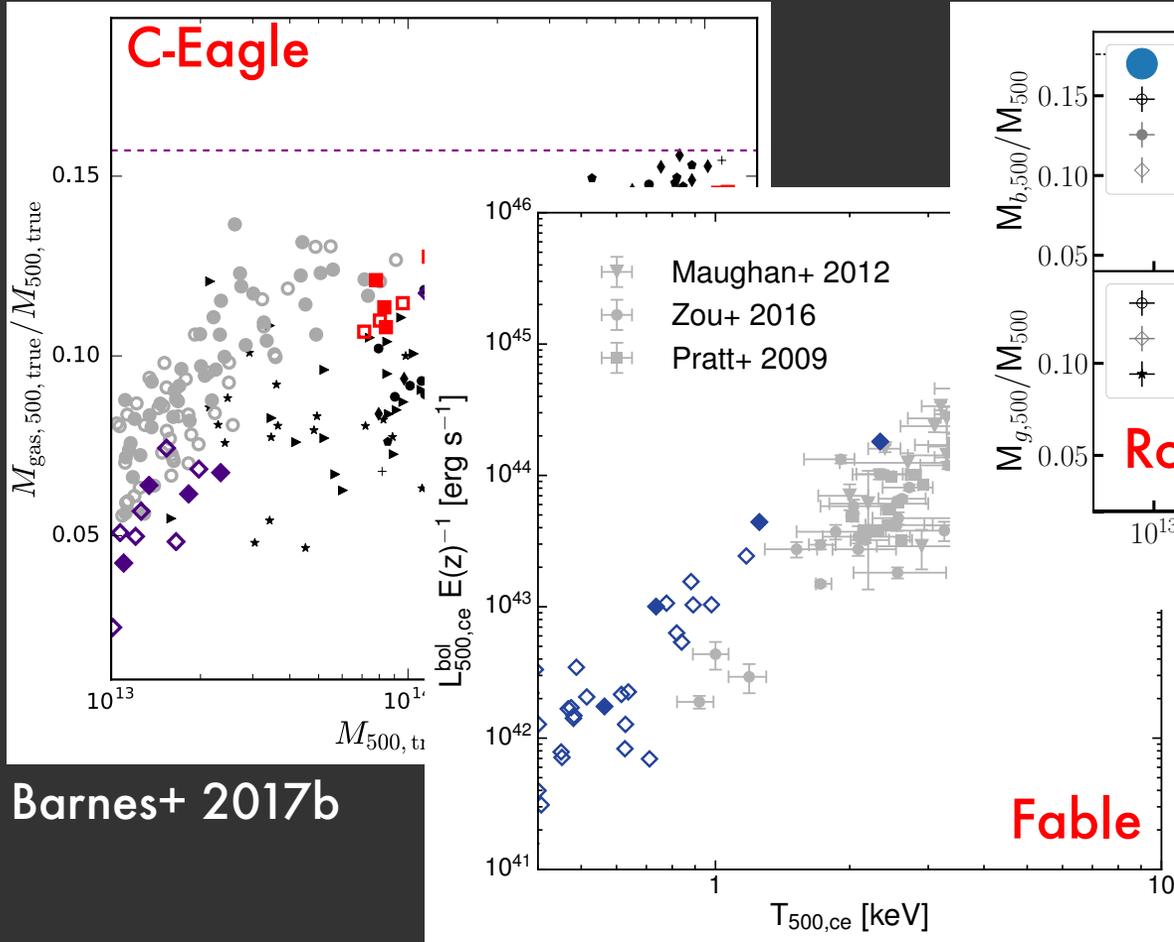
- Numerical treatment of BHs is relatively crude
- Most cosmological simulations follow a similar recipe:
 - Seed mass BHs placed in haloes of a certain mass
 - BHs grow through Bondi-Hoyle-*like* accretion and mergers
 - BHs deposit energy and/or momentum into their surroundings
 - Some models split feedback into "quasar" and "radio" modes
- **Calibration**
- **Warning:** Energy injected & duty cycle typically numerically driven

Convergence . . . of simulations



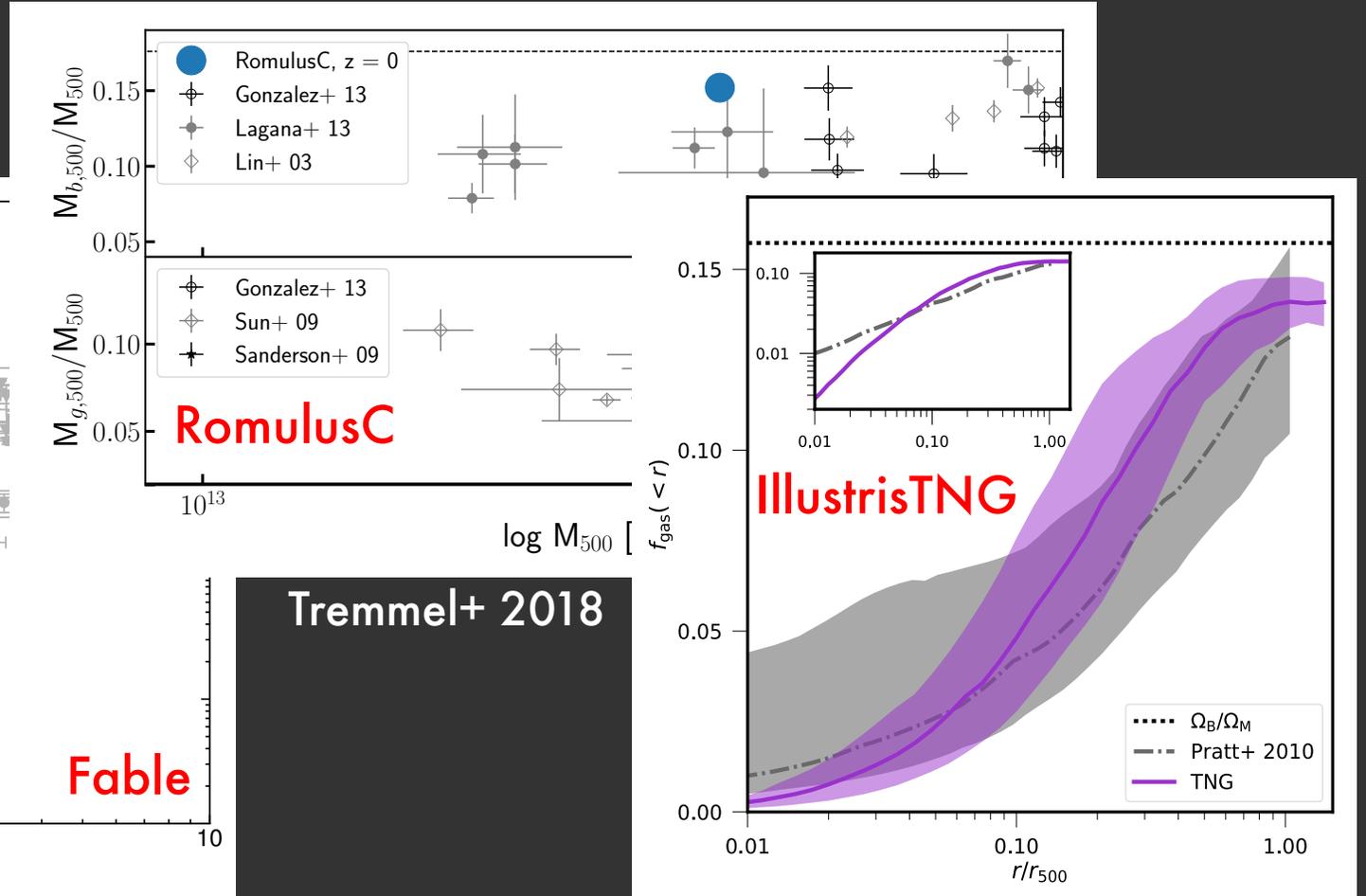
However . . .

- Extending these models to dense environments highlights shortcomings



Barnes+ 2017b

Henden+ 2018



Barnes+ 2017c

Tremmel+ 2018

Modelling or missing processes?

- Current cosmological simulations still lack many physical processes
- Simulations are missing:
 - Cosmic rays → an exciting area
 - Heat transport → only impacts clusters
 - Improved AGN models → model radiation

Modelling or missing processes?

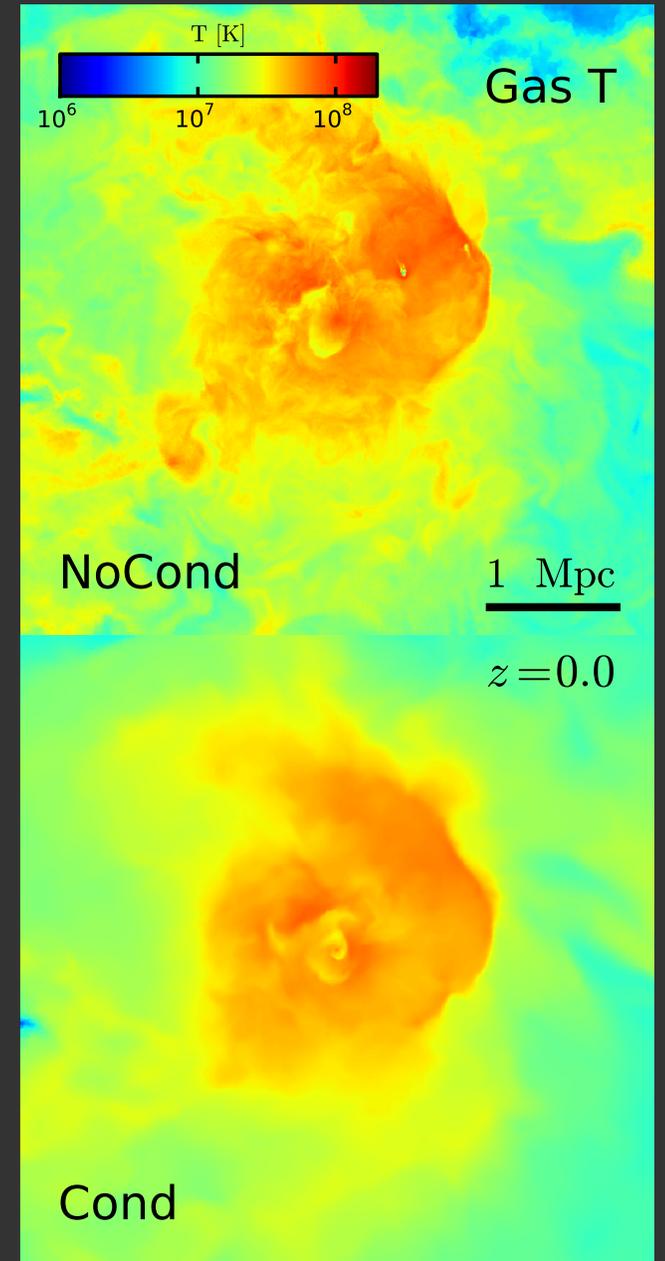
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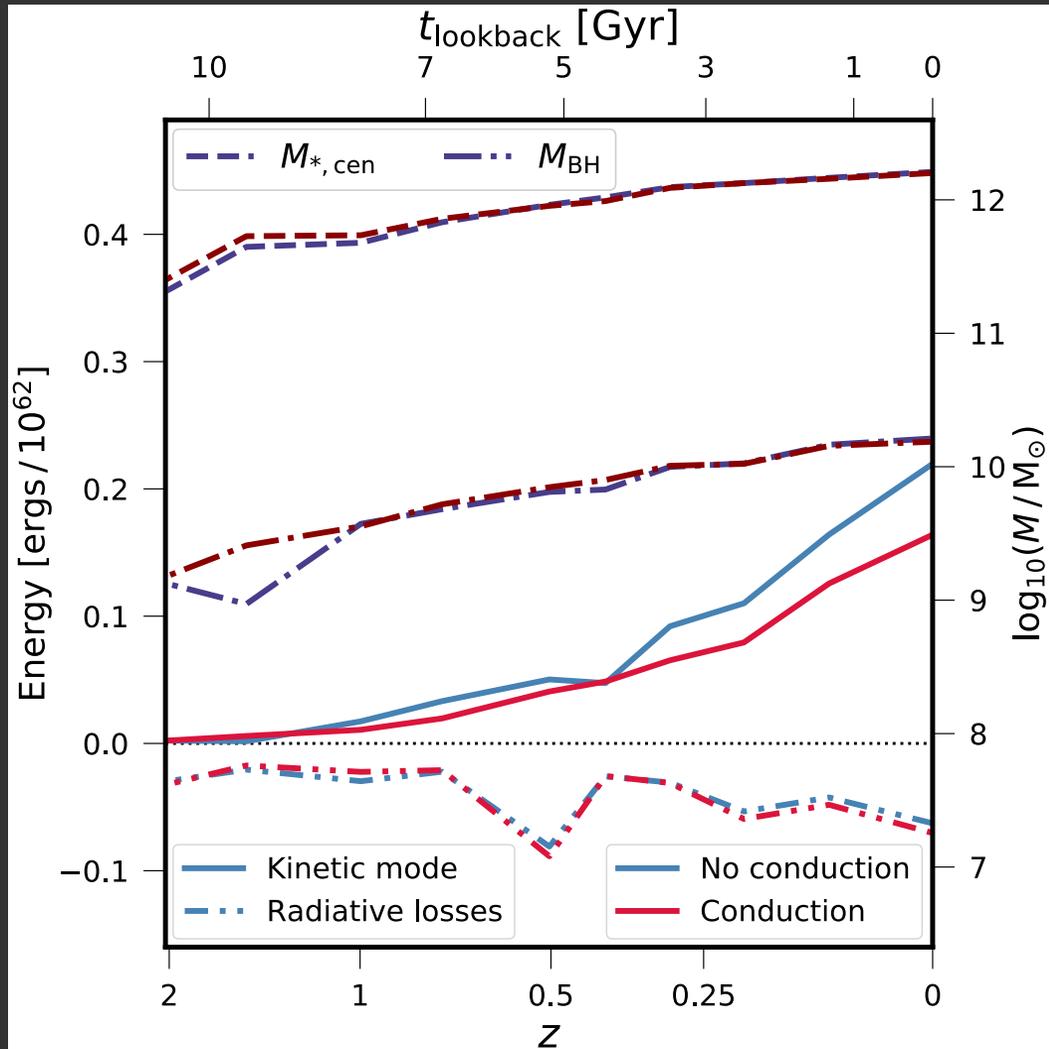
NASA/CXC/SAO LOFAR/ASTRON NAOJ/Subaru

Modelling or missing processes?

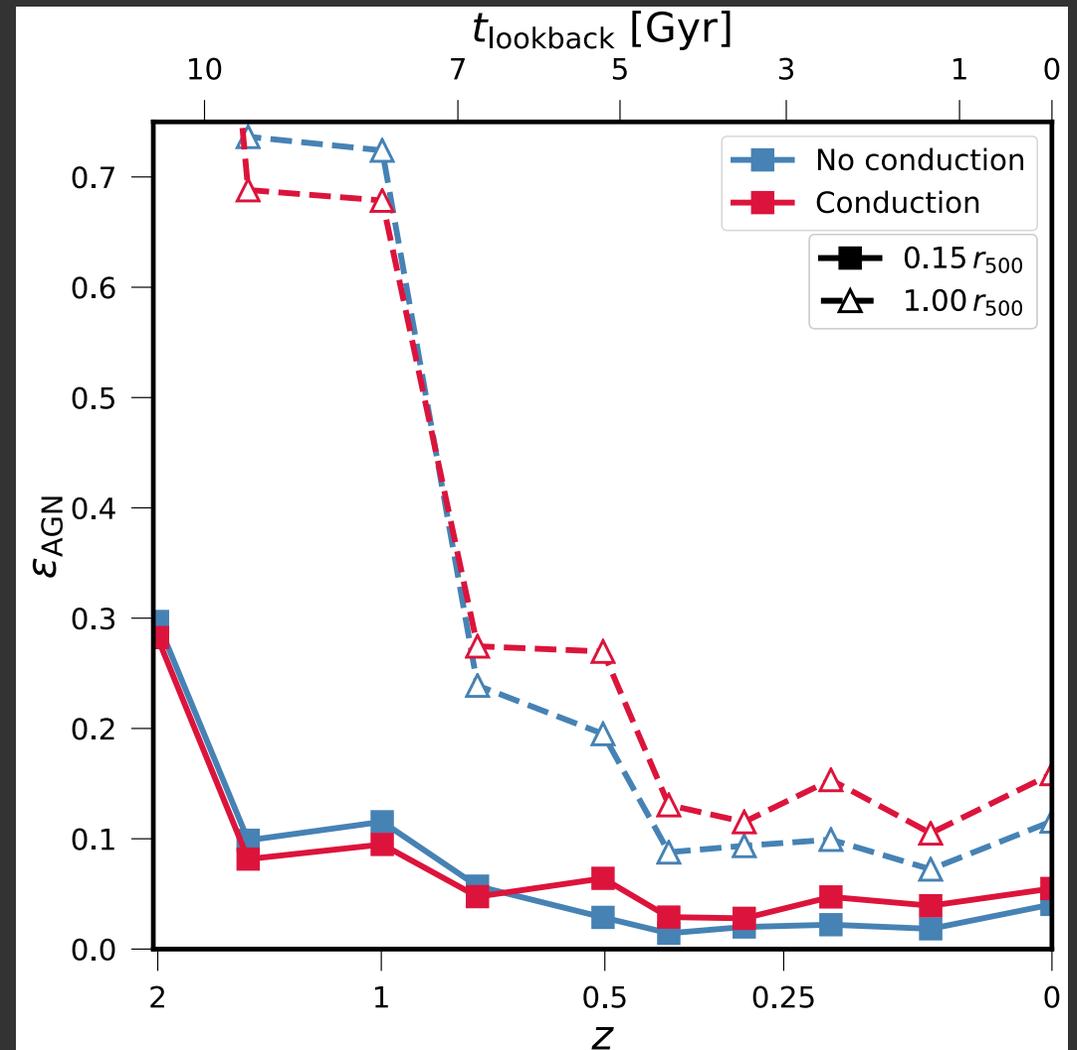
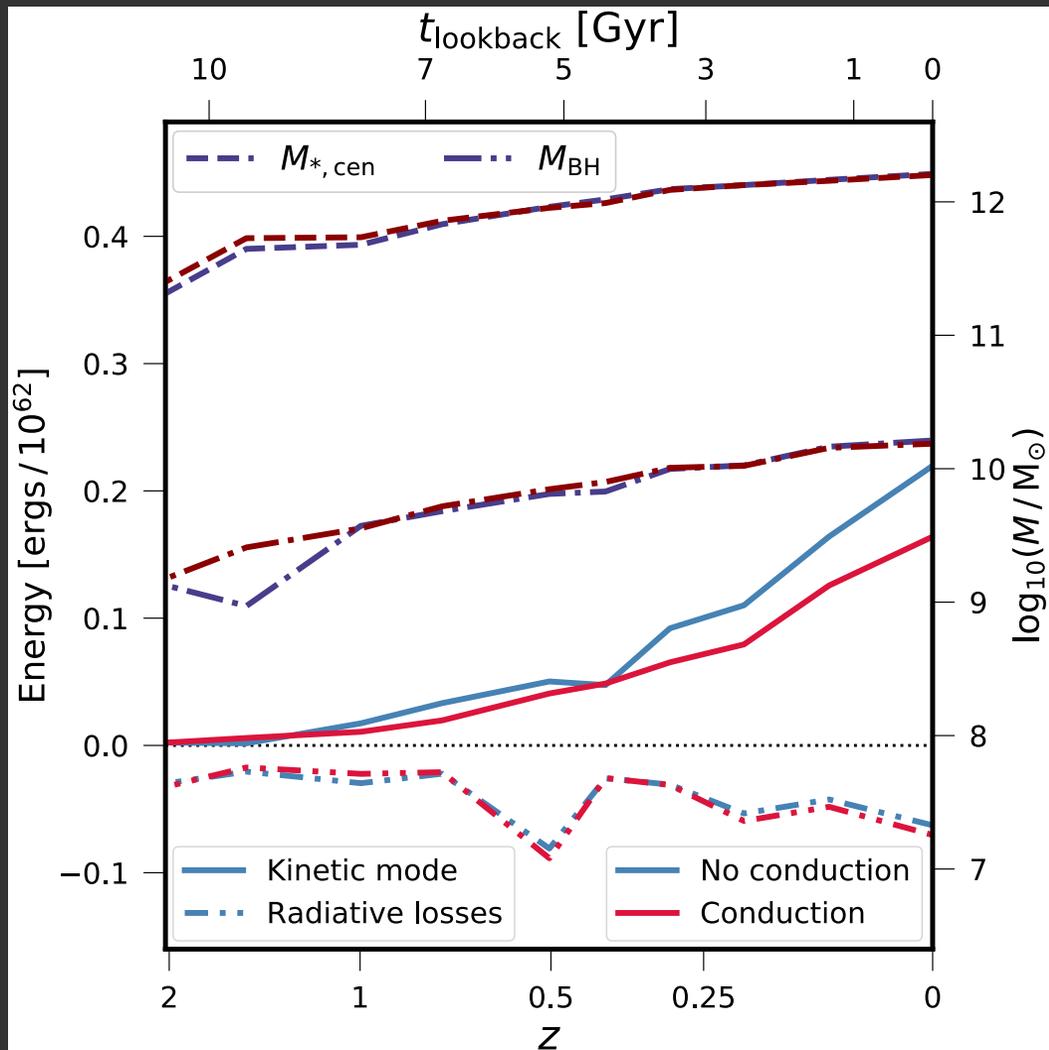
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- 12 clusters simulated using IllustrisTNG model with and without anisotropic thermal conduction
- Use full Spitzer parallel to magnetic field to explore maximum effect



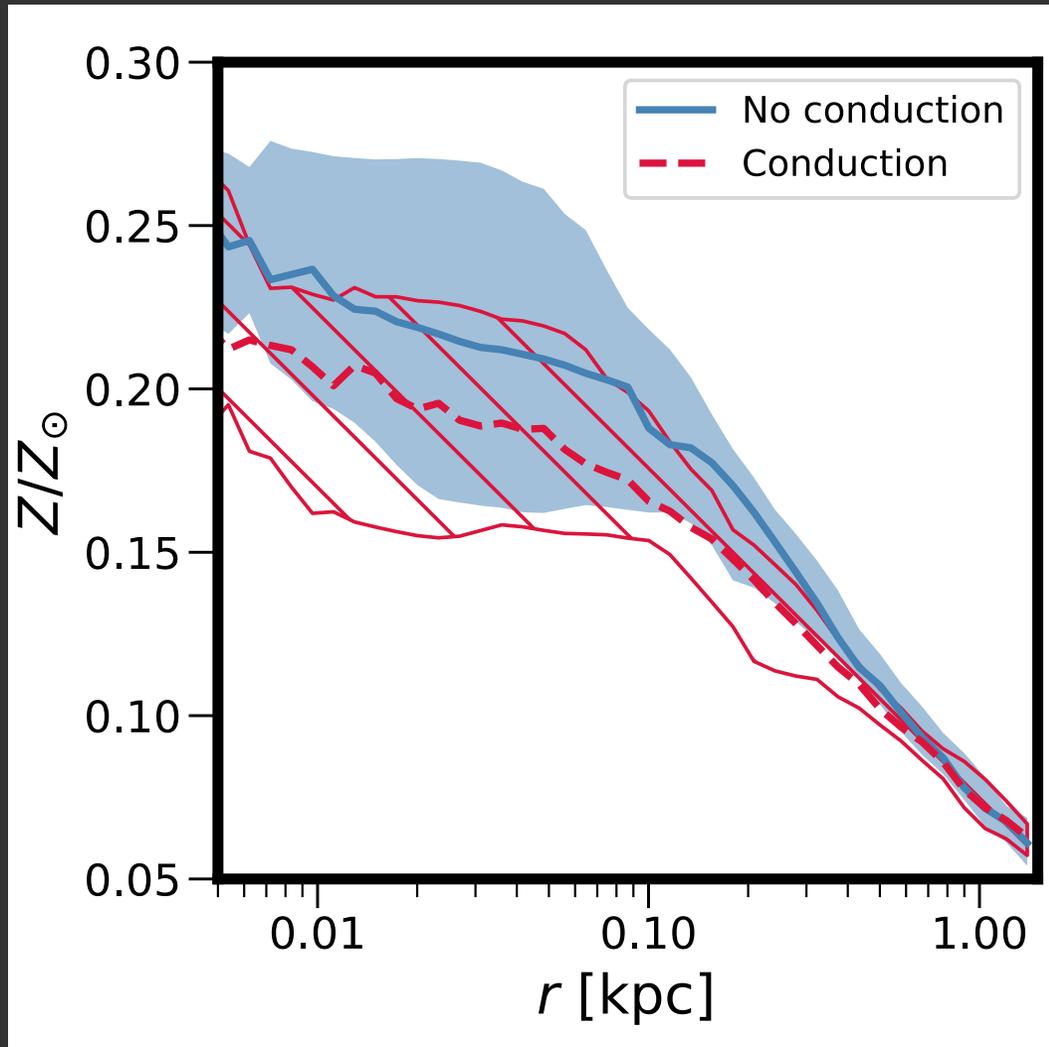
Less energy injected...



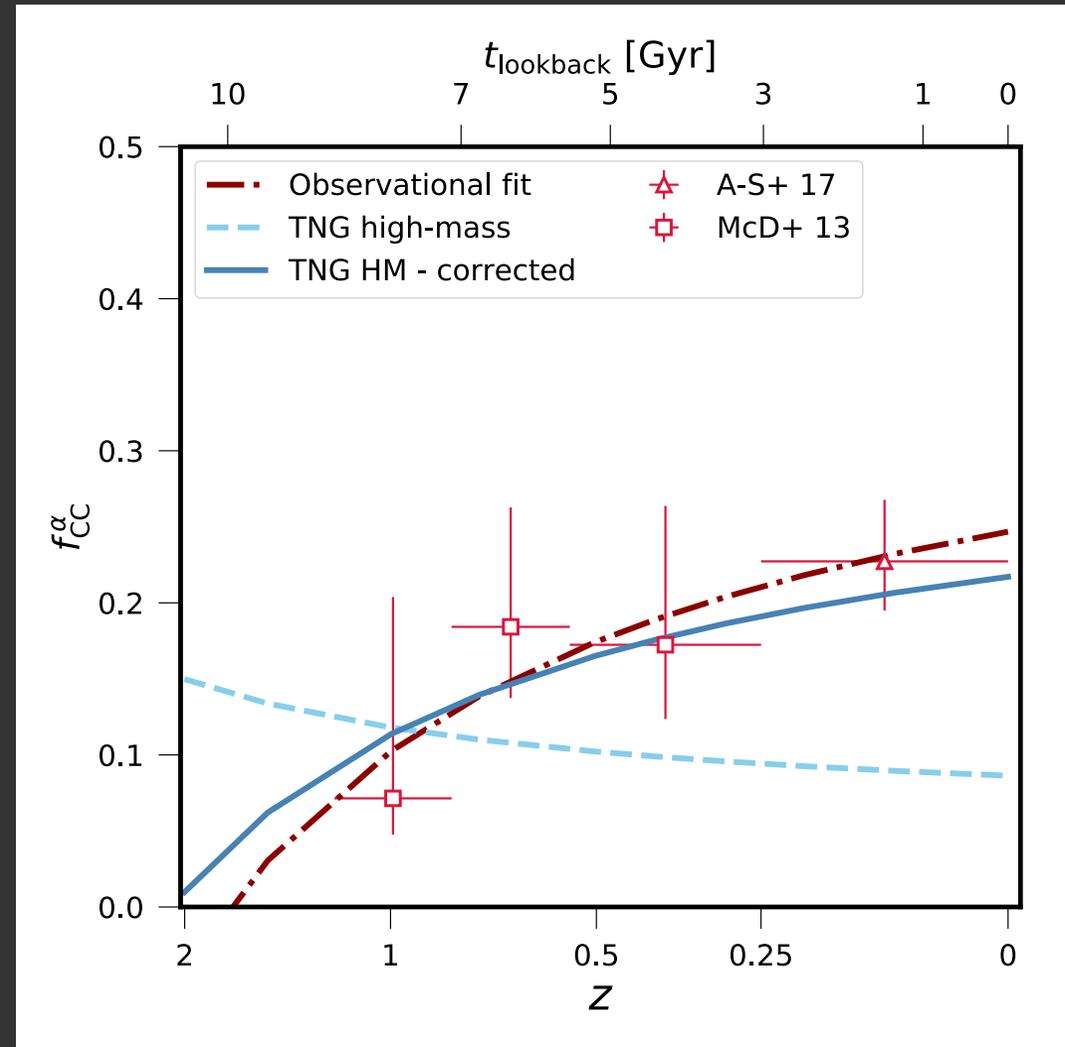
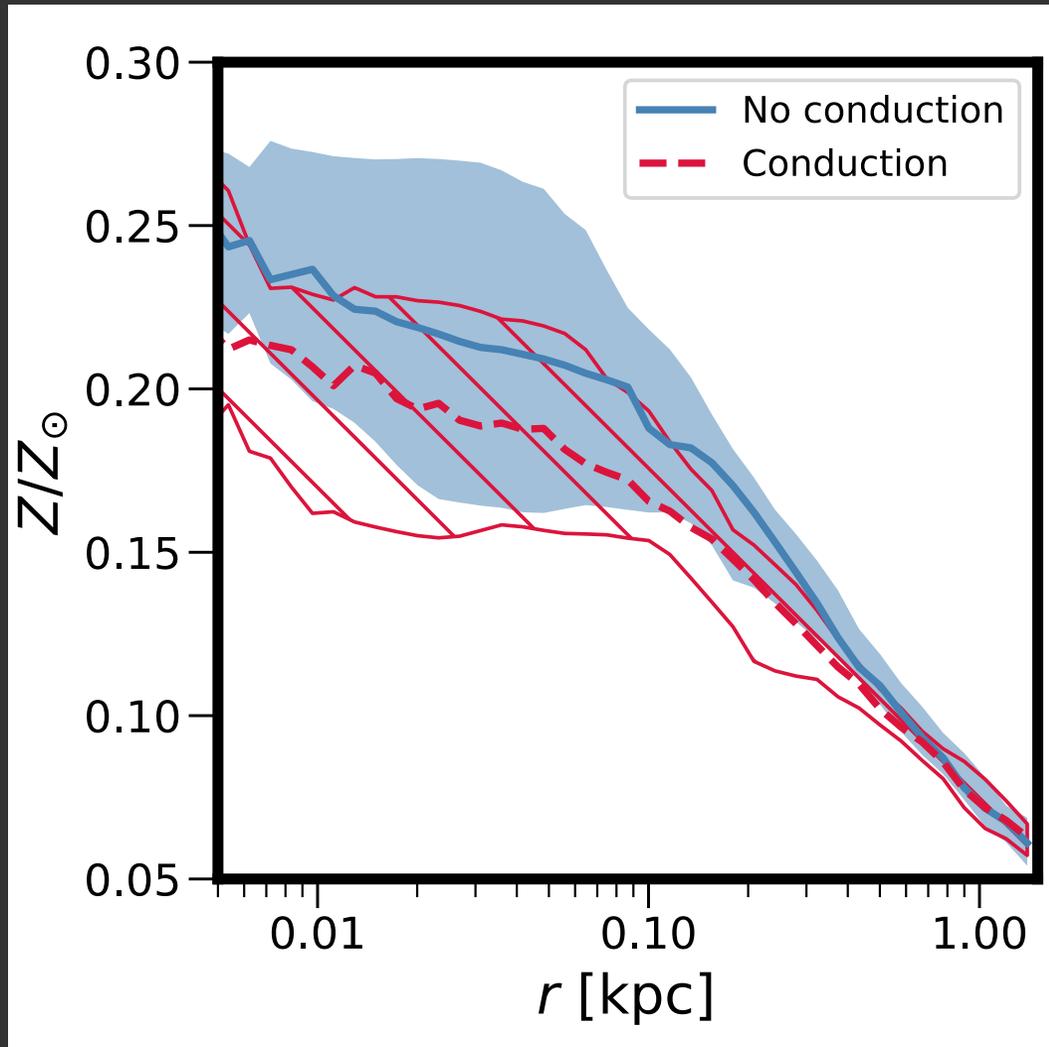
...but more efficiently coupled



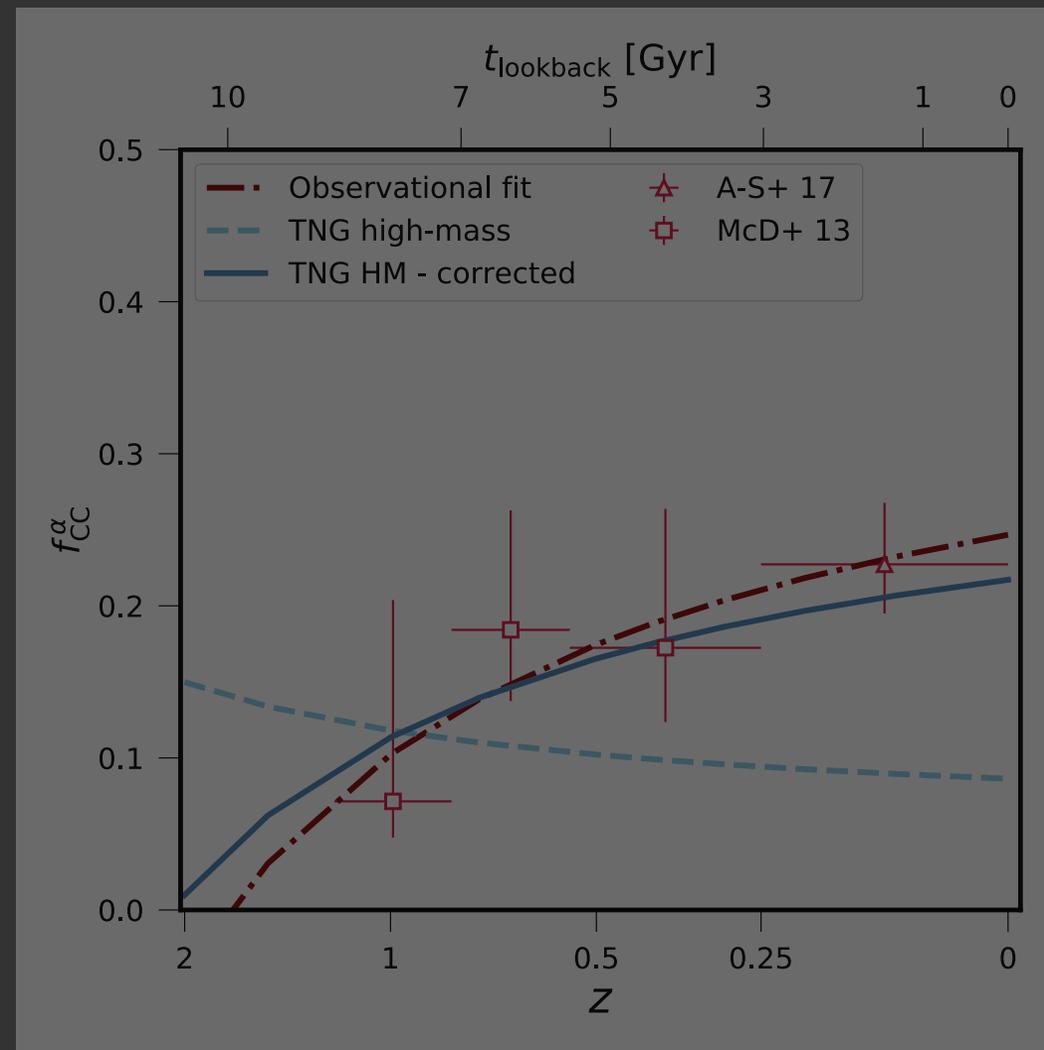
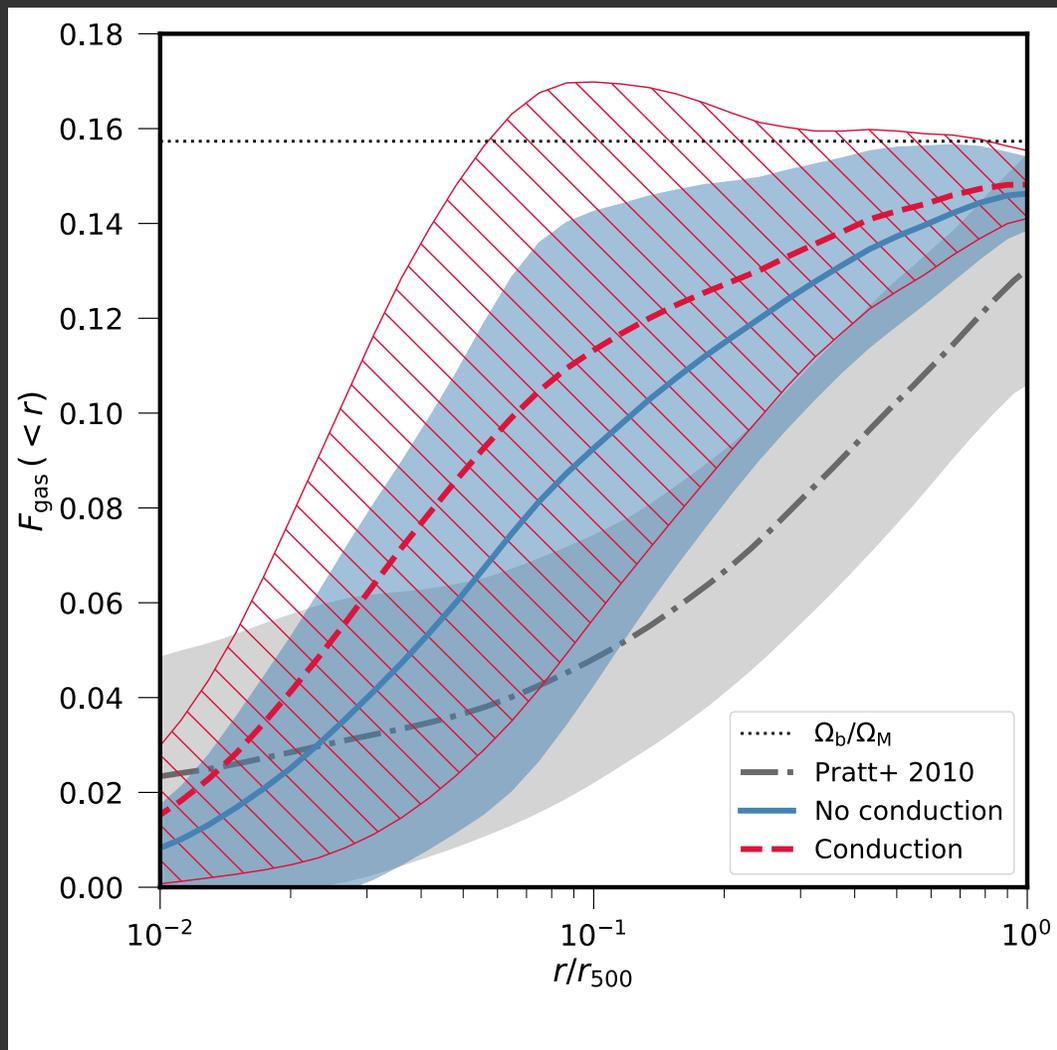
Increased mixing . . .



Improved thermal structure evolution . . .



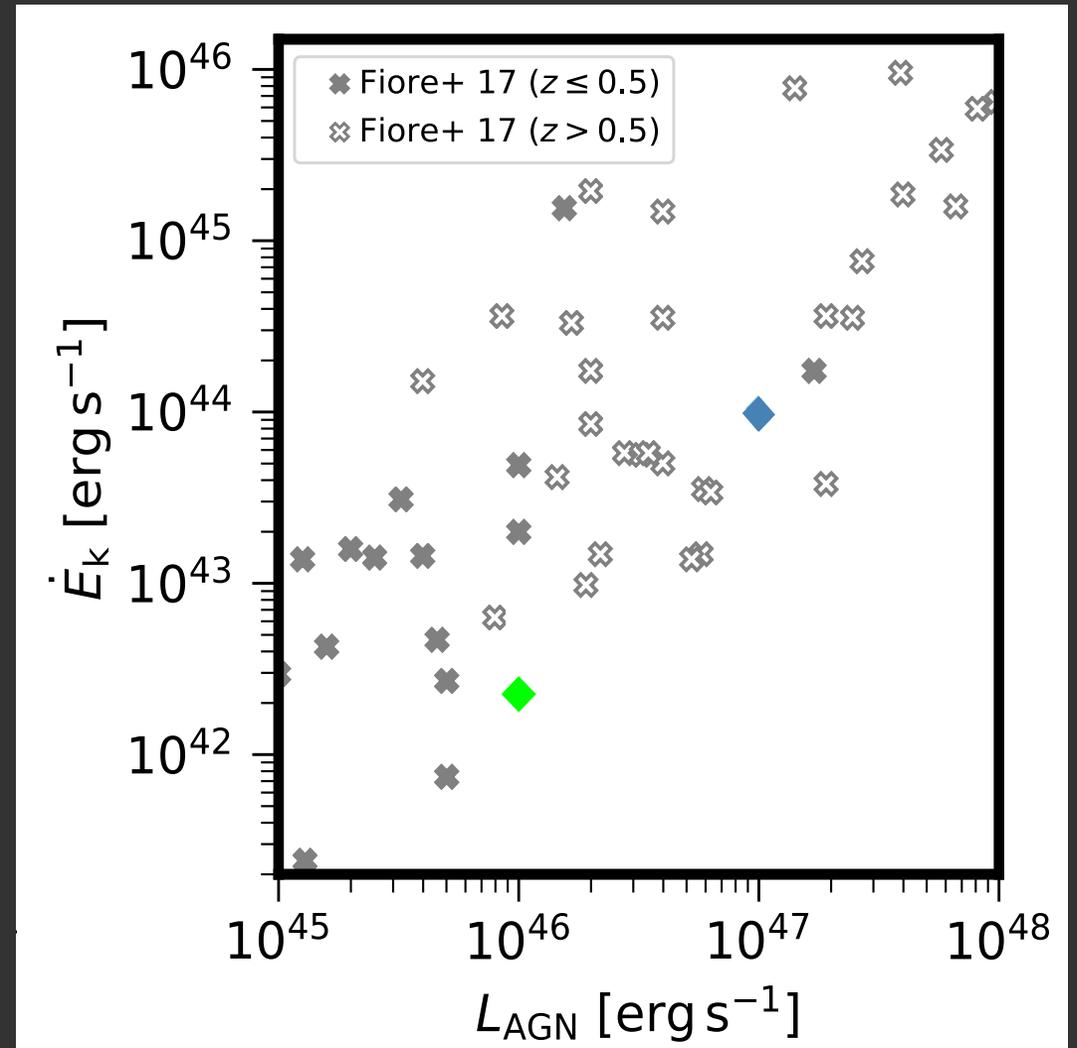
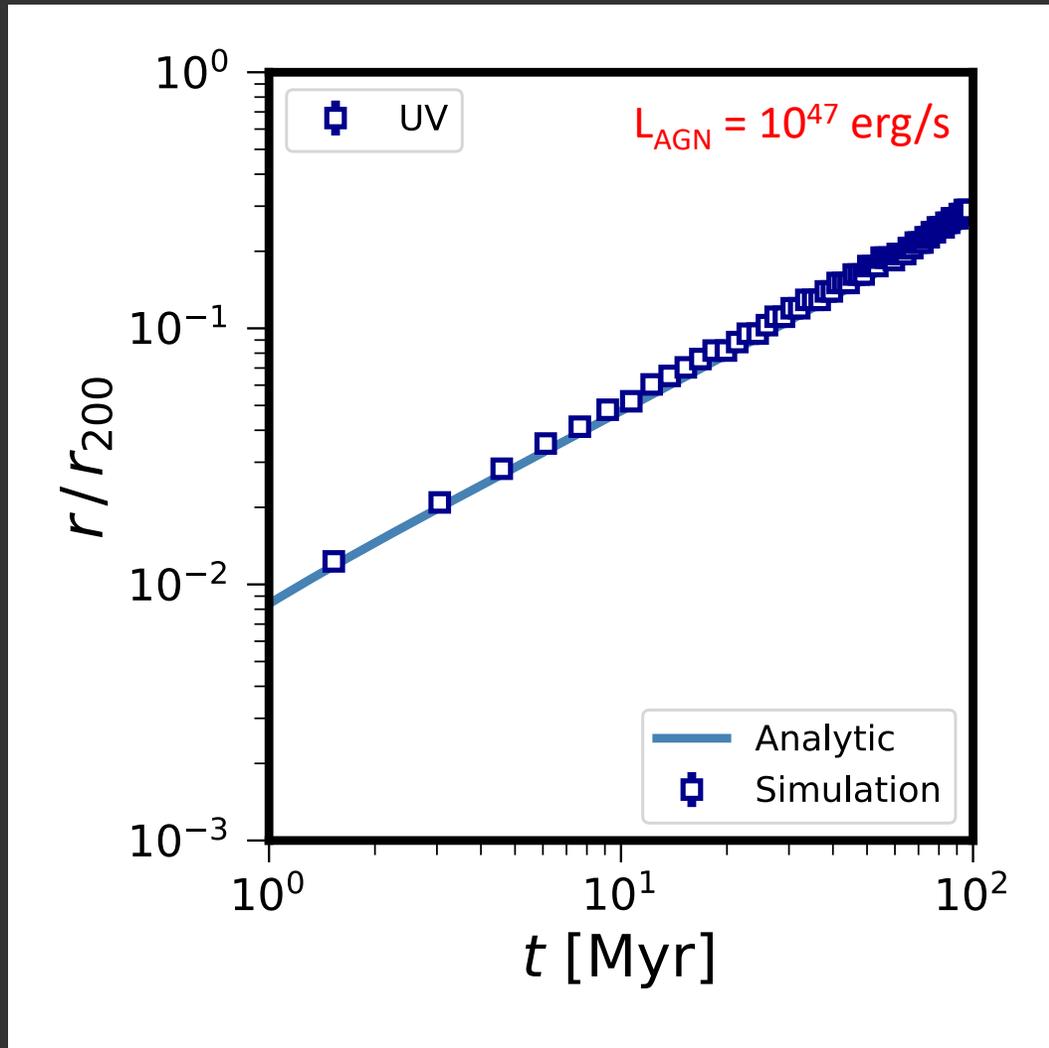
... but still too gas rich



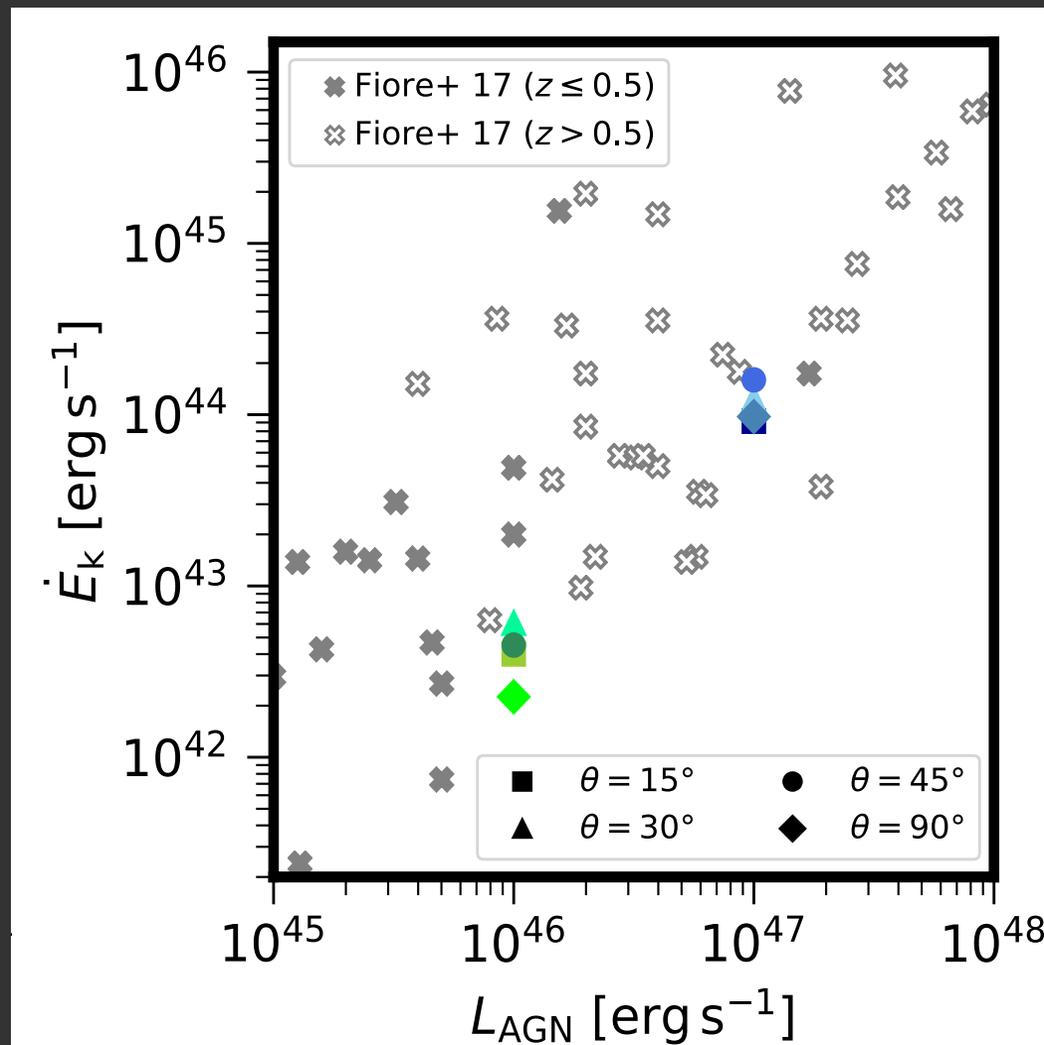
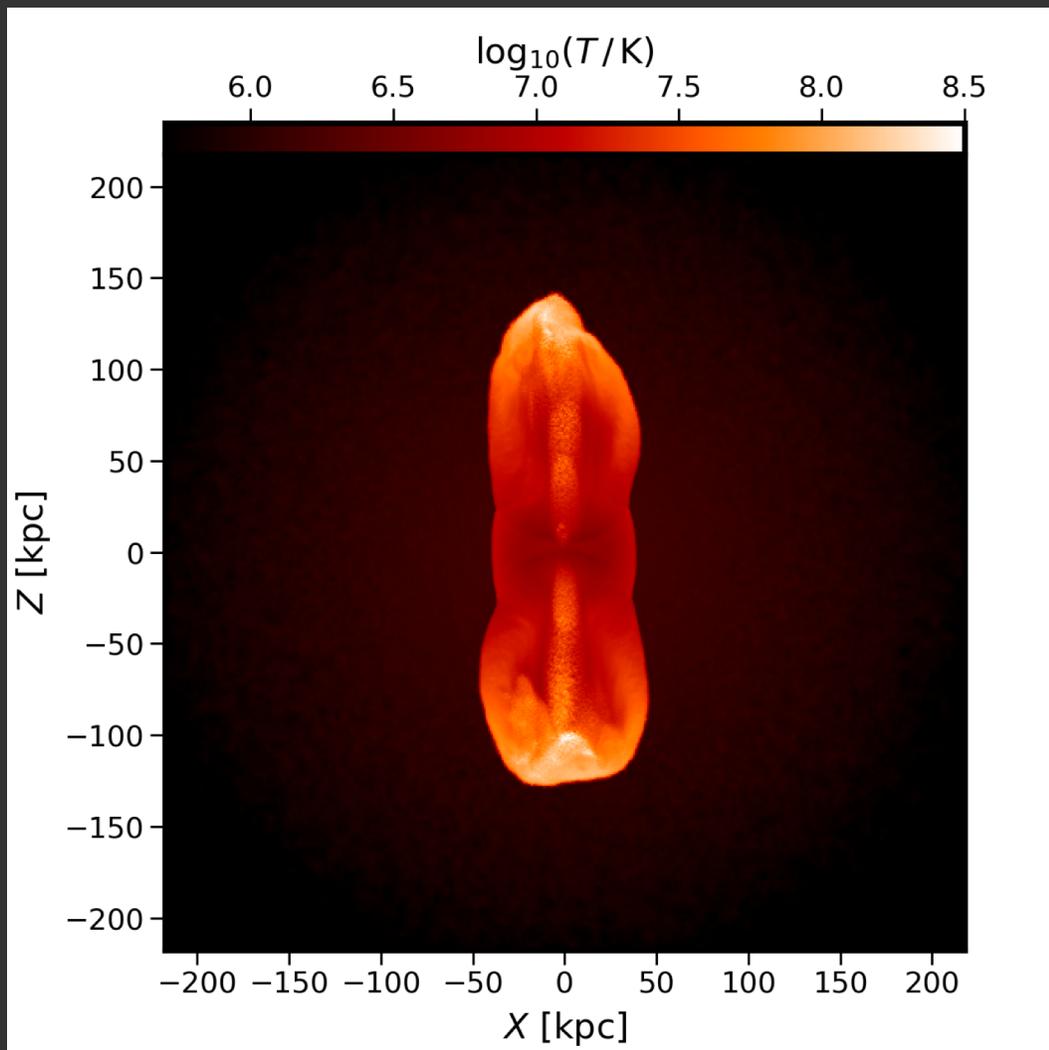
Quasar feedback preview

- Dense environments in simulations contain too much gas
- Can we better model high accretion rate feedback to remedy the problem?
- Large body of idealized theoretical work has shown that directly coupled radiative AGN feedback can drive outflows from haloes (Fabian+ 99, Novak+ 12, Thompson+ 15, Ishibashi+ 15,17,18, Costa+ 18a,b, etc.)
- Assumes: dust and gas hydrodynamically coupled, **constant dust to gas ratio**
- Using ArepoRT (Kannan+ 18), place a BH in the center of an NFW halo and inject radiation in the UV band at a constant luminosity

Reproduces the analytic expectation

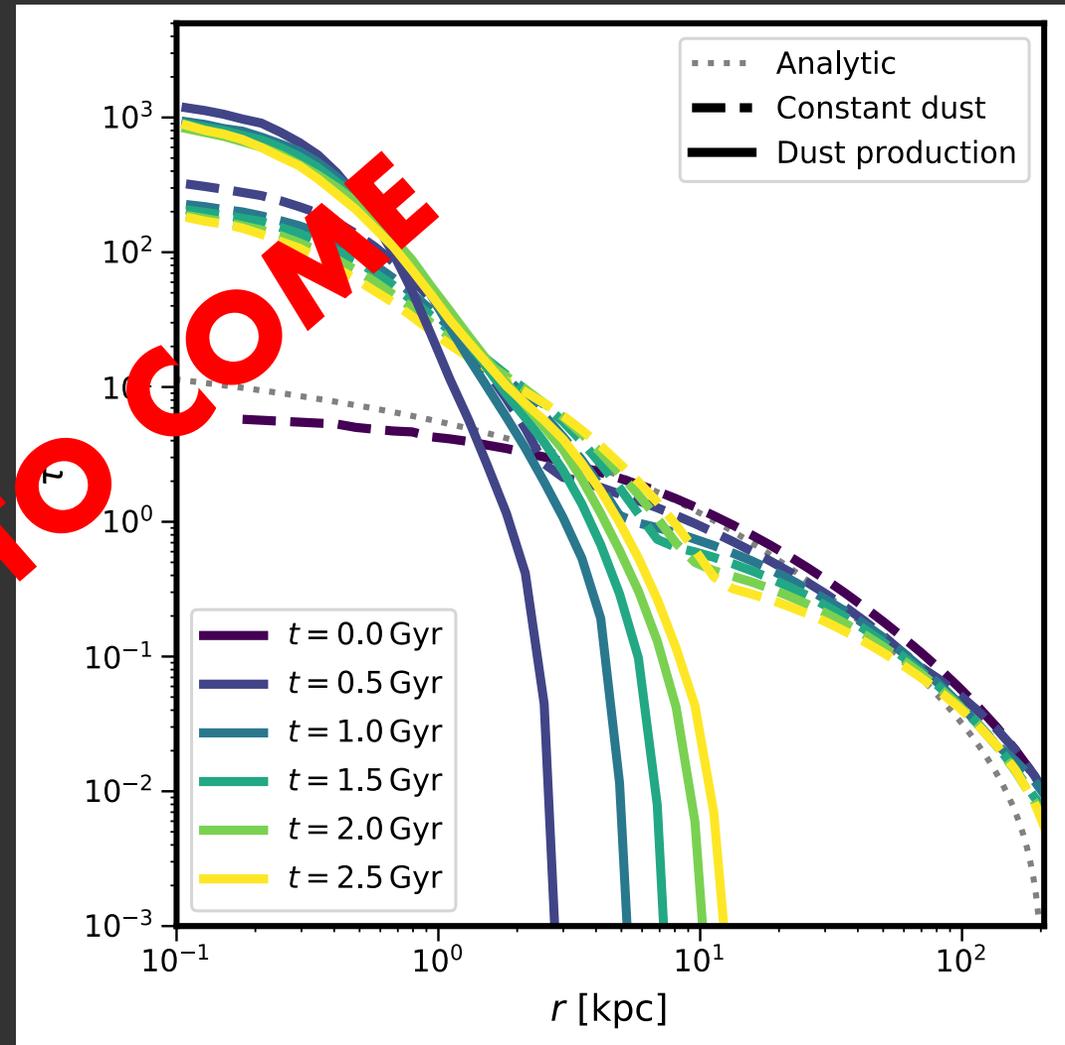
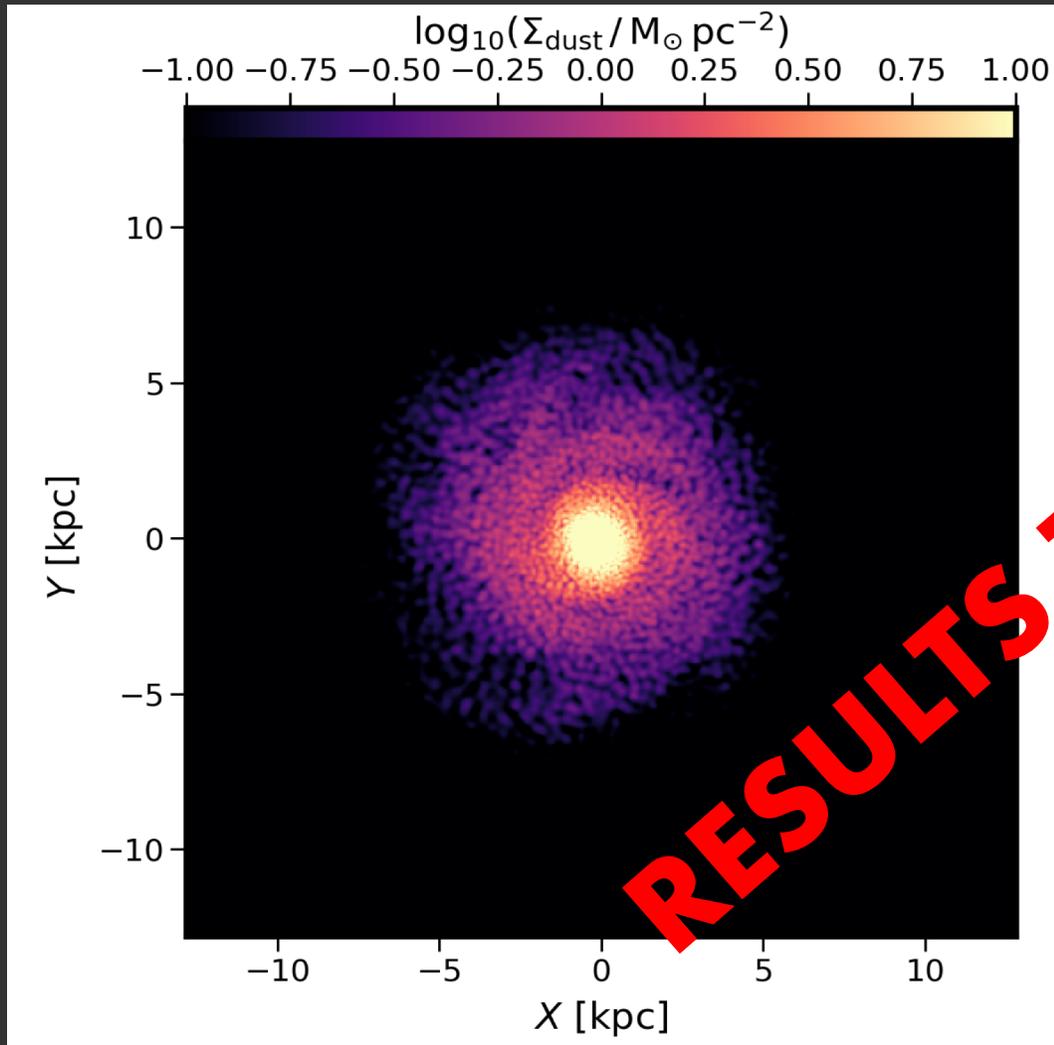


Collimated?



Barnes+ in prep.

More realistic dust distributions



Conclusions

- AGN feedback is special in simulations, solving a host of issues
- However, in dense environments such as clusters the current models are too crude
- Incorporating additional physical processes such as anisotropic thermal conduction reduces the impact of AGN at low redshift
- Models of AGN feedback must continue to improve