# Connecting Black Hole Growth, Central Density and Galaxy Quenching

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Are AGN Special? – Aug 2018

# **Compact Quiescent Galaxies**

- Quenched galaxies at z~2 are substantially more compact than present day counterparts.
- Quenching pathway: galaxies need to shrink in size and reduce their star formation activity.
- Population of compact star forming progenitors (Blue Nuggets) identified in the CANDELS fields.



van der Wel et al. (2013)



# Finding Progenitors of Compact Quiescent Galaxies



# Finding Progenitors of Compact Quiescent Galaxies



#### "Blue Nuggets" as a Transition Population

- \* Blue Nuggets: short lived phase of intense star formation (~1000 M<sub>☉</sub>/yr)
- Quenching timescale of ~500 Myr based on:
  - \* Short gas depletion timescales.
  - Number density evolution.
- Compact, star-forming galaxies are direct progenitors of red nuggets.
- Roughly 30% of stellar mass of red nuggets formed during this phase.



Barro et al. (2016)



van Dokkum et al. (2015)

# Blue Nuggets: Compact, Star-forming Galaxies



# **Compaction and Quenching**



# Compaction and Quenching





Deep X-ray observations used to identify AGN in all five CANDELS fields

 – including newly available data in the UDS (Kocevski+2018)

# AGN Activity in Blue Nuggets



Kocevski et al. (2017)

# AGN Activity in Blue Nuggets



Kocevski et al. (2017)

#### AGN Fraction vs Core Density



#### **Results & Implications**

- Compaction results an increase in duty cycle/accretion efficiency.
- Volume-limited sample in GDS gives an AGN fraction of 55.9%. Implies AGN duty cycle of 280 Myr.
- Roughly 31% of SMBH mass accreted during blue nugget phase.
  - Matches stellar mass build up, maintaining SMBH-host correlations.
- Hints at possible role of AGN feedback in the quenching process.
- \* Are AGN Special?





#### Faber Energy Quota Quenching Model

\* Quenching as a competition between cumulative AGN energy output and the thermal energy quota of halo gas.



#### QUENCHING AS A CONTEST BETWEEN GALAXY HALOS AND THEIR CENTRAL BLACK HOLES

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Chen et al. (2017)

#### Faber Energy Quota Quenching Model

- \* Quenching as a competition between cumulative AGN energy output and the thermal energy quota of halo gas.
- \* Key Model Assumptions:
  - \* Black Hole mass scales with central density:

$$\Sigma_{(1\text{kpc})} \propto M_{\text{BH}}^{0.57}$$
$$E_{\text{BH}} \propto M_{\text{BH}}c^2 \propto \Sigma_{(1\text{kpc})}^{1.76}c^2$$

Fang+2013, Kormendy & Ho 2013

\* Halo mass and energy content fied to observable stellar mass:

 $M_* \propto M_{\rm vir}^{1.75}$ 

Rodríguez-Puebla+2017

$$E_{\rm vir} \propto M_{\rm vir}^{x} \propto M_{*}^{x/1.75}$$

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\* Quenching occurs when  $E_{\rm BH} > E_{\rm vir}$ 



# Energy Ratio & the Quenching Threshold



#### Build-up of Quiescent Galaxies Over Time

All CANDELS Fields 1.4 < z < 3.0



#### Summary

- At log M > 10, large fraction (39%) of compact, star forming galaxies host an X-ray luminous AGN at z~2.
- First generation of quenched galaxies emerged directly following a phase of rapid Black Hole growth.
- Halo Energy Quota model: AGN not special, but cumulative feedback plays key role in quenching.
- Halos build galaxies, which build black holes, which quench halos.
- \* Chen et al (2018, in prep).



