

# EXPLORING STAR-FORMATION & INHOMOGENEITY IN PRISTINE ENVIRONMENTS: IFU STUDIES OF METAL-POOR DWARF GALAXIES

**Bethan James**

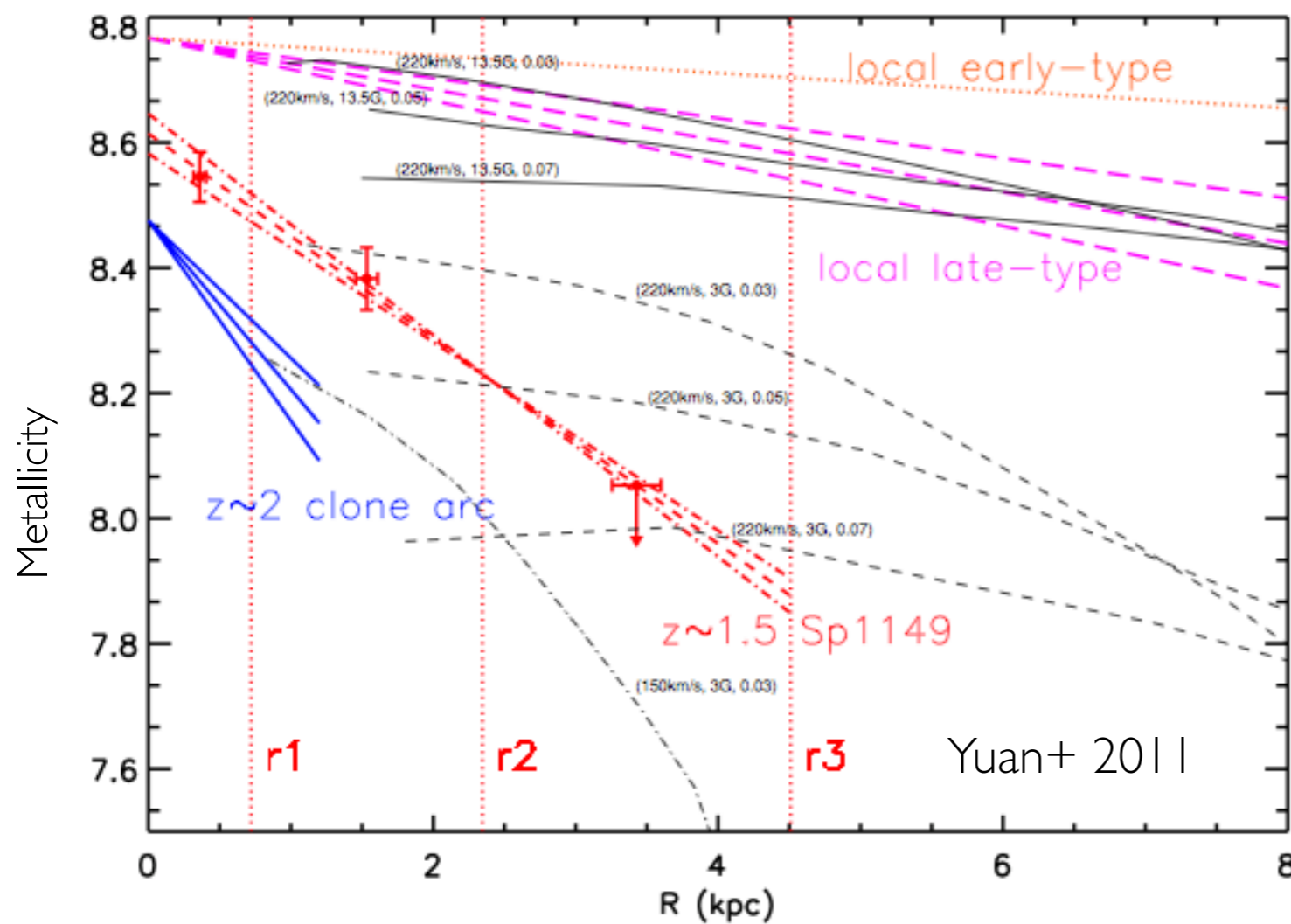
Nimisha Kumari, Sergey Koposov,  
Dan Stark, Kristy McQuinn, Vasily Belokurov, Max Pettini  
Alessandra Aloisi, Svea Hernandez  
Yiannis Tsamis, Mike Barlow, Mark Westmoquette



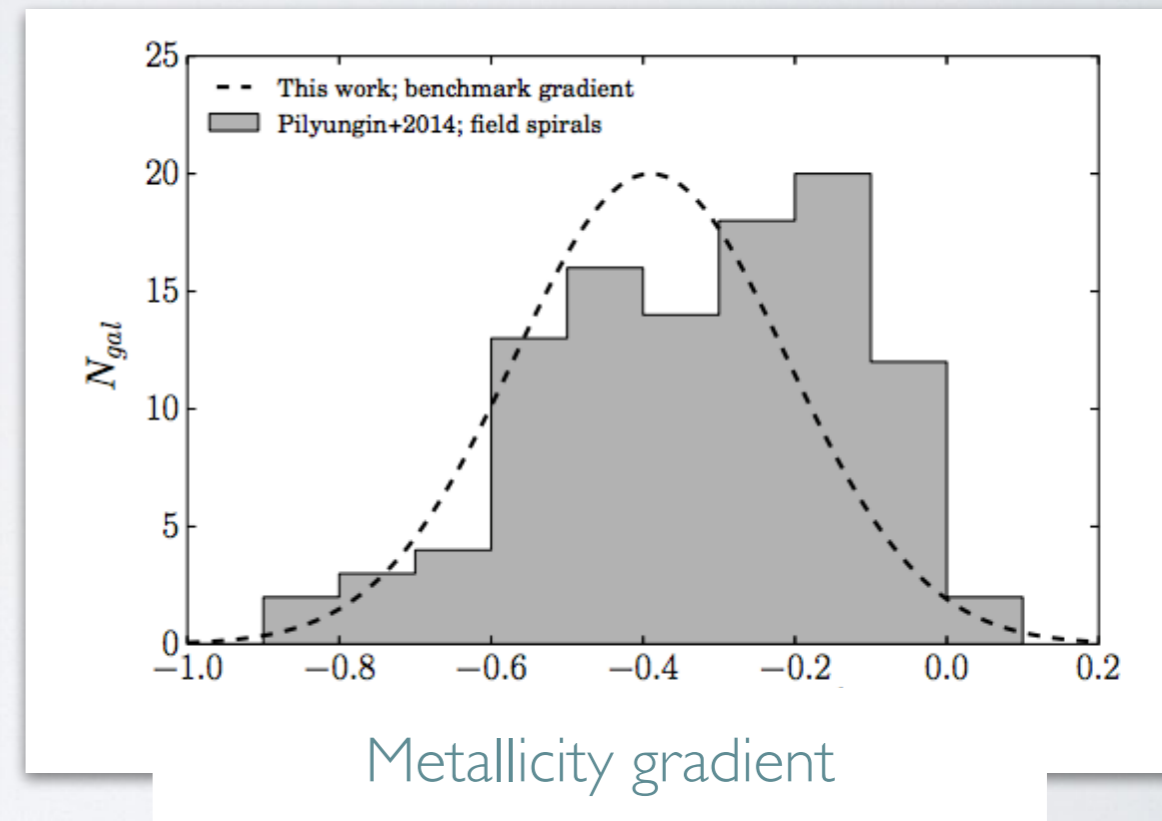
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# Are dwarf galaxies chemically homogeneous?



109 spirals, 49 SF galaxies (Ho+2014)



**Negative gradients** → inside-out growth, flattening with time

**Positive gradients** → tidal mixing, interacting systems (low-z)

→ infall of pristine gas into center (high-z)

→ SNe blowout + fallback, metal mixings?, self pollution?



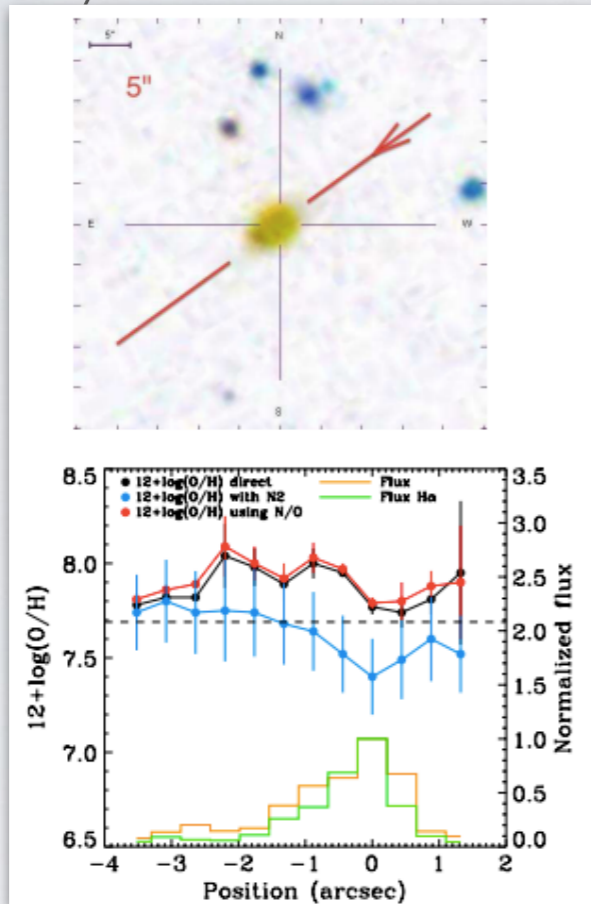


# LESSONS FROM CHEMICAL VARIATIONS IN DWARFS.....

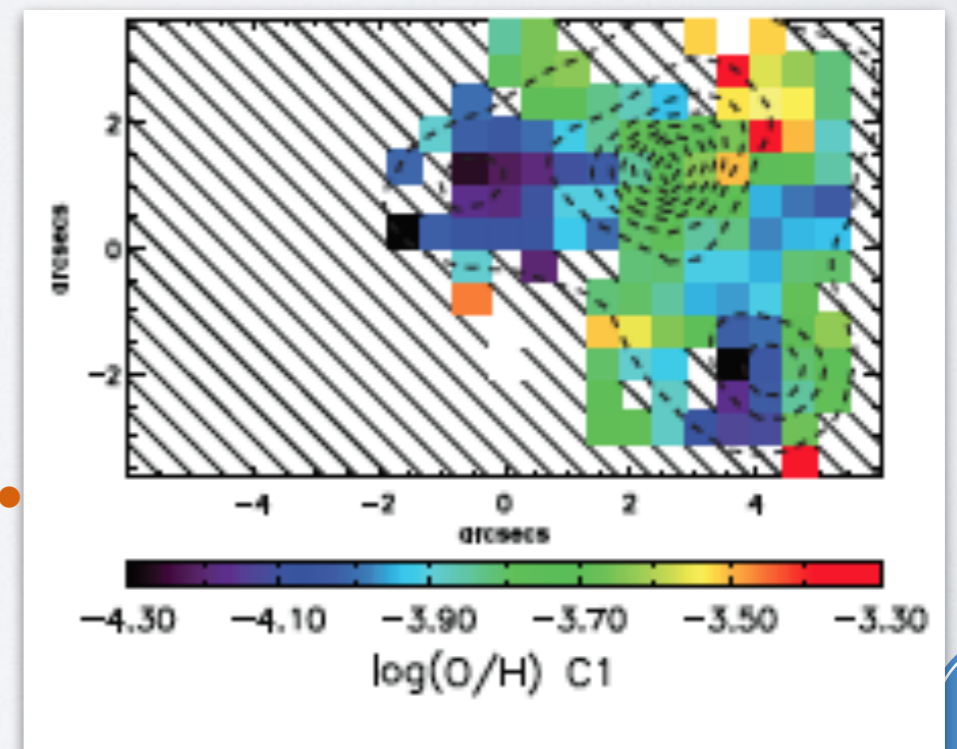
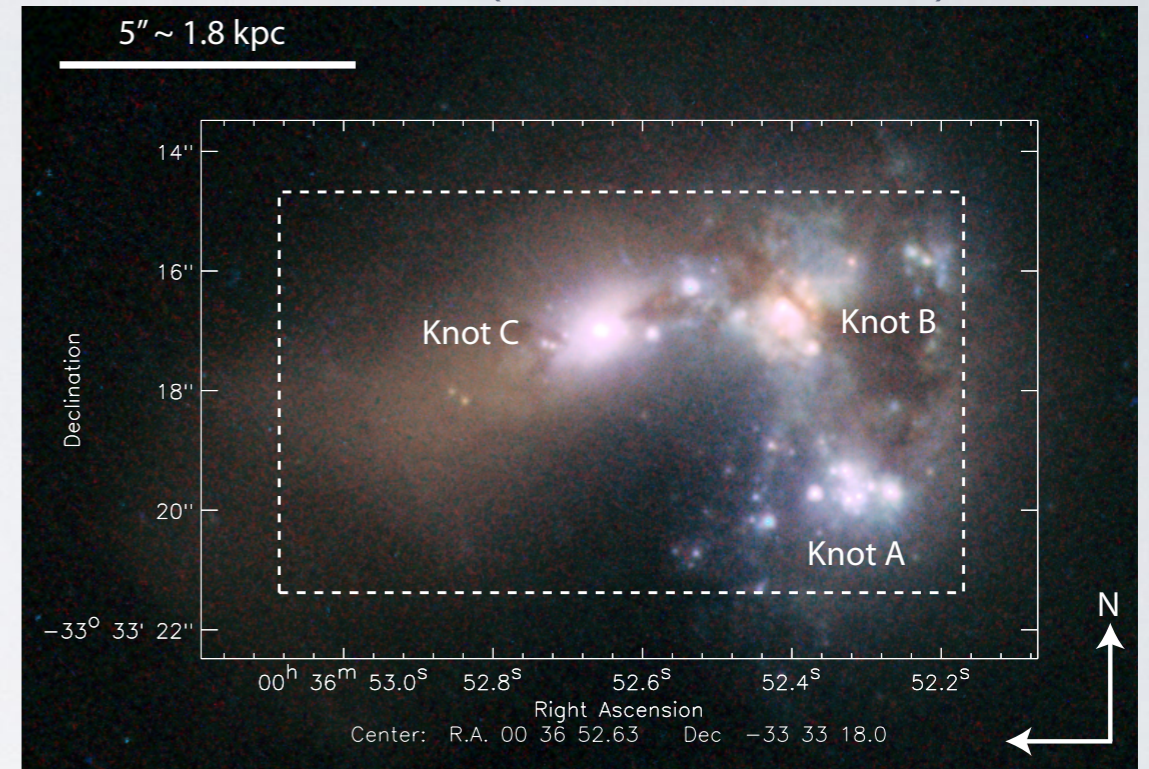
How is star-formation triggered?

Haro 11 (James+ 2013a)

Nearby Dwarf XMP Dwarfs



Sanchez-Almeida+, 2014



Accretion of pristine gas  
→ star-formation

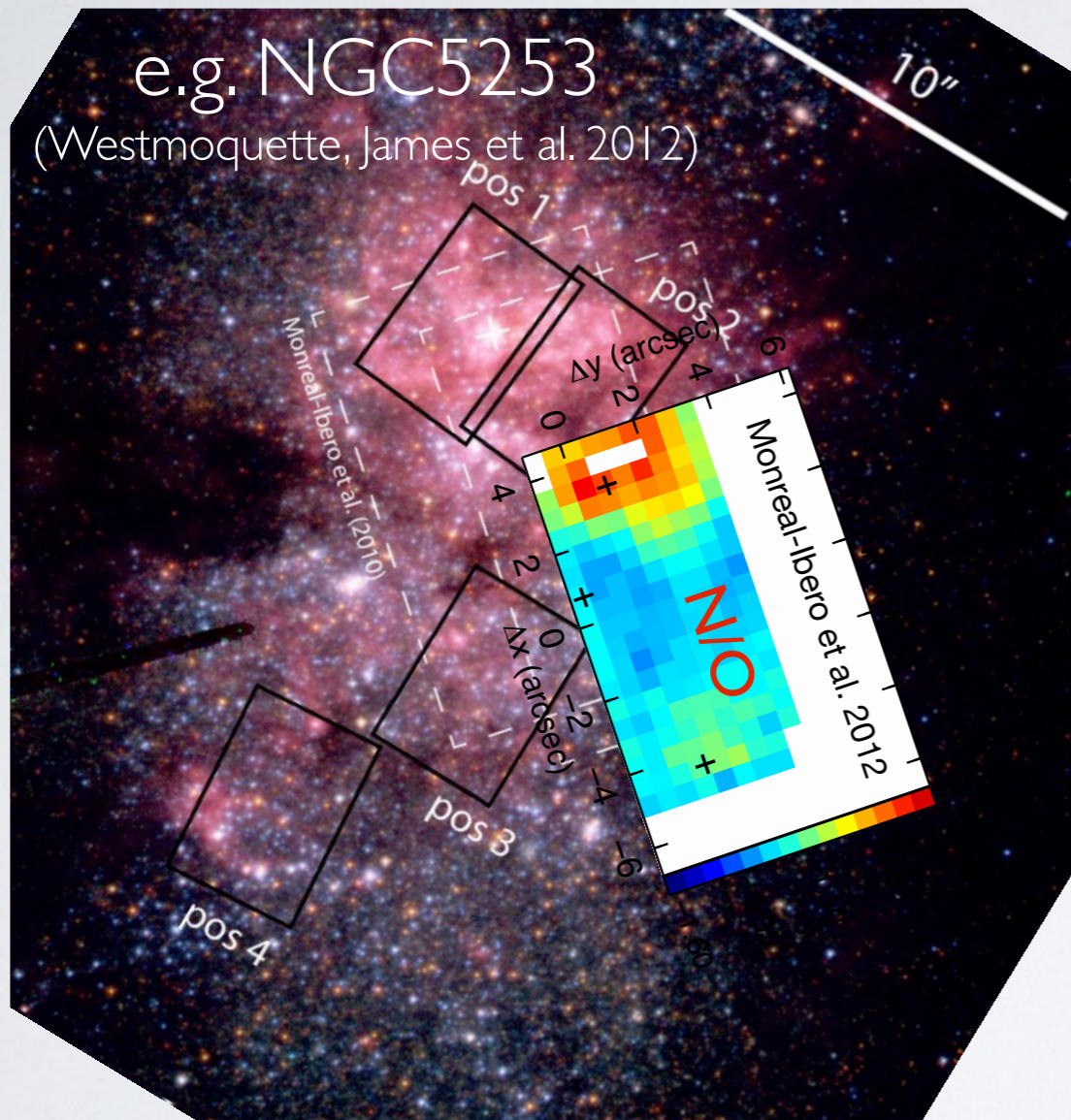
Bethan James



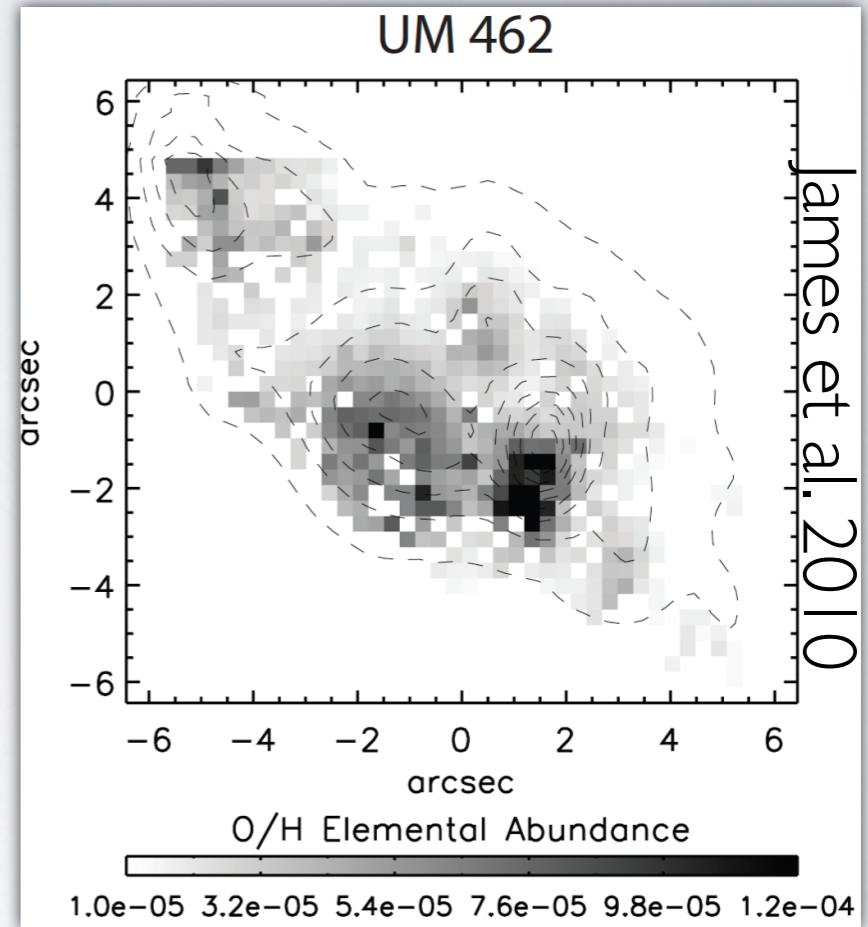


# LESSONS FROM CHEMICAL VARIATIONS IN DWARFS.....

Star-formation   
metal mixing timescales



Self-pollution + young (WVR) cluster



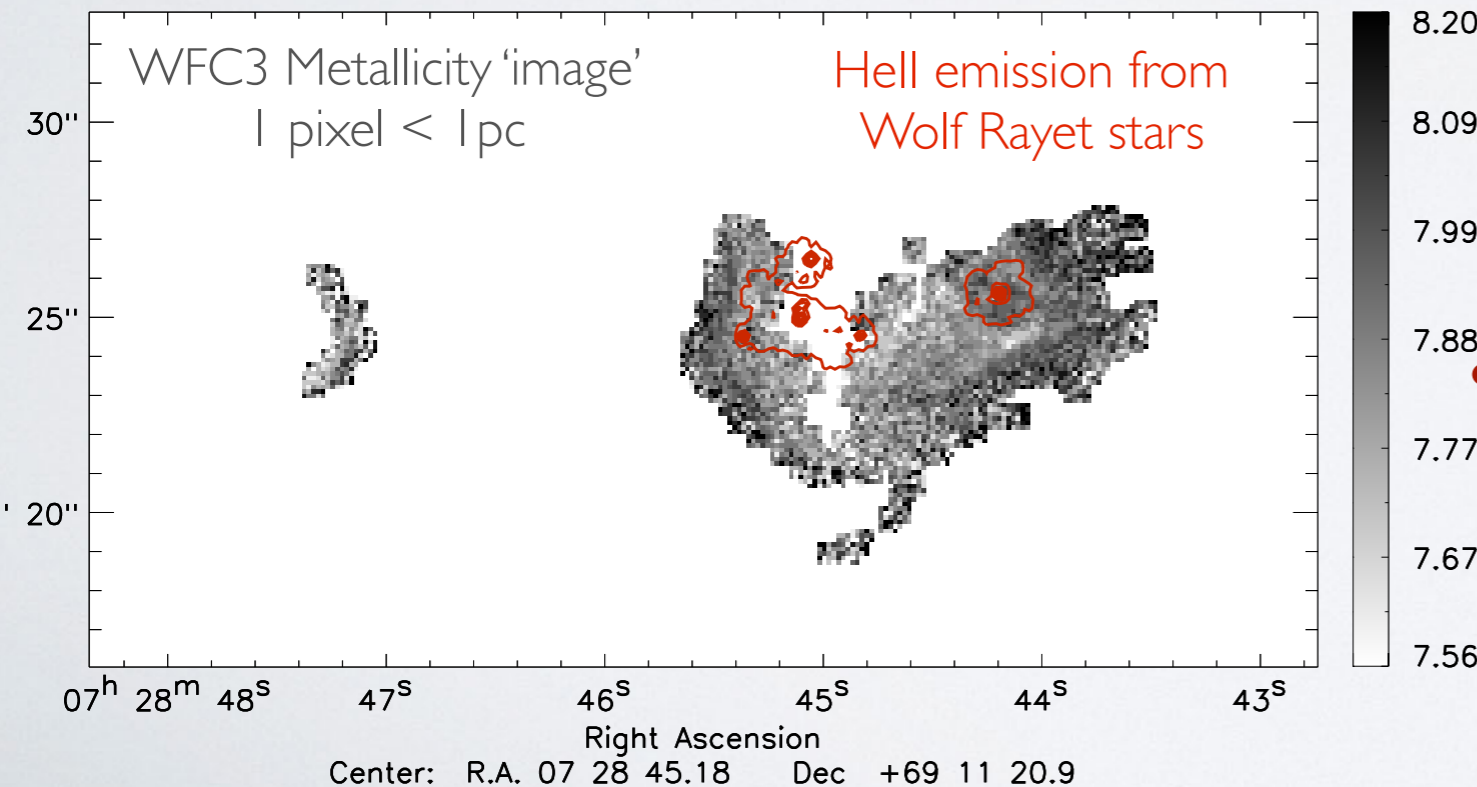
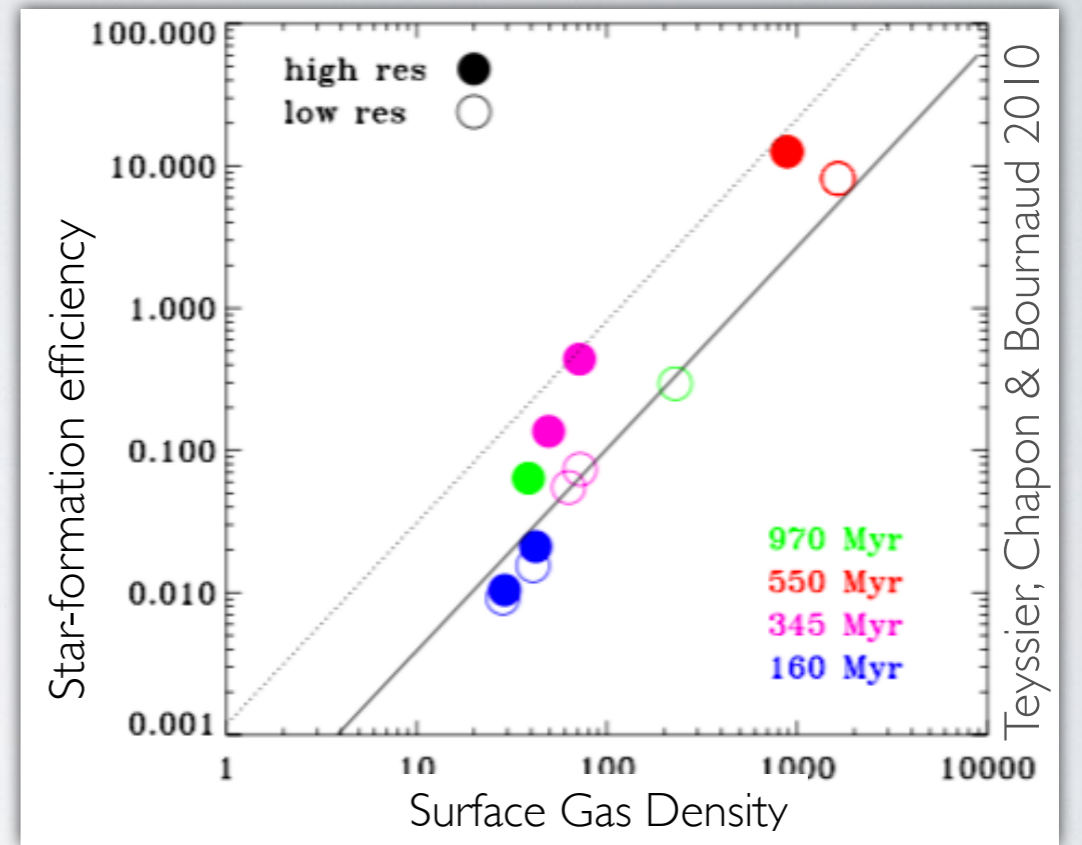
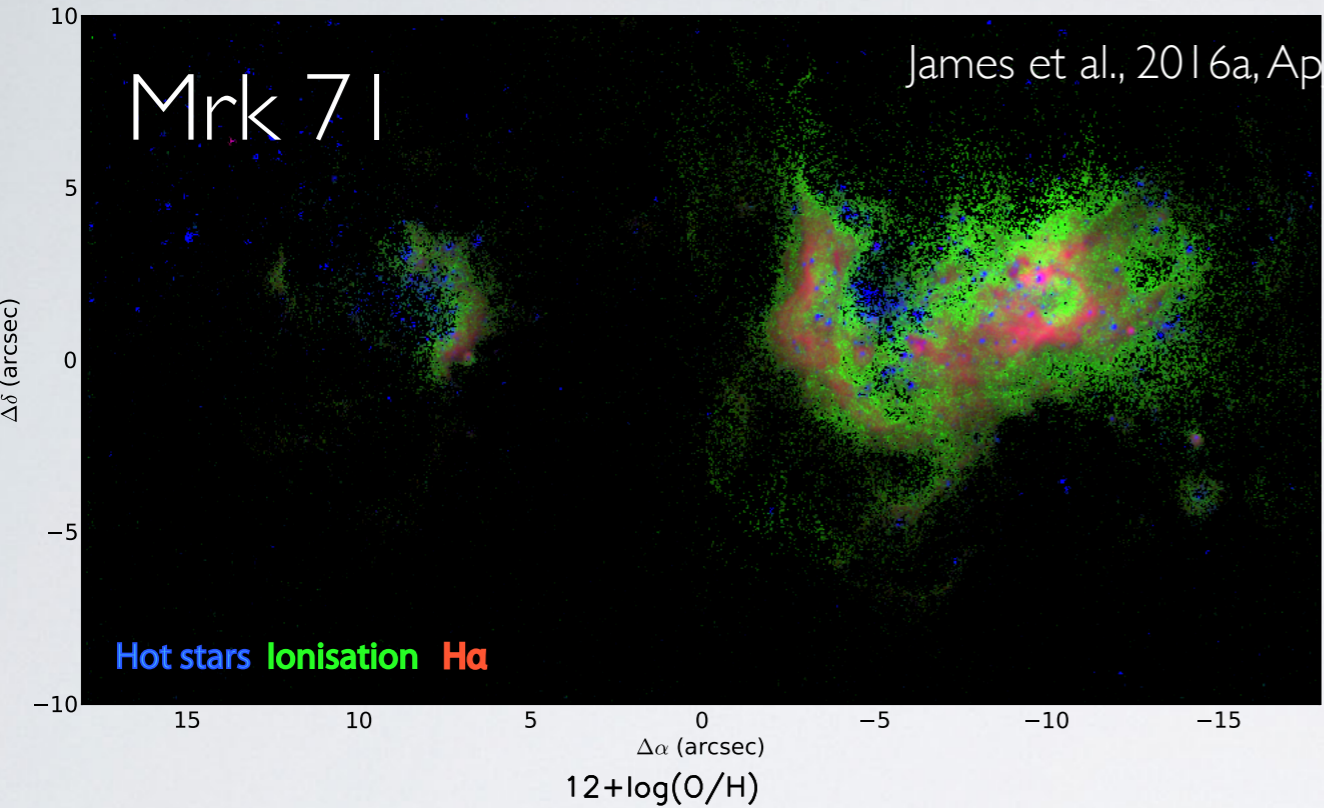
Metallicity gradient  $\approx$  stellar age gradient





# LESSONS FROM SMALL SCALE CHEMICAL VARIATIONS IN DWARFS.....

Star-formation efficiency



Chemical variations on < 10pc scales  
Thermal instabilities → gas fragmentation





# BLUE DIFFUSE DWARF GALAXIES

James, Koposov, Stark, Belokurov, McQuinn et al. 2015a, 2017

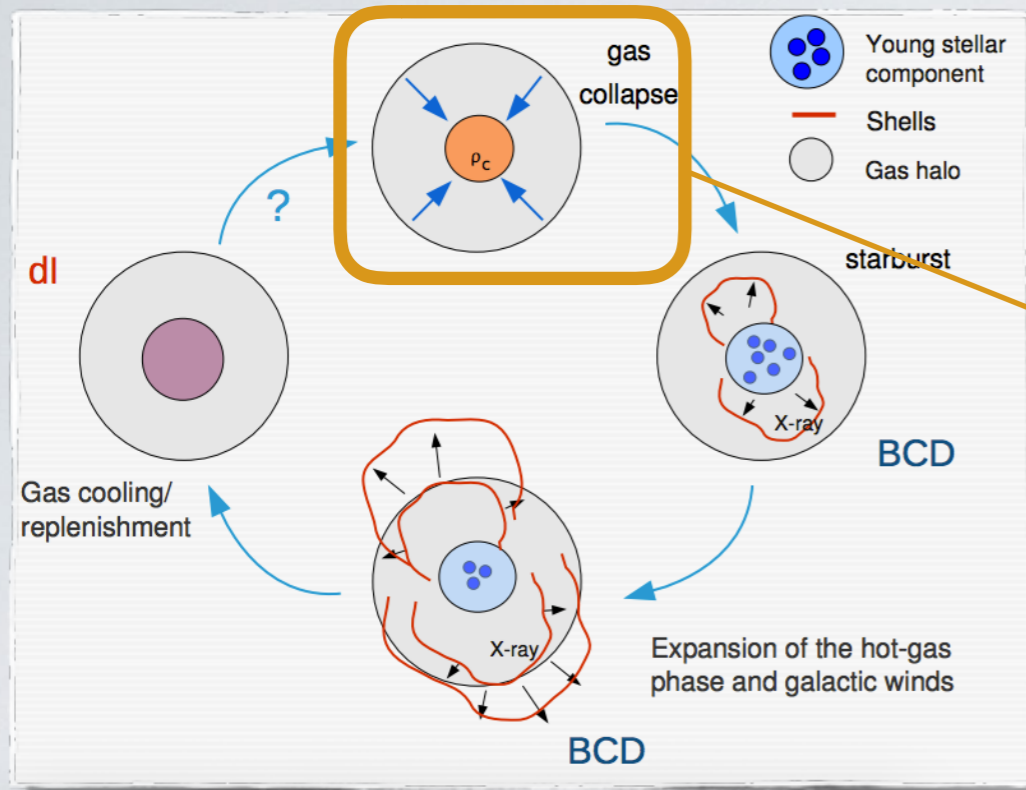


- ▶ SDSS-search based on Leo-P morphology
- ▶ ~120 previously unknown low surface brightness star-forming dwarf galaxies
- ▶ **25% are extremely metal poor (i.e.  $<0.1 Z_{\text{sol}}$ )**
- ▶ Random regions of active SF in diffuse continuum → akin to high-z systems
- ▶ 50/120 observed with MMT
- ▶ 7/120 observed with McDonald
- ▶ 1/120 observed with VLT/MUSE...

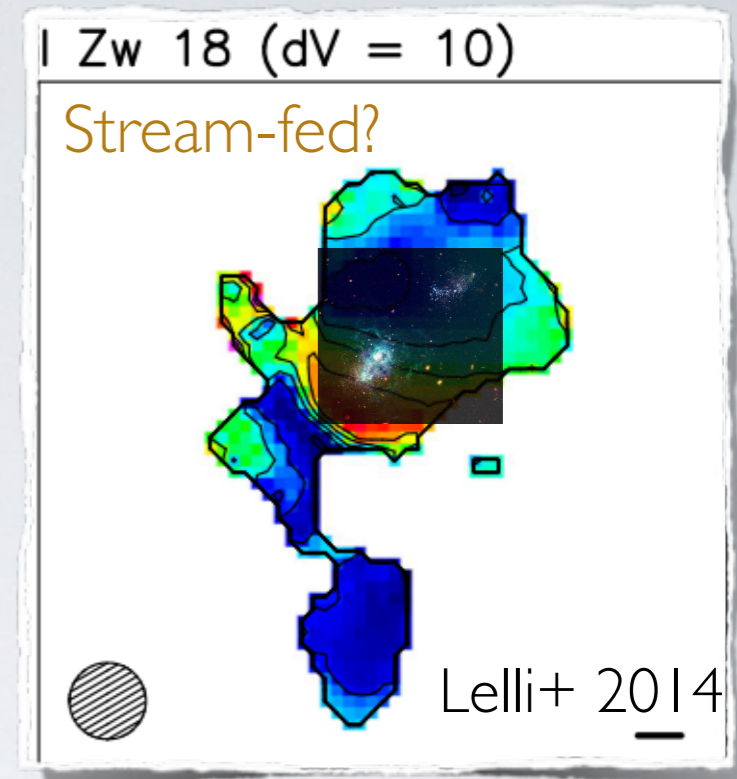




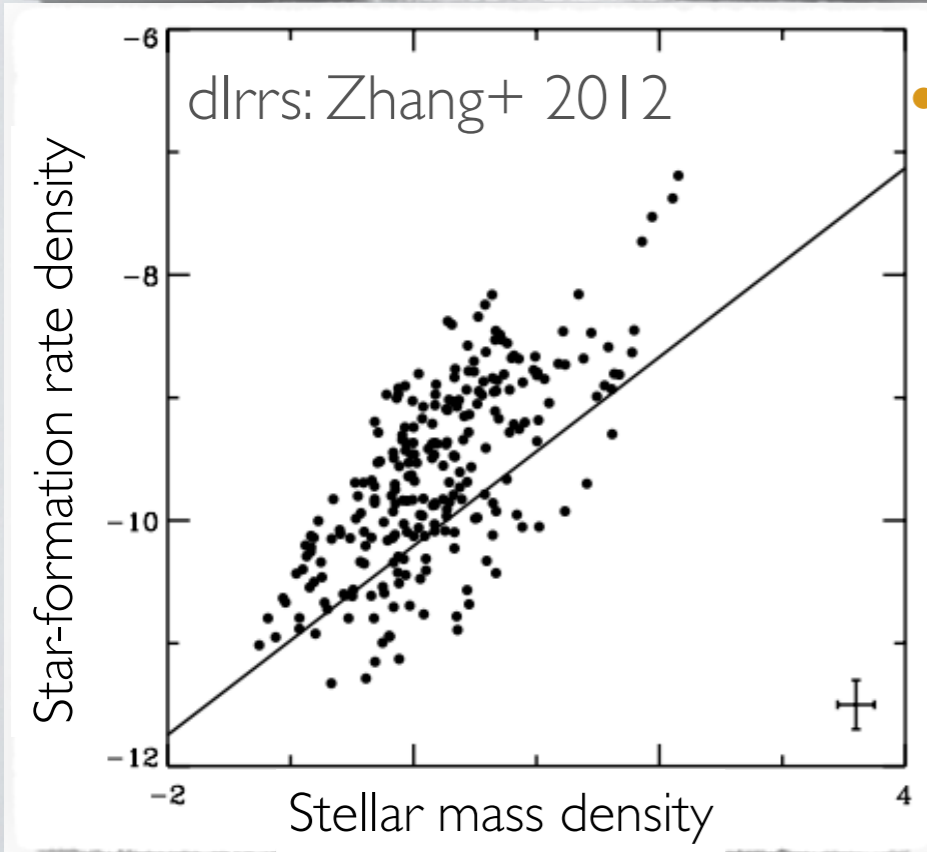
# HOW IS STAR FORMATION TRIGGERED IN BLUE DIFFUSE DWARFS?



Gas density too low for gravitational instability (dlrrs, Hunter+ 1998).



Triggered by external processes?



Internal factors?  
e.g. turbulence, stellar feedback (Elmegreen & Hunter 2006)

How stable is the gas? Is it turbulent?  
Are there signs of accretion?  
Is there an older stellar population?

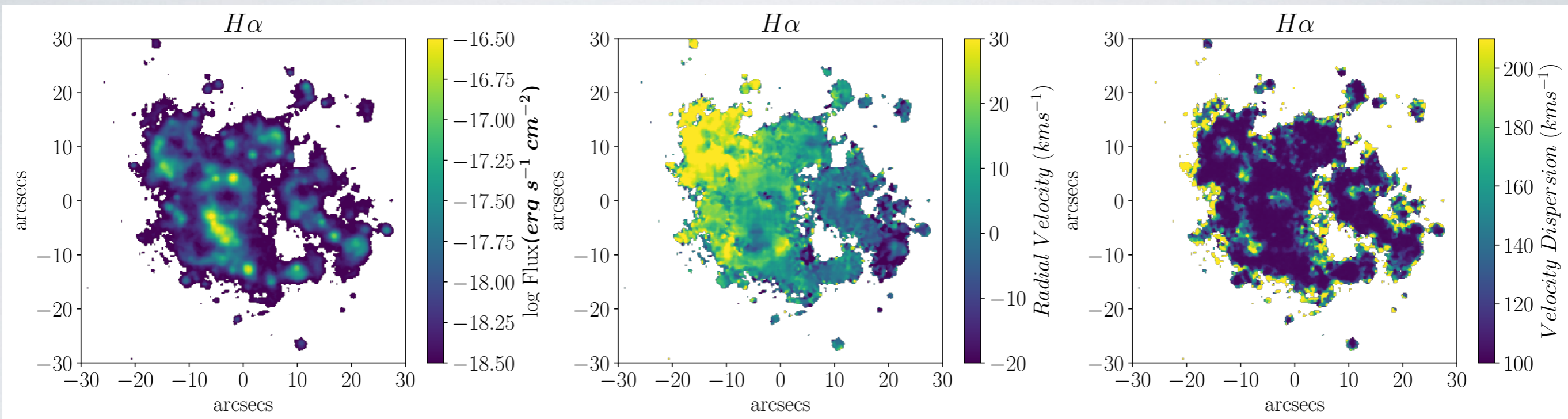




# JKB I 8: MUSE OBSERVATIONS

James, Kumari + 2019a, in-prep

$\lambda=4650-9300\text{\AA}$   
300x300 spaxels  
900,000 spectra  
0.2" spaxels  
~0.9" seeing



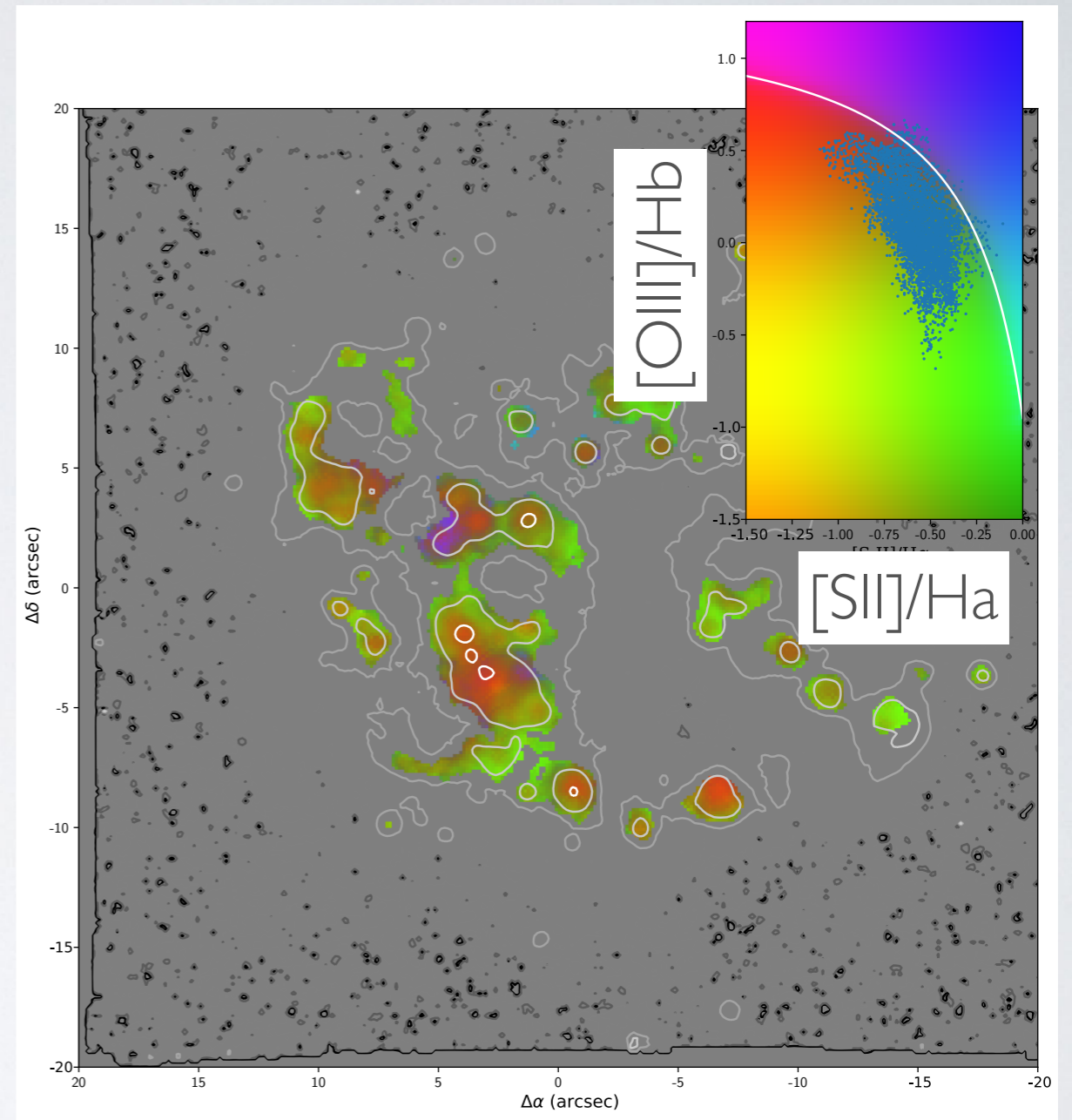
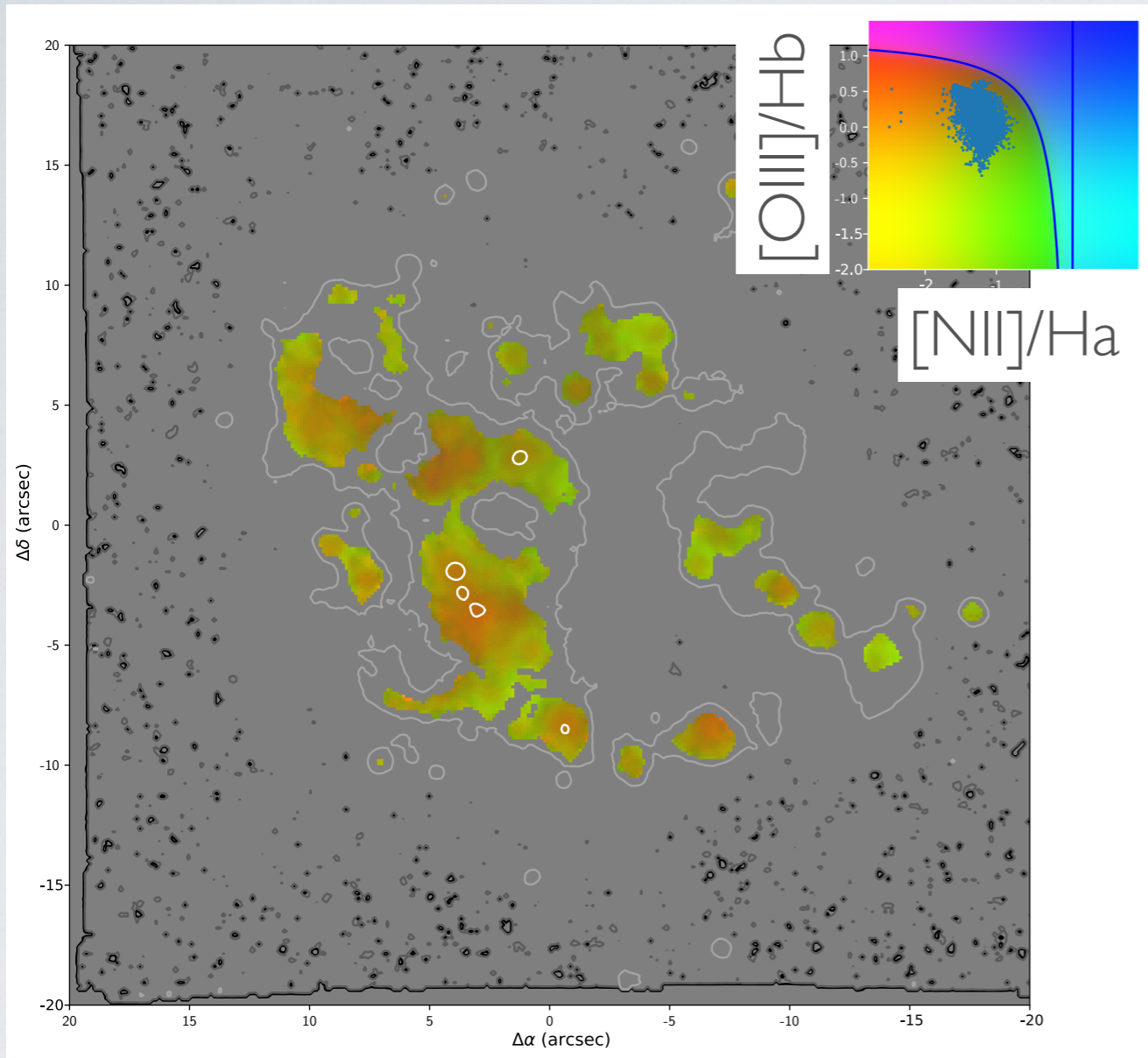
**1 spaxel ~ 20 pc**

Regions of star-formation in arm-like structures  
Disturbed velocity field  $\rightarrow$  past merger?  
Uniform velocity dispersion  $\rightarrow$  no evidence of outflowing gas





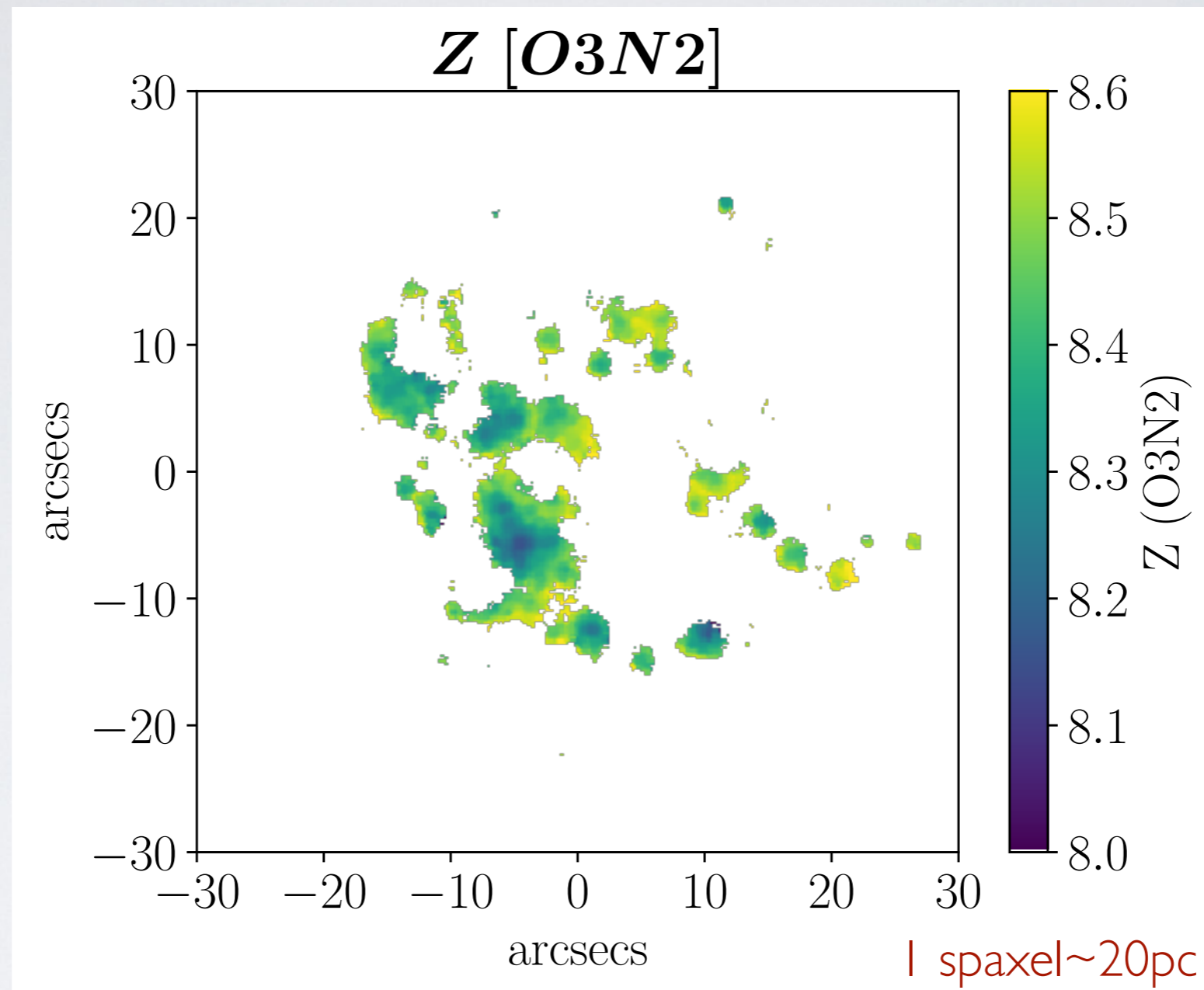
# JKB I 8: IONIZATION MAPPING



- Mostly photoionization
- Gradients of high ionization mis-aligned with star-formation
- Evidence of shocks/gas-interactions
- No diffuse ionized gas



# JKB I 8: METALLICITY MAP



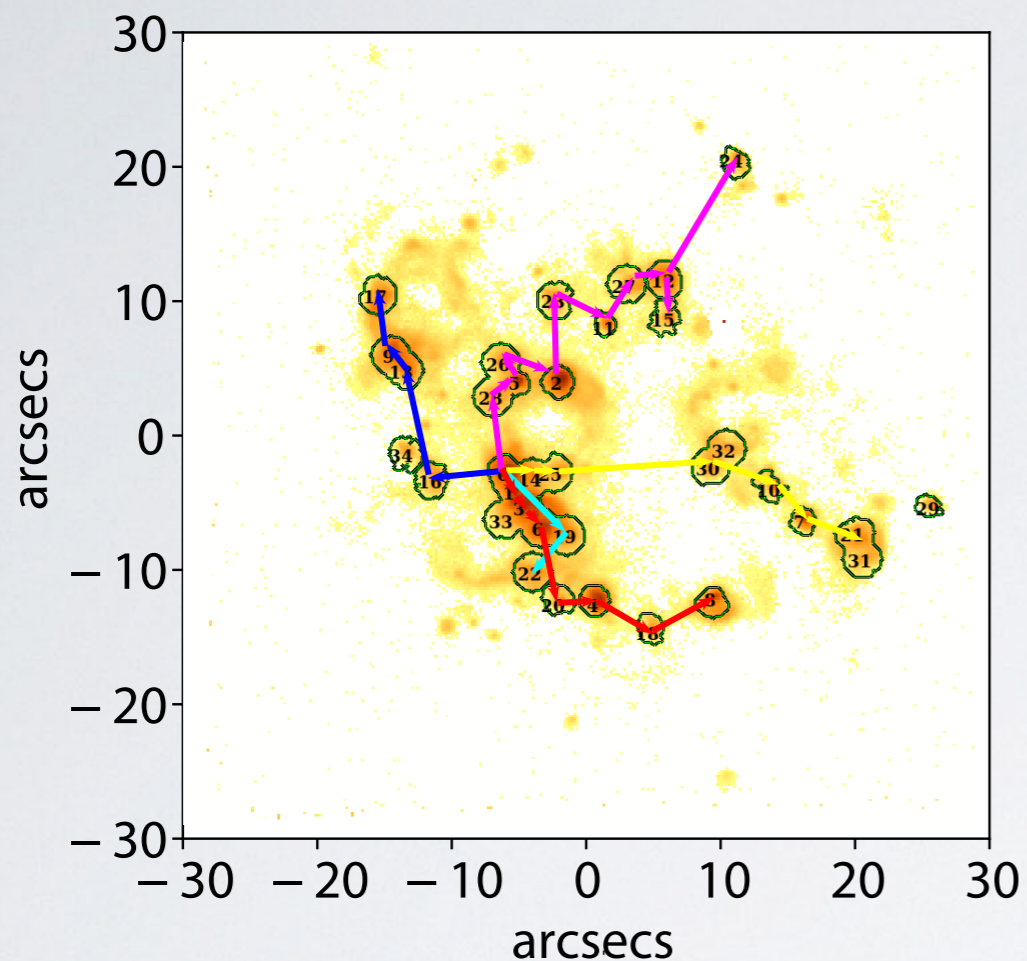
- Evidence of  $\sim 0.5$  dex chemical variations
- Variations depend on the metallicity diagnostic, but larger than diagnostic uncertainties



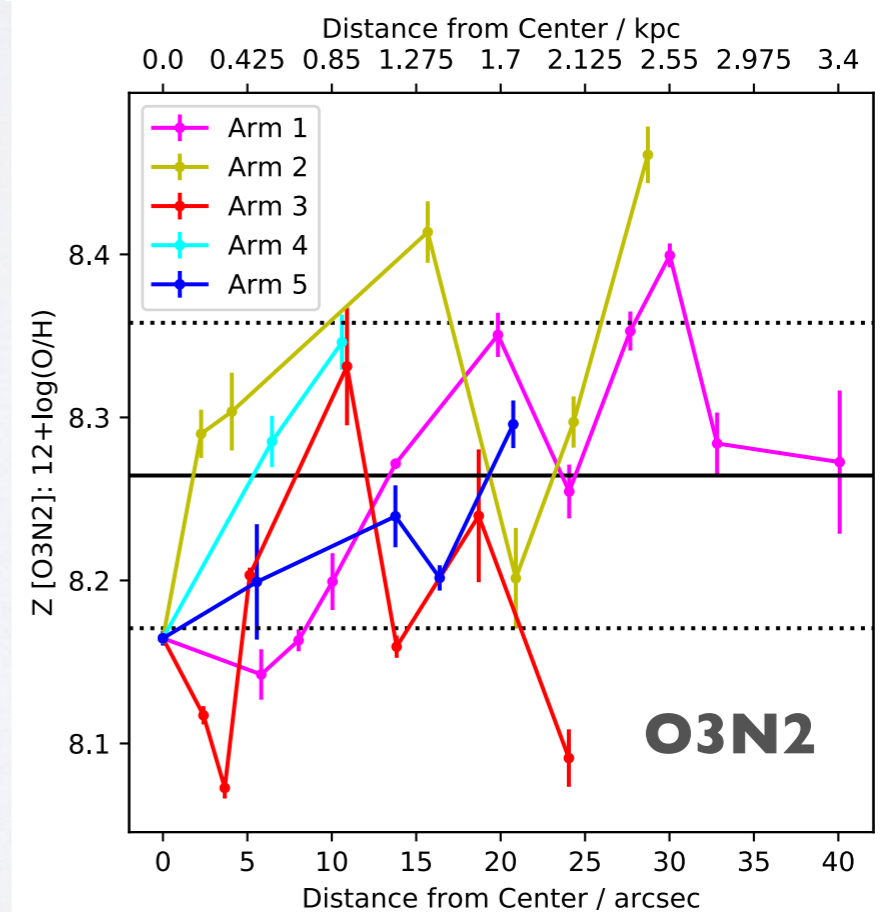
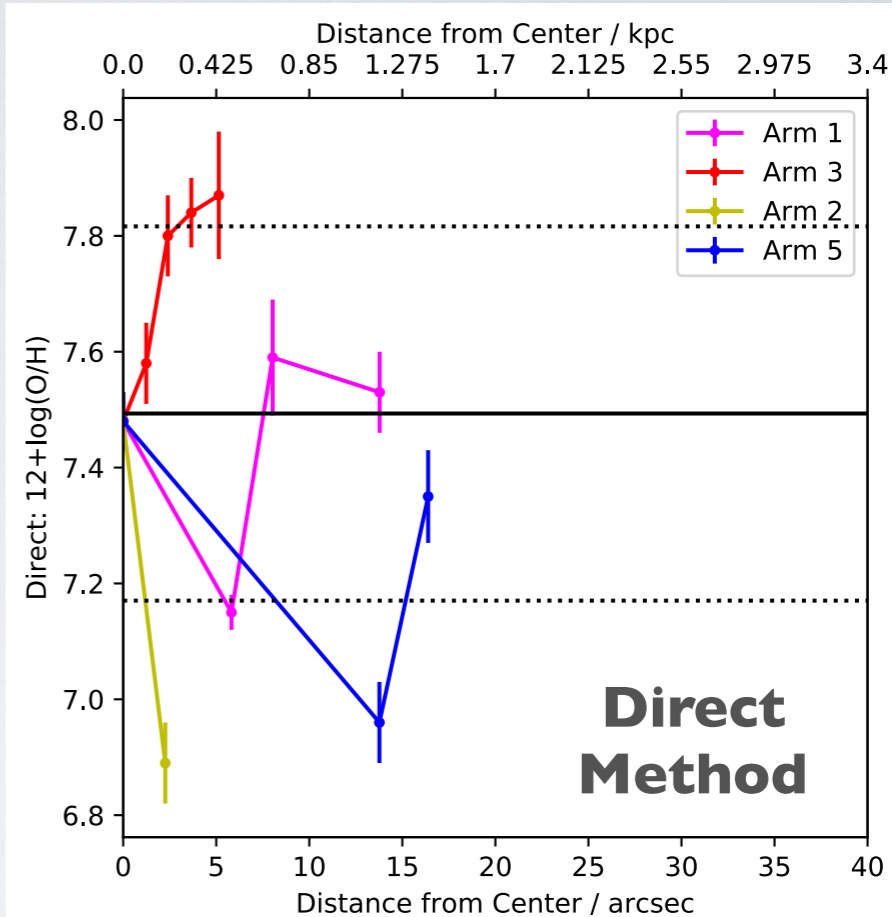


# JKB I 8: INHOMOGENEITY?

I HII region ~ 100pc

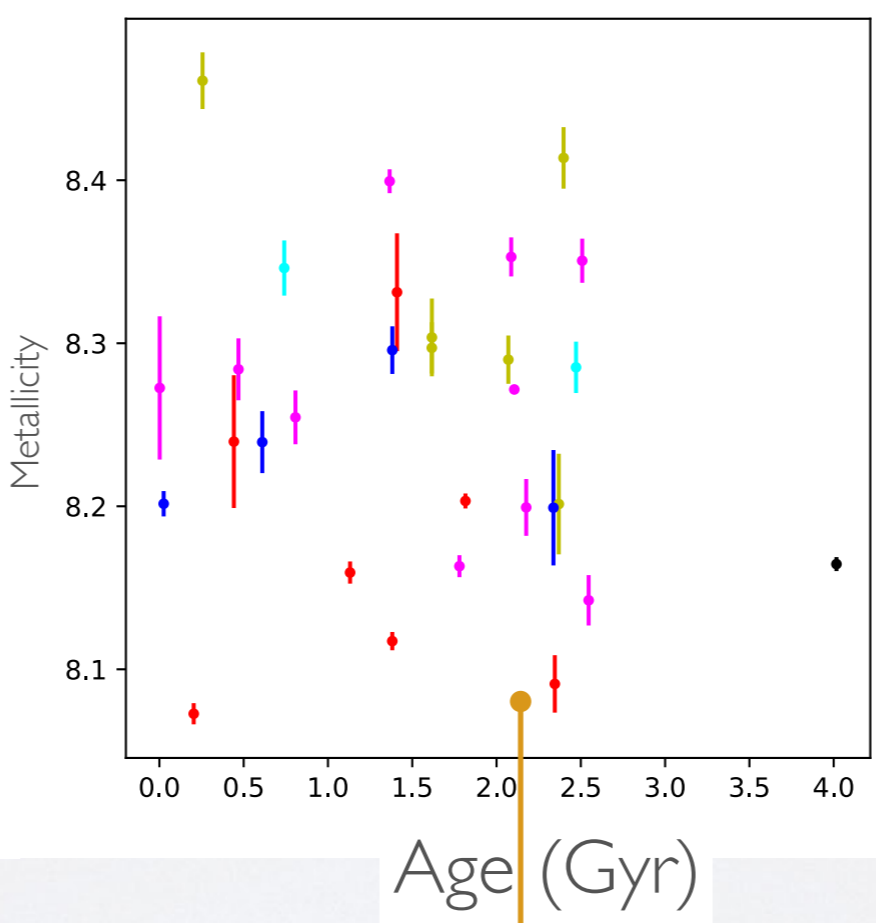
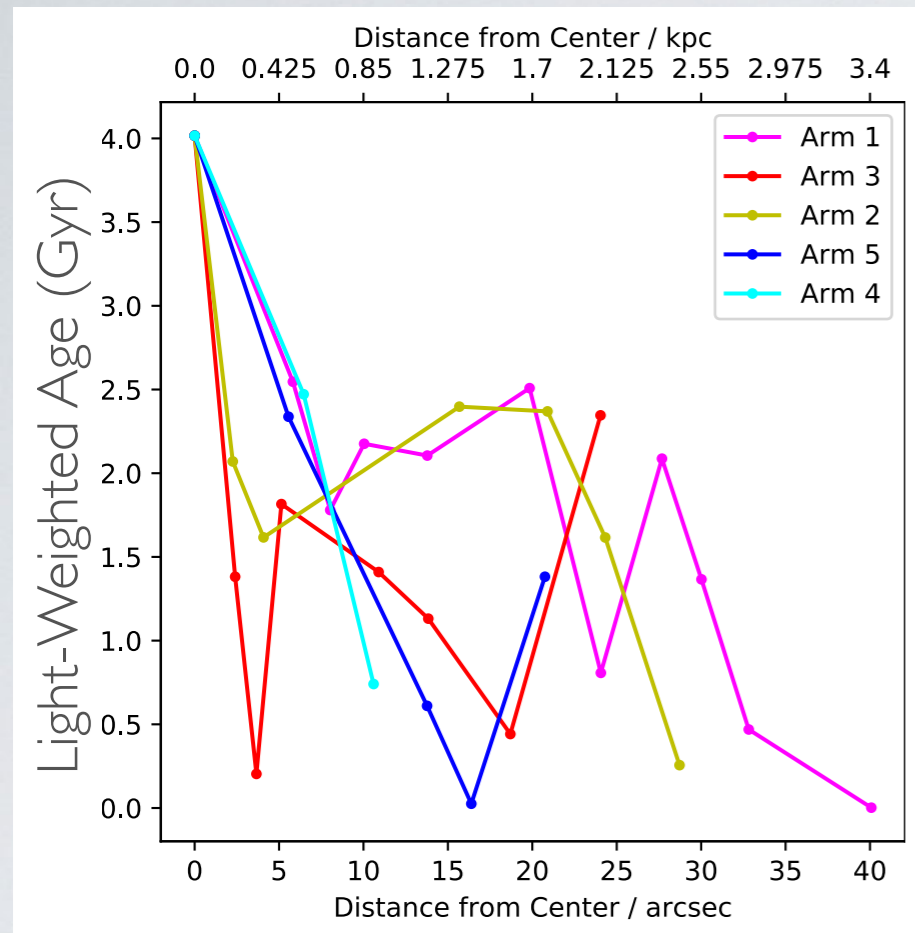
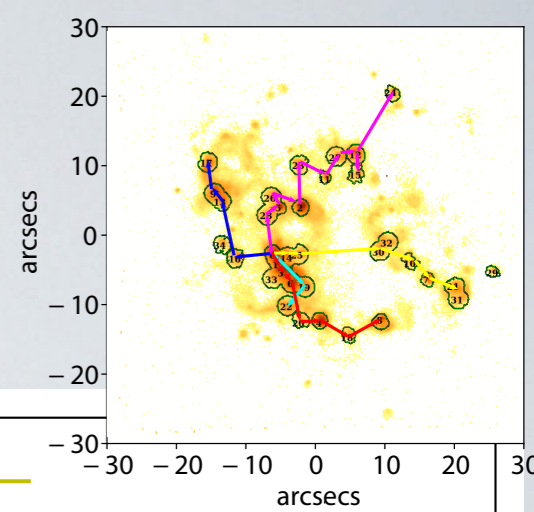


- Variations do exist outside the mean
- Only small scale variations, considering random distribution of SF regions, stellar ages, gas velocity

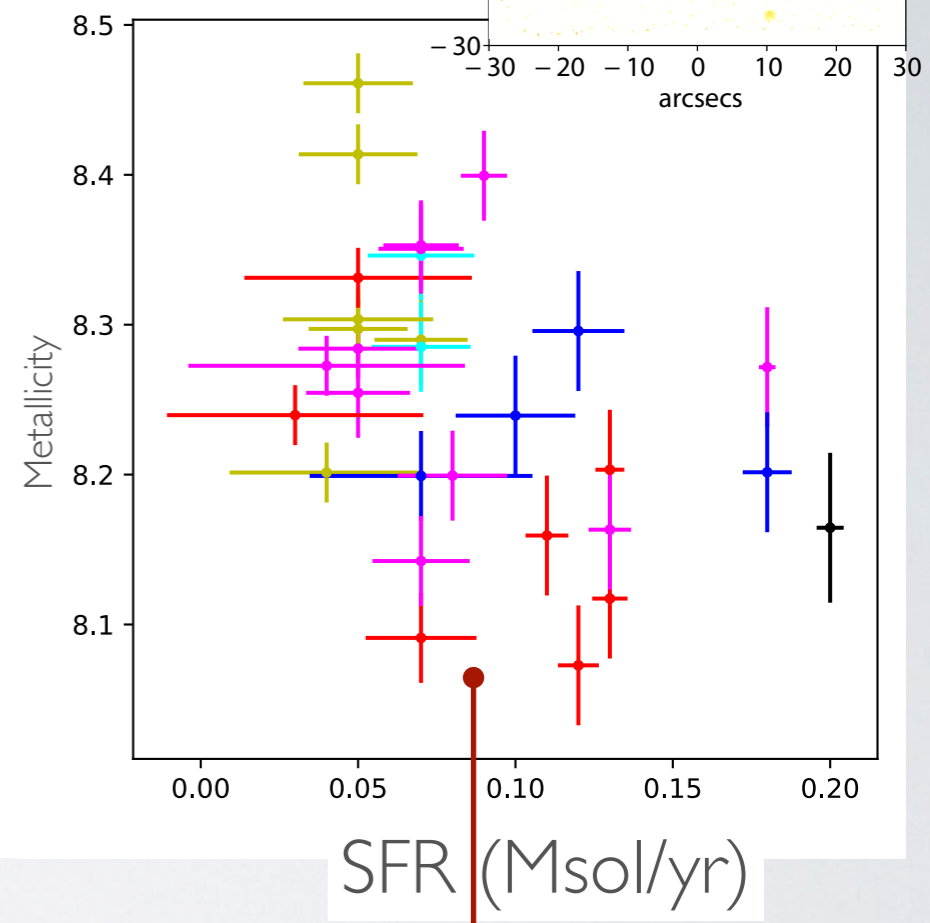




# JKB 18: CAUSE/EFFECTS OF CHEMICAL INHOMOGENEITY



Gas is well mixed  
no self-pollution



No sign of pristine gas accretion or outflows

**What do simulations of low-mass galaxies show us at these scales?  
Can simulations see such small-scale metal variations?**

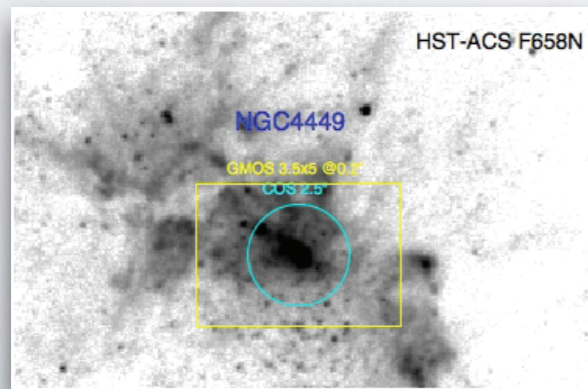
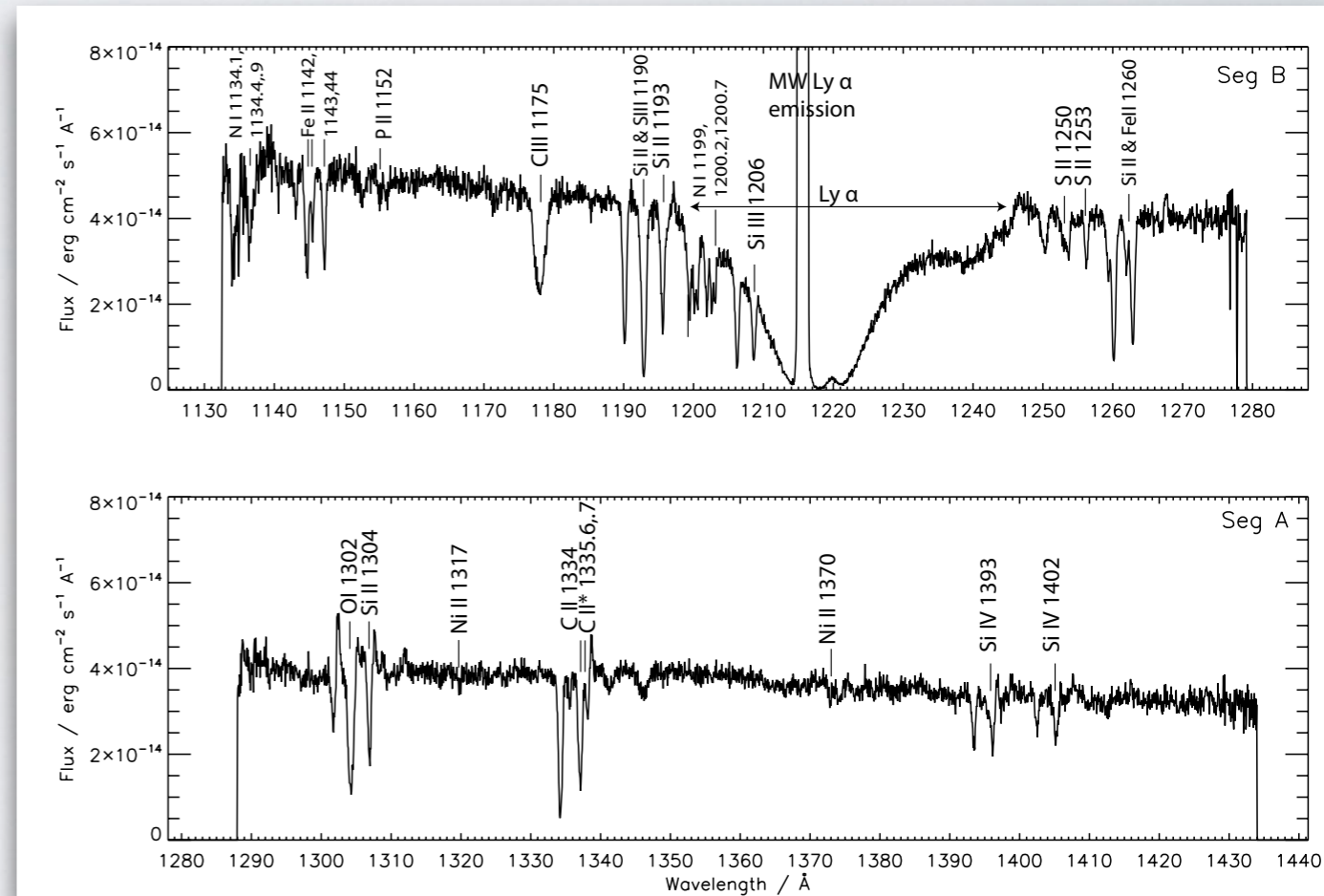
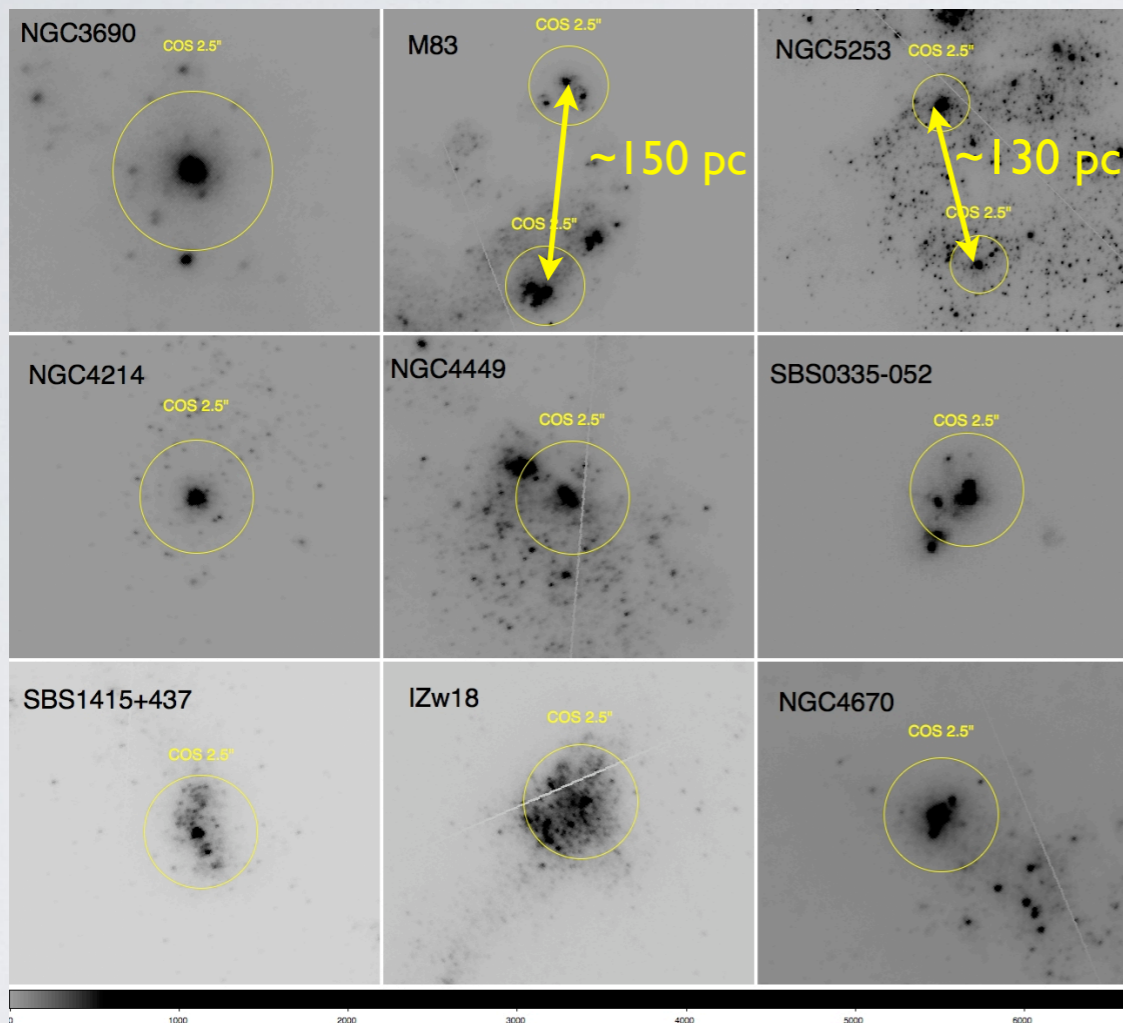




# CHEMICAL VARIATION BETWEEN GAS PHASES

HST-COS Survey of Local Star-Forming Galaxies (mostly BCDs)  
 (34 Orbits in Cycle 17, 33 Orbits Cycle 25, PI: Aloisi)

James et al., 2014b, ApJ



Accurate line-of-sight abundances

- Gemini-GMOS data (PI: James, **Kumari** et al. 2017, 2018, 2019)
- Keck/CWI data (PI: Hernandez, due 2020)

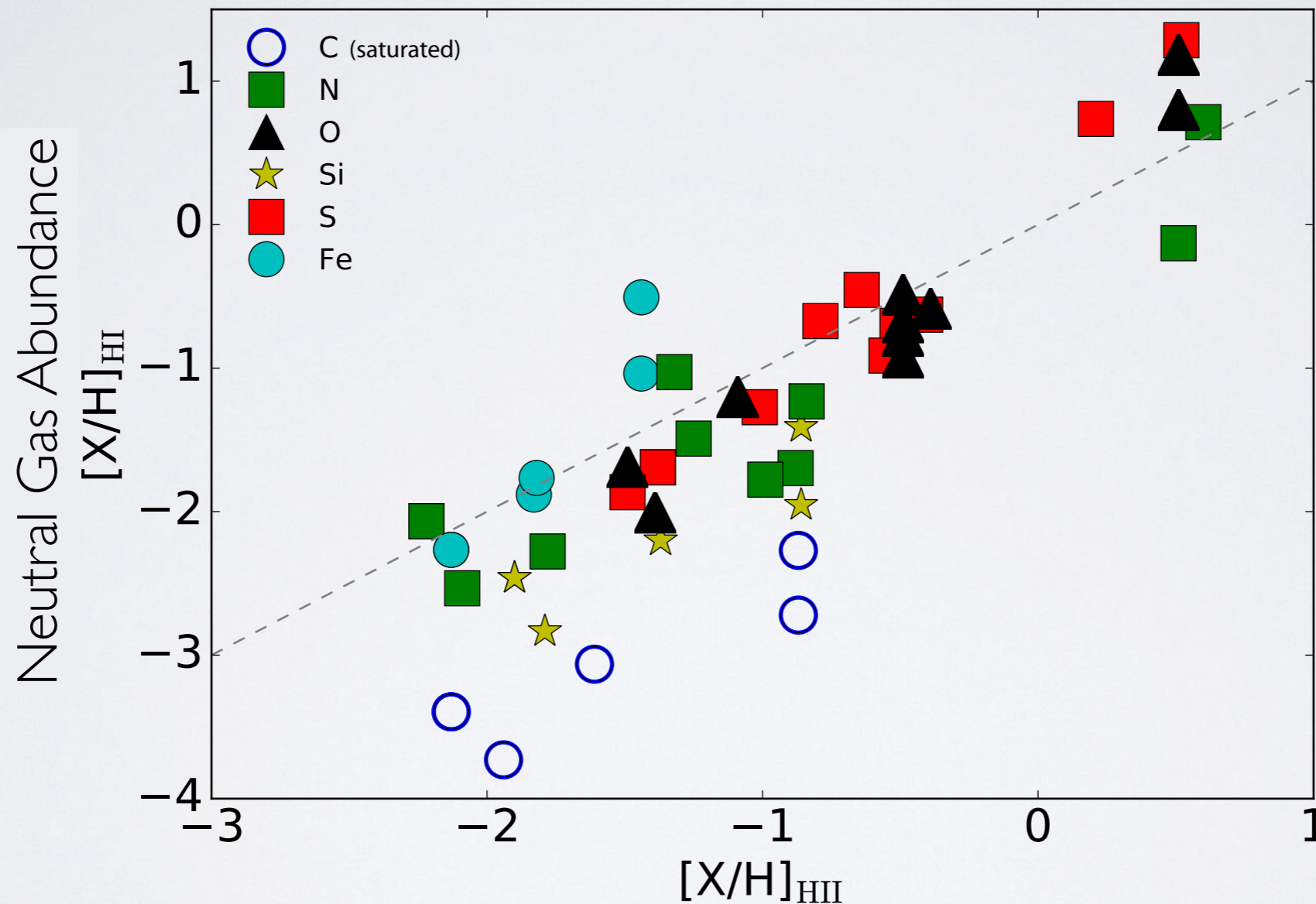




# CHEMICAL VARIATION BETWEEN GAS PHASES

**New COS data allows for tailor made ICF models for each galaxy  
(Hernandez et al. 2019 in-prep)**

All elements



To be continued with +45 galaxies in CLASSY (PIs Berg, James & Stark +, Cycle 27)



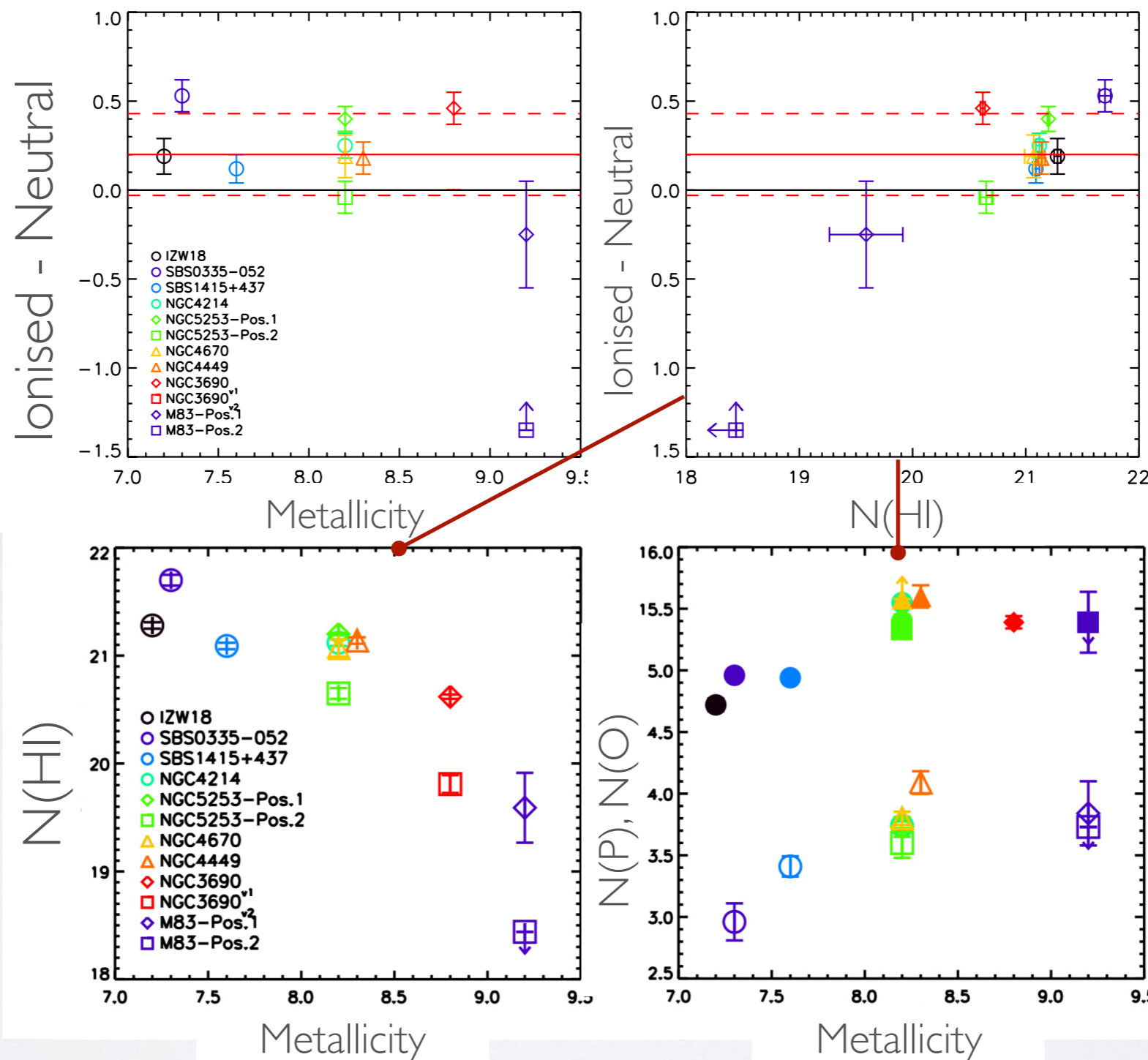


# CHEMICAL VARIATION BETWEEN GAS PHASES

James & Aloisi 2018

Just Oxygen

Gas is well mixed, despite metallicity



O/H in neutral phase increases in high mass galaxies

Amount of HI is strong function of metallicity

Decrease in metals only seen at very low metallicities

Galactic outflows and/or SF inefficiency in most metal poor systems





# SUMMARY

Dwarf galaxies are not always chemically homogeneous

Chemical variations in dwarfs tell us about:

- chemical mixing timescales
- past interactions
- accretion of metal-poor gas
- star-formation mechanisms
- galactic outflows
- Self pollution...or complete lack of.

Incorporating these variations into models is essential for accurate representation of galaxy evolution  
...especially for dwarf galaxies